THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

AN INTERNATIONAL DAILY NEWSPAPER

COPYRIGHT 1932 BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

BOSTON, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1932—VOL. XXV, NO. 24

** ATLANTIC EDITION—FIVE CENTS A COPY

The MARCH of the NATIONS

by RUFUS STEELE

Debts Plan Outline Appears

U. S. Rail Wages Are Settled

House Passes Bill for Beer

Mexico Seeks Utilities Rein

Soviet Both Wins and Loses

Growing Ranges Make Quake

PRESIDENT HOOVER and Governor Roosevelt reduce their differences on war debt procedure. The President has given up any expectation of reaching an agreement with debtors as to final settlement during his term, the President-Elect has abandoned an attitude of complete aloofness. Washington and Albany anticipate an arrangement under which debts will be handled in two stages. First would come the fact-finding process, like that at Basel preceding the Lausanne reparations conference; second, the political negotiations, with debtors being heard one at a time and the talks keeping upon the basis of facts as established. The proceedings would be through regular officials rather than a commission. Thus Mr. Hoover would get matters under way—But final decisions would lie wholly with Mr. Roosevelt.

¶ Chicago sees 21 railway unions agree to extension for nine months of the present 10 per cent reduction in wages. Representatives of the workers agree to the schedule, which will hold until Nov. 1, 1933, after 11 days of negotiation. The settlement is a compromise. The carriers had offered to hold to the present reduction for six months and thereafter pending negotiations; the unions had proposed an extension of one year, reverting then to the original basis. The railroads will save $150,000,000 on the scale wages of about 1,000,000 men—Labor is pleased, and if the roads haven't prosperity, at least they have peace.

¶ The House of Representatives gives the wets their long-awaited first victory in Congress. The Collier bill, legalizing 3.2 per cent beer by weight, is passed by 230 to 165. The Democratic leadership forces the measure through after two days of debate, 136 Democrats and 93 Republicans voting for it, 100 Republicans and 65 Democrats against. Both wets and drys claim they will be victorious in the upper house. The Senate, with attitude unknown, will not be rushed. It has questions to ask, one in particular—Does or doesn't the beer bill contemplate return of John Barleycorn's swinging door clubs?

¶ Mexico indicates it will assume federal jurisdiction over electric utility companies. A canvass of the states affected shows that only two are opposed. Two-thirds of the states must ratify the proposed act by the national legislature. The largest utility company is Canadian-operated and controlled by Belgian capital; the second is the American Foreign Power Company, with generating plants in a dozen states. The new move, following the act under which Mexicans mainly must be employed, is a long step in a policy adopted by the Government—Mexico wants a close rein on outside capital within its borders.

¶ Soviet Russia sweeps up to the final border of its first Five-Year Plan with an uneven showing. Some of the objectives have been carried in fine form, others lag far behind. W. H. Chamberlin, the Monitor's Moscow correspondent, brings word of almost incredible plant expansion and output of oil, tractors and general machinery, with a corresponding falling off in the food supply that very seriously reduces the standard of living. Mr. Chamberlin believes Russia longs for recognition by the United States and development of friendly relations—If this is longer denied the Soviet will seek close friends in the Far East.

¶ The United States all but closes the door to immigration in hard times. Secretary of State Stimson reports that 500,000 aliens who would normally have entered have been kept out, "during the economic depression," by applying existing laws. An immigrant worker comes under the provision, "likely to become a public charge." Of the 153,831 aliens admitted during the past year only 12,697 were quota immigrants. But the immigration even from non-quota countries dropped 77 per cent—When there's suffering in the old home even adventuring youth stands by.

¶ Nevada's mountains are blamed for an earthquake which shakes the western United States from Colorado to California. The quake topples chimneys and stops clocks, but does its chief damage in ruffling people's feelings. The Carnegie Institution's seismological laboratory at Pasadena says that west-central Nevada was the epicenter and will look there for "interesting results." The Nevada mountains are growing. They do this in continuous movement and in occasional sudden upthrusts of the earth's surface—It's the upthrusts for which people in half a dozen states are expressing their extreme distaste.

Technocracy Worked 12 Years Before Blazing to the World

Group of Earnest Natural Scientists as Amazed as Any at Public Avidity to Interest Itself in Its Research

What is a Technocrat? Technocracy? What is it? What does it mean? What does it portend, if anything? Does it mark a new social and economic study or an era? That is what people are asking, and that is what, in a sense, THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR has set out to discover. This is the first in a series of articles along these lines.

By H. B. ELLISTON

Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Technocracy must now be defined as a word that has swept the United States. Try to find out why and how, and you will run up against the strangest story in the history of publicity.

The word came across my vision, as of that of thousands of others, on Aug. 17. Go back to the newspapers of that date, and you will find a news story, carried, like any ordinary item, in the middle pages, saying that on a production basis the American worker is the poorest paid worker in the world, not excepting the Chinese coolie. Technocracy said so. And who was Technocracy? It was described in passing as a group of independent industrial engineers who were working on "The Energy Survey of North America" in cooperation with the Industrial Engineering Department of Columbia University and the Architects Emergency Committee of New York.

Later information added to this scanty store of data. The fullest definition appears in this month's Harper's, contributed by Technocracy's director, Mr. Howard Scott. It is therein described as a research organization composed of natural scientists, technologists, engineers, and workers in other technical fields, organized 12 years ago for the purpose of collecting and analyzing data on the physical functioning of the social mechanism of the North American continent, and to exhibit the magnitude of its operation in quantitative comparison with other continental areas of the world. Its methods comprise, among other things, "a synthetic integration of the physical sciences that pertain to the determination of all functional sequence of social phenomena." Hard to digest? Compared with some of the terminology, it's as simple as "Alice in Wonderland."

The chief concern of "The Energy Survey of North America" is "to reveal, to the limits of the available

(Continued on Page 8, Column 1)

BEER BILL SPEED SLOWS UP UNDER SENATE BRAKES

Upper Chamber to Go Easy on Measure House Passes by 230 to 165

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22 — The House bill to legalize 3.2 per cent beer by weight, which passed yesterday by a vote of 230 to 165, ran today into a Senate not at all certain of its attitude on prohibition. A general survey of the temper of the upper chamber makes it unlikely that any beer bill will pass the present session, with an almost certain veto looming from the White House, if it does.

The Senate will delay action on the beer bill for some time in any event, and when the matter comes up will not attempt to rush the debate through in two days as the House has just done. A long-drawn-out debate is in prospect, with both sides extensively represented, in which the whole national policy of the Government will be considered.

In the meantime Senate wets and drys continued informally discussing today the respective proposals of the Blaine committee, which is formulating phraseology for revision of the Eighteenth Amendment.

The House rid itself of beer in the form of the Collier 4 per cent beer bill in rapid time yesterday, giving it a favorable vote of 230 to 165 after less than four hours of final consideration, during which every amendment proposed was defeated.

Only two days in all were spent by the House on the subject which has distracted Congress more than any one issue during the entire life of the Seventy-second Congress.

Officially sponsored by the leadership of one of the major parties for the first time, it went through smoothly despite earlier indications that a revolt of several leading wets against its failure to provide safeguards against return of the saloon was impending.

Democratic leadership took the matter firmly in hand, the revolt failed to materialize and 136 Democrats, aided by 93 Republicans, gave the wets their long-awaited first victory in Congress. In opposition were 100 Republicans and 65 Democrats. The single Farmer-Labor member voted in the affirmative.

A far more difficult course lay ahead of the measure which would legalize beer of 4 per cent by volume or 3.2 per cent by weight in the upper chamber. The absence of any "gag" rule gives drys a far better opportunity to throw obstacles in its path than existed in the House.

Committee Stage

And before reaching the floor it must pass through the committee stage, a process which may prove much more tedious than in the Democratic-controlled Ways and Means Committee of the House.

Wets recognized the difficulties ahead in the Senate, although predicting that eventually it would be accepted, while drys were confident they would be easily able to prevent the measure being sent on to the President in its present form.

If necessary wet strategy now calls for amending the bill to include extension of the one year "nuisance" excise tax adopted at the last session of Congress on the theory that it will provide a sufficient inducement to the President to overlook his objection to a measure which he may consider outright nullification.

There is also some discussion of adding the general sales tax, which was rejected during the last session by the House, to the beer bill. This can be done under the more liberal rules of the Senate, and the House would then have to choose between

(Continued on Page 5, Column 8)

South American Nations Forge Stronger Links in Trade Chain

Coming Conference Between Presidents of Brazil and Argentina Has Wide Implications—Action Detrimental to United States Unlikely

WEEKLY LATIN-AMERICAN ARTICLE

By GEORGE HOWLAND COX

Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22—As an immediate result of the forthcoming conference between the Presidents of Brazil and Argentina, a program for the exchange of wheat and coffee is foreseen. More broadly, however, the discussion may lead to mutual understandings of wide economic and political significance.

No date has been set for the meeting. In Washington the understanding is that it will take place concurrently with a London conference between British and Argentinian officials. A commission headed by the Vice-President of Argentina is on its way abroad, ostensibly to return the call made last year by the Prince of Wales. The recent trade conference at Ottawa, where British dominions agreed to grant preferential treatment to one another and raise higher tariffs against foreign products may have hastened the commission's departure.

What the London conference will produce is not clear. The Brazilian-Argentinian discussion, however, will likely revolve around national commodities that each republic exports and which the other republic can use. The possible exchange is especially interesting because of the method under consideration, namely, barter. The means is primitive, yet it was used last year when the United States exchanged wheat for Brazilian coffee. Money these days is not overplentiful, because of world-wide economic conditions.

What gives to the barter scheme an American twist is its probable effect on United States wheat. Should Argentina and Brazil enter upon a trade agreement America may find itself in the same predicament as Argentina when the United States Federal Farm Board temporarily absorbed the Brazilian wheat market. The last shipment under that deal is en route to Brazil.

Outside of wheat, it is considered unlikely that Brazil and Argentina will attempt to enter into trade agreements detrimental to the United States. Yet, the possibility of their doing so adds new interest to exports and imports between Brazil and Argentina, and Brazil, Argentina and the United States. For in-

(Continued on Page 3, Column 7)

Air Ferry Service Used by Shoppers

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Bristol, Eng.

A NEW "air ferry service" across the Bristol Channel between Bristol and Cardiff has been opened.

The first two passengers were two Bristol women, who spent some time shopping in the Welsh city and returned home by air.

Language Bars Viewed as Film Industry Boon

Marketing Issue Expected to Bring Pictures of Universal Appeal

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

HOLLYWOOD, Calif.—Language barriers, which now restrict the distribution of talking pictures and constitute one of the most serious marketing problems for the motion picture producer, may prove a boon to the industry after all.

In fact, it is the opinion of Dr. Martin Freudenthal, counselor of legation in the German Foreign Office, that this bit of adversity is the most hopeful aspect of the whole film situation. Having failed to surmount the language barrier by any other means, he says, motion picture producers must develop entertainment having a universal appeal.

"Films of the better sort have enjoyed a salient success, regardless of language and irrespective of the form in which they have been shown," he said during an interview here recently. "It seems that the talkie situation works as a stimulus for the creation of really outstanding pictures. Some American films of high artistic quality have been successful in Europe, and some European films have been immensely popular in America. They do not have to depend upon words."

Nevertheless, the most critical of all problems affecting motion pictures is still the talkie situation, according to Dr. Freudenthal. While other issues may be on their way to gradual solution, the language problem transcends them all in magnitude, he said.

An interesting experiment has been undertaken by Germany in sending Dr. Freudenthal to make a study of American motion picture production and to seek for possibilities of harmonious coöperation between film industries of the two countries.

After spending six months here studying all phases of production and distribution in American studios, Dr. Freudenthal completed what is regarded locally as one of the most remarkable surveys of its sort ever made by a foreign nation. It deals particularly with an evaluation of methods employed by the amusement industry here in making adjustments to meet changed business conditions.

ROOSEVELT AVOIDS DEBT COMMITMENT

Final Telegram to Hoover Refuses Responsibility on Board's Personnel

WELCOMES ADVICE ON WORLD ISSUES

President-Elect Unwilling to Lead Europe to Expect Any Binding Policy

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22—An exploratory, non-committing, fact-finding body to study war debts problems until March 4, or no action whatever, is the alternative put before the nation and the world by publication today of correspondence between President Hoover and President-Elect Roosevelt.

In his final telegram, sent at 9:45 p. m. last night, Governor Roosevelt said:

"May I respectfully suggest that you proceed with the selection of your representatives to conduct the preliminary exploration necessary with individual debtor nations and representatives to discuss the agenda of the World Economic Conference, making it clear that none of these representatives is authorized to bind this Government as to any ultimate policy."

This degree of coöperation is offerred by the President-Elect, although he refuses to share in naming the representatives. But he pledges:

"If this be done, let me repeat that I shall be happy to receive their information and their expressions of opinion."

Offers Consultation

Mr. Roosevelt further requests: "To that I add the thought that between now and March 4 I shall be very glad if you will keep me advised as to the progress of the preliminary discussions, and I also shall be happy to consult with you freely during this period."

But President Hoover apparently considers that a fact-finding commission on which prominent Democrats might be reluctant to serve—although such refusal is not finally established—is inadequate to meet the situation. He tersely dismissed the correspondence by writing:

"Governor Roosevelt considers that it is undesirable for him to assent to my suggestions for coöperative action on the foreign problems outlined in my recent message to Congress. I will respect his wishes.

"Situations will no doubt develop and will be dealt with by the Administration as they arise, but of course no commitments will be made for the next Administration.

"The correspondence between myself and the Governor is attached hereto."

Along Exploratory Lines

The momentous question turns on President Hoover's phrase, "Situations will no doubt develop and will be dealt with by the Administration as they arise." This appears to mean that the President does not intend to appoint a fact-finding body all by himself. One high Cabinet spokesman said after leaving the White House today, "It means two months of delay."

The hope in Washington is that this preliminary view will not be pressed, that the friendly and conciliatory phases of Governor Roosevelt's last letter will be seized and developed and that war debt talks for the coming two months will unfold along exploratory lines, to be followed after March 4 by the real negotiations. Thus delay would be avoided, the debtor nations conciliated for the interim, and the road to world recovery kept open.

Apart from the implications of domestic politics and his interpretation of the proprieties between President and President-Elect it is clear that Governor Roosevelt acted as he did in an effort to avoid misleading European powers.

He plainly stated, "For me to accept any joint responsibility in the work of exploration might well be construed by the debtor or other nations, collectively or individually, as a commitment—moral even though not legal, as to politics and courses of action."

And further, "Current press dispatches from abroad already indicate that the joint action which you propose would most certainly be interpreted there as much more of a policy commitment than either you or I actually contemplate."

Governor Roosevelt's final letter is the most revelatory of the series. He states that he and President Hoover are agreed that commitments before March 4 are impossible. Therefore, it would seem, no other action save fact-finding exploration becomes possible.

Welcomes Opinions on Issues

Again the incoming President appeals for such action by stating: "Please let me reiterate not only that I am glad to avoid the loss of precious time through delay in starting these preliminaries, but also that I shall gladly receive such information and expression of opinion concerning all of these international questions which because of existing economic and other conditions must and will be among the first concerns of my Administration."

The issue between President Hoover and Governor Roosevelt turned on the question of personnel. In his last letter, President Hoover admitted that probably only exploratory work could be undertaken, but urged that "it should be participated in by men in whom you have

(Continued on Page 2, Column 3)

SCHOOL HEADS PROPOSE WAYS TO CUT EXPENSE

Larger Classes and Higher Entrance Age Among Ideas Submitted

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 22—More than 50 possible ways of reducing school expenditures without hampering efficient operation of the present educational system were presented yesterday afternoon at a conference of school superintendents and committeemen from all sections of western Massachusetts.

Some of the outstanding suggestions were: Larger classes; elimination of assistant supervisors in special subjects; elimination of typewriting, languages and "try-out" courses in junior high schools; increase of the entrance age to six years; reorganization of kindergartens on one-session basis, with one teacher serving morning and afternoon classes; abandonment of buildings of less than seven classrooms; reduction of general and special supervision to minimum.

One of the specific suggestions was that there be 42 pupils in a class in grades 1 to 6 and 40 pupils in a class in junior and senior high school, excepting in shops and laboratories.

A report on expenditures for each pupil for school support in 1931-32, compiled on data obtained from cities and towns of more than 5000 population, revealed that of $100 expended, the principal items were $70.50 for salaries, $10.60 for operation, $4.60 for repairs; $4.30 for textbooks and supplies; $3.80 for general control and $2.70 for transportation.

Mr. Frank C. Wright, deputy commissioner, pointed out that one group of nine cities of more than 100,000 population expended $6,033,944 on education, or $3.40 per capita, while another group of five cities in the same population class expended only $1.14 per capita.

Dr. Payson Smith said that the imparting of certain community attitudes must be considered in the educational system as well as the offering of regulation courses. He also raised the question of possible greater use of the school plant, citing Watertown, where a 10-period day has been put into effect. He asked why it was necessary that high schools close for the day at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

REICH TO SHOVE PAPER EQUALITY INTO ACTUALITY

Foreign Minister Finds Definite Basis Laid by Agreement

By Press Wireless from Monitor Bureau

BERLIN, Dec. 22—Renewed emphasis upon Germany's desire to convert "paper equality" into military actuality is seen in the discussion of the five-power agreement by Baron Constantin von Neurath.

The Foreign Minister, writing in the semi-official Heimatsdienst magazine, reiterates the Reich's desire for security by disarmament. But he makes clear that many questions still need to be solved to give practical form to Germany's newly recognized equal status.

In view of the recent intimation in nonofficial French sources that the five-power agreement means less than it says in granting Germany's immediate equality, the von Neurath discussion leaves no doubt that the Reich considers its rights basically established.

"German equality is unequivocally recognized in the agreement and no interpretation can alter it," he writes.

"It is not the goal as in the first Herriot formula but rather one leading to a basis for the Disarmament Conference which should be practically incorporated in its convention.

"The security of all states, as well as for us since we do not enjoy the minimum security outlined in Article 8 of the League Covenant, will at the same time be reached through practical realization of equal status within the framework of general disarmament. It is too much to say the battle is already won. Naturally discussion of our practical equality, rebuilding our defense forces, and practical establishment of our national security are before us. I do not deny there are great difficulties which still must be overcome."

O'BRIEN GETS NOTICE TO 'RID CITY OF CROOKS'

New York Group to Hold Incoming Mayor to Strict Accounting

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, Dec. 22—The incoming Tammany Mayor, Surrogate John P. O'Brien, will be held strictly to account for cleaning up the administration of New York City, according to the ultimatum served on him today by the City Affairs Committee. Mr. O'Brien "must either get rid of the crooks who infest the city or himself be charged with gross negligence in office," it declared.

The committee's notice on the Mayor-Elect comes as a reverberation of the scathing arraignment of Tammany officialdom by Judge Samuel Seabury, chief counsel of the Joint Legislative Committee now ending its inquiry into city affairs, in his semifinal report on that body's findings this week.

Simultaneously the City Affairs group, through its co-chairman, the Rev. John Haynes Holmes and Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, placed before Acting Mayor Joseph V. McKee a demand for the immediate removal of Mr. Joseph P. McKay, Commissioner of the Bureau of Weights and Measures, one of three officials whose early replacement was urged by Judge Seabury, "if there is anyone in authority in the city government who has any regard for the city's interests."

Removal proceeding against the two other officials specified—Mr. Henry Bruckner, president of the Borough of the Bronx, and his commissioner of public works, Mr. William J. Flynn, will await the induction of Governor-Elect Herbert H. Lehman on Jan. 2, the committee announced, since a public removal hearing would be impractical in the few remaining days of Governor Roosevelt's administration. Judge Seabury charged Mr. Bruckner with "neglect and incompetency" and as being "apparently completely dominated by Flynn," who, testimony before the committee alleged, "used his official position for his own personal advantage."

The action against Mr. McKay is only the first step of a campaign to clean up the city government, Mr. Holmes, said, and he stressed the importance of "large and determined public support."

"It is the people who are ultimately responsible for the continuance in office of incompetent and corrupt officials and the people, therefore who must act," he continued. "We shall give ample opportunity to the new Mayor to prove his worth, but he must either act or get out."

Fraud and incompetence head the list of five specifications cited against Mr. McKay. In asking Mr. McKee to act in the case, the City Affairs Committee recognizes that 10 days only of authority remain to him.

NEW BILL GIVES FILIPINOS TRIAL 10-YEAR FREEDOM

Compromise Agreed On by Both Houses Faces Possible Veto

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22—Senate and House conferees today agreed on a compromise bill for Philippine independence which will set the islands free from American sovereignty after a 10-year trial period provided they accept the provisions of the act.

No direct plebiscite is provided, but independence is made contingent on the adoption by the electorate of the islands of a constitution to be drafted and submitted to them within one year after enactment of the law.

In this manner full opportunity is provided for the islands to reject independence if a majority of its voters so desire.

The Senate adopted the conference report and the House is expected to do so, but a veto by President Hoover is foreseen in some quarters. Enough votes to override a veto could probably be mustered in the House. Whether they could also be secured in the Senate is doubtful.

Retention in perpetuity of such military and naval bases, reservations etc., as may be designated by the President during the 10-year period is provided.

Philippine exports to the United States are placed on a quota basis during the trial period, all exports in excess of the quota to be subjected to regular tariff rates.

An immigration quota of 50 per year is assigned the islands until the date of independence, after which they will receive the same immigration treatments accorded other Asiatic countries.

The compromise bill provides for the summoning of a constitutional convention in the islands within one year after passage of the act. If accepted by the President of the United States and the electorate of the islands it will go into effect and become the fundamental law of the country.

Tariff provisions provide a free export quota to the United States of 800,000 long tons on sugar; 200,000 long tons of coconut oil and 3,000,000 pounds of yarn, twine, cord, rope and cable.

The islands are to levy a 5 per cent duty on exports to the United States during the sixth year. This will be increased each year until it reaches 25 per cent during the final year of the trial period.

The final section of the bill provides that it shall not go into effect "until accepted by concurrent resolution of the Philippine Legislature or by a convention called for the purpose of passing upon that question."

If any of the provisions of the act are not carried, it is automatically nullified and the islands revert to their present status.

Radio Takes Holiday Greeting To the Children of 11 Nations

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22—Eleven sons and daughters of diplomats from as many nations extended friendly holiday greetings in their native languages to children in every part of the world in a broadcast yesterday arranged by the Washington Board of Trade and the National Broadcasting Company.

The children took their turn at the microphone from which their voices were sent by short wave to Europe and South America. Patricia Prochnik, daughter of the Minister from Austria, sang "Silent Night," in German. Pietro Fonardelli, the young son of the counselor of emigration for the Italian Embassy, had to stand on his tiptoes to reach the microphone, but he shouted into it a "Long live the United States, long live Italy and vive Mussolini," as his greetings. Each of the children gave his brief greeting in his native language and then in English.

"In Hungary, Christmas is the most exciting time of all the year, just as it is here," explained Miss Nadine Szechenyi, daughter of the Hungarian Minister. "We always have a Christmas tree, only we have it on Christmas eve, instead of Christmas morning.

In Mexico, said Pablo Ortiz Jr., son of the Chargé d'Affaires of the Mexican Embassy, "we not only have toys given to us on Christmas night, but we have also the three wise men who come later, in January, and give us more toys."

Patricia Prochnik, speaking in German, reminded all the children listening in that "this is a time when all children to be happy should be mindful of those less fortunate."

Other children who added to the world greetings were John Simpoulos, son of the Minister from Greece; Beatrice Recinos, daughter of the Minister from Guatemala; Ladislas Sokolowski, son of the Polish Counselor; Maria Luisa de Yrujo, daughter of the Spanish counselor; Carroll MacNamara, son of the Naval Attaché of the British Embassy; Carlos A. Arcava, son of the Minister from Venezuela, and Marie de Lagardie, daughter of the Danish counselor.

Canada's Decision On Grain Cargoes Believed Unwise

LONDON, Dec. 22 (AP)—The Government's Canadian wheat decision handed down yesterday caused a little flurry in the House of Commons today, when Maj. Leslie Hore-Belisha, Financial Secretary of the Treasury, announced it during the question period.

Mr. Henry Graham-White asked that the Government receive a deputation to see if some way could not be found for overcoming a difficulty which he said would arise from "a very serious dislocation to a very important trade, with consequences unfortunate to the grower in Canada, as well as to consumers in this country."

Major Hore-Belisha replied that he would be glad to receive any representations, but added, "This is the law and no deputation will succeed in persuading me to go outside the law."

The customs authorities decided yesterday, in reviewing a test shipment of wheat from Canada to Liverpool, by way of Buffalo, that grain shipments from Canada to the United Kingdom by way of a port outside the Empire will receive the Empire preference provided for in the Ottawa agreements only if actually consigned at the point of origin in Canada to an English destination.

Dutch Legends First Heard by Woman From Netherlands While in America

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

DELAWARE, Ohio, Dec. 22—America's chewing gum, its virtual annihilation of distance, its gregariousness and its newspapers with their comic strips and personal scandal and gossip are the phenomena which puzzle Mrs. Jan H. Oort of Leiden, Holland, who spent several weeks here while her husband, the Dutch astronomer, made observations with the 69-inch telescope at the Perkins Observatory of Ohio Wesleyan University.

Advertising à la America, Mrs. Oort found quite fascinating. Even the bill boards caught her fancy.

The story of "Hans Brinker and the Silver Skates" was unknown to this native Hollander before she came to the United States. Neither had she heard of the Dutch boy who plugged the leak in the dike with his finger to save Holland but she did know Sinclair Lewis and Fannie Hurst whom she declared to be popular American authors in the Netherlands.

"Everyone has read Lewis's 'Main Street' and 'Babbitt.' They construct their idea of the United States from these books," said Mrs. Oort.

The Oorts are now hurrying home to their children to spend a Dutch Christmas which involves no exchange of presents of value.

IDLE GERMANS INCREASE

BERLIN, Dec. 22 (AP)—Since the end of November, the number of unemployed persons in Germany has increased 249,000 to a total of 5,604,000.

THE MONITOR INDEX

THURSDAY, DEC. 22, 1932

General News—Pages 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
News of Sports—Page 4
Financial News—Pages 8 and 9

FEATURES

Events Tonight 3
Radio Programs 4
The Young Folks' Page 6
The Home Forum 7
True Business Enterprise [With Italian Translation]
Daily Features 11
Editorials 12

THINGS PRESENT

The stranger wanted "a workin' Christmas," and, as you will note on the Editorial page, he got it. Not a bad idea.

"Le little "pools" at the southeast corner of the back page will bear reading.

Mr. Hugh Ruttledge is to lead the next attempt to conquer Mt. Everest. An interview with this gentleman on "How I Became a Mountaineer" appears on the Young Folks' page.

Can't you imagine that that is the way you looked when you rode the horses in from the field? Home Forum page.

AND THINGS TO COME

Friday brings the new Household page, another installment of Mr. Abbot's "Watching the World Go By," and more Hymnal Notes.

It's Christmas Each Day of Year In Florida Town

CHRISTMAS, Fla., Dec. 22 (AP)—It's Christmas every day down here where palm trees sway to gentle breezes and folks never heard the jingle of a sleigh bell, but this village always enjoys celebrating the day that gave it a name.

The combination post office and general store that forms the hub of the community of some 250 persons has been decorated with Christmas trees, Florida holly and mistletoe, and extra oranges have been pulled from the groves hereabouts and delicacies from the truck gardens laid by for a holiday table.

The cowboys are taking it easy—there's a lot of them here because raising range cattle is this section's principal industry — and almost everyone has slacked up on work for the holidays.

There's one person, however, who has plenty to do. It's Mrs. Juanita S. Tucker, the young postmistress. Folks like to send cards, letters and gifts here to have them postmarked "Christmas," and the Christmas rush is on full blast, though the first consignment of Yuletide mail arrived about Thanksgiving Day.

Christmas got its name legitimately. Back in the days long before the War between the States, Federal Troops, one Christmas Day, built a fort of palm logs against an expected attack by Indians. For a time the village was called Fort Christmas, but now it's just Christmas.

This Christmas—the town, not the day—shares the name with four other communities in the United States. There's Christmas in Lawrence County, Kentucky; one in Roane County, Tennessee; another in Gila County, Arizona, and a little plantation town named Christmas in Bolivar County, Mississippi. Christmas, Fla., is in Orange County, about 22 miles east of Orlando.

Great Britain Offers Loan to Newfoundland

Special from Monitor Bureau

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Dec. 22—Interviewed concerning a statement in the Montreal Star of a British-Canadian advance enabling Newfoundland to meet interest payments at the end of the year, Prime Minister Alderdice said that a proposition somewhat of that nature had been received from Great Britain.

Pending discussion by the Executive, he couldn't make any statement, he said. The matter is receiving the Government's attention immediately.

WIGGIN RESIGNS LEADERSHIP OF CHASE NATIONAL

Action in Line With Bank's Employee Retirement Plan, He Says

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, Dec. 22—Mr. Albert H. Wiggin, chairman of the governing board of the Chase National Bank since 1911, has announced his decision to retire from that post on Jan. 10, the date of the annual meeting.

His resignation is, in effect, merely an anticipation of a plan which the bank has under consideration by which officers and employees shall be retired at the age of 65 years, he says in a letter to the bank's executive committee. Mr. Wiggin will continue as a director and a member of the executive committee and will retain his post as chairman of the standstill committee of German short-term credits.

The minute of the executive committee acknowledging receipt of Mr. Wiggin's resignation, characterized his services not only to Chase National Bank, but to banking throughout the world as "of a pre-eminent character."

"The Chase National Bank is in no small measure a monument to his energy, wisdom and character," it continues. "When he became president of the bank in 1911, its capital surplus and undivided profits amounted to $12,953,397. Today, its capital funds amount to $266,335,062."

Mr. Wiggin is a native of Medfield, Mass., and was educated at the Dwight School and later the English High School, both of Boston, being graduated from the latter in 1885. He began his career at the age of 17, working as a bank clerk from 1885 to 1891, when he became assistant national bank examiner of Boston. In May, 1899, he came to New York as vice-president of the National Park Bank, became vice-president of the Chase National in 1904, and president of the latter institution seven years later. This rise to the top of the banking world is almost unprecedented for its rapidity. He has been chairman of the board for the last several years.

Mr. Wiggin is scheduled to leave here next month to attend the meeting of the committee of German short-term credits in Berlin on Jan. 30.

Roosevelt Avoids Debt Commitment

(Continued from Page 1)

confidence. What I deem of the utmost importance is that when you assume responsibility on March 4 machinery of your approval will be here, fully informed and ready to function according to the policies you may determine."

Then President Hoover suggested the appointment of Mr. Owen D. Young, Col. Edward M. House, or other individuals of like eminence, to act with principal Cabinet officials in probing the debts question.

Governor Roosevelt in reply stated that the appointment of such eminent men would imply more than fact-finding, and lead to large and binding policy.

Responsibility on Hoover

Thus the argument led to an apparent impasse. There it rests. If President Hoover sees fit to appoint delegates on his own responsibility, Governor Roosevelt promises to give earnest attention to their findings and recommendations. But he will not approve them in advance.

Future action appears to depend very largely on the European attitude. If, in the face of Governor Roosevelt's pledges of earnest attention to the findings of an investigating body, Great Britain in particular indicates its desire to appear before such a group, President Hoover would undoubtedly proceed to its appointment.

Attention, therefore, turns to the British view on the present interchange. And, in the opinion of experienced observers here, the London Government would be well advised to start such machinery in operation, bridge the impasse between President Hoover and his successor, and aid in debt solutions.

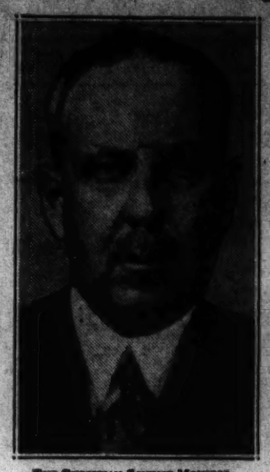
The issue therefore is: Fact-finding without specific Rooseveltian indorsement but with appreciation from the President-Elect, or nothing. Fact-finding is offered to Europe. Nothing more is likely to be forthcoming for two months. There the case rests.

CANDLE TOWER RINGS WITH HOLIDAY CAROLS

The "Tower of a Thousand Candles" once more will spread its soft glow of Christmas cheer over City Square, Quincy, tonight, and each night through Christmas. This is the fourth year in which the 10-story building in the square has been illuminated with real candles in each of the windows. Each season it attracts thousands of motorists from near-by cities and towns.

In addition, a daily program of carol singing is scheduled from 10 to 10:10 a. m. and 12 to 12:10 p. m. tomorrow and from 10 to 10:10 a. m. and 7 to 7:15 p. m. on Saturday. Carols also will be amplified from the tower tomorrow from 12:30 to 12:45 p. m., 3 to 3:15, 5:15 to 5:30, and 7:30 to 8. On Saturday the 7:30 to 8 schedule will be dropped and programs amplified from 7:15 to 7:45, 8 to 8:30 and 8:45 to 9. Mr. Walter Smith, trumpet soloist, will play selections on Saturday evening. Programs of carol playing on English handbells also are scheduled Dec. 23 and 24.

Carved Out Niche In World Banking



THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR-A. P.-Underwood

ALBERT H. WIGGIN

REVISED HYMNAL SONGS TO GO ON AIR

A half hour of selections from the revised Christian Science Hymnal, including a new setting of Mary Baker Eddy's poem, "Blest Christmas Morn," will be radiocast from First Church of Christ, Scientist, New York City, Sunday, Dec. 25, at 4:30 p. m., eastern time, over Station WINS, 1180kc-254m.

The recital will be given by Mrs. Florence Steele, soloist, and Mr. Louis Baker Phillips, organist and accompanist, of First Church of Christ, Scientist, New York City. The program is to be given under the auspices of the Committee on Publication for the State of New York.

BORROWERS URGED TO CONSULT BANKS

Home owners, uncertain of their ability to meet taxes and interest on their properties and mortgages, are urged to have no hesitation in going to the banks holding the mortgages and to discuss the circumstances freely.

The statement issued yesterday by the banking and industrial committees of the First Federal Reserve District says that often the mortgagor banks do not know the straitened conditions of the holders. The real estate advisory committee, meeting every Thursday from 2 to 5 o'clock at 7 Water Street, has been consulted by more than 1000 home owners.

COLOMBIAN LINE GETS TROPICS CRUISER

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, Dec. 22—The steamship Haiti, second vessel in the $5,000,000 shipbuilding program of the Colombian Steamship Company, was delivered to its owners here Dec. 19. The Haiti, which is of 10,000 tons, is the sister ship of the Colombia, and is scheduled to steam from New York today on her maiden voyage to Haiti, Jamaica, Colombia and Panama. She will be commanded by Capt. Lawrence Long.

The Haiti and the Colombia were designed by Mr. Theodore E. Ferris, well-known New York naval architect, especially for cruising in the tropics.

Boston's Progress Marked by Volume

Publication of the official Tercentenary Memorial volume entitled "Fifty Years of Boston"—a work expected to crown the tercentenary observance of 1930 and to leave to posterity a record of the city's progress during the last half century—has been announced. The publication is a continuation of the famous Memorial History of Boston, issued in 1880 under the supervision of Justin Winson, and is said to follow closely in its general plan.

The list of chapters embraces almost every aspect of events in the metropolis of New England, and the writers, selected for their special knowledge of the subjects assigned to them, include more than 60 men and women of distinction. It has been compiled by the Subcommittee on Memorial History of the Boston Tercentenary Committee.

Among the 16 chapters of the book are included such headings as: "Looking Backward," "Physical Changes," "The Population, Old and New," "The Political Unit-Democracy in Practice," "Social Welfare," "Religion," "Woman's Widening Sphere," "Progressive Movements in Boston," "Recreation" and a history of the Tercentenary observance.

EVENTS TONIGHT

Boston City Club: Illustrated lecture, "Alaskan Wild Life and the Kodiak Bear," preceded by organ concert, 14 Somerset Street, 7:30.

"Education in New England": Lecture on "The Labor Problem," by Mr. Edwin S. Smith, B. U. School of Education, 29 Exeter Street, 7:30.

Boston Public Library: Lecture on "Nicaragua," by Mr. Arthur L. Sweetser, lecture hall, Boylston Street, S.

Boston Art Club: Exhibition of small paintings, corner of Dartmouth and Newbury Streets, until 9. Open to public.

Coolidge Corner Association: Carillon recital, Brookline Baptist Church, 7.

Music

Symphony Hall—The Boston Symphony Orchestra, 8:15.

EVENTS TOMORROW

Children's Museum of Boston: Stamp Club meeting, 4, Olmstead Park, Jamaica Plain. Open daily 9 to 5, Sundays 1:30 to 5.

Boston Museum of Fine Arts: Fifteenth century prints, Miss Maginnis, 11.

Coolidge Corner Association: Carillon recitals, Brookline Baptist Church, 4:30 and 7.

Women in Council: Party, entertainment and gifts for less fortunate children, Masonic Temple, 2:30.

Cambridge Social Union: Performances of play, "The Toy Shop," 42 Brattle Street, afternoon.

Music

Symphony Hall—The Boston Symphony Orchestra, 2:30.

Exhibitions

Museum of Fine Arts, Huntington Avenue—Admission free. Open week days except Mondays, 9 to 4; Sundays, 1 to 5. Free guidance in the galleries at 11 o'clock. Exhibitions: German and Netherlands Engravings of the fifteenth century; Etchings by Whistler; Prints by D. Y. Cameron and Hollar, also paintings by Joseph Lindon Smith.

Goodspeed's Book Shop, 7 Ashburton Place—Examples of early American sailor "Crimshaw" art. Through Dec. 31.

Grace Horne Gallery, Dartmouth and Newbury Streets—Oils and water colors by John Whorf.

Vose Gallery, 559 Boylston Street—Water color portrait sketches by Mrs. Nathaniel Franklin Emmons. Through Dec. 31.

Anthony Thieme's Studio, 663 Boylston Street—Small paintings and etchings by Mr. Thieme. Through Dec. 24.

Doll & Richards, 120 Newbury Street—Water colors and etchings of game birds, by Roland Green of England. Also similar studies in water colors of New England song birds by Charles Emile Heil. Etchings and dry points by Sears Gallagher. Also decorate arts of the old Mediterranean area. Through Dec. 24.

130 Boylston Street—Water colors by R. Clipston Sturgis. Through Dec. 24.

Scherver Studio, 648 Boylston Street—General print show.

Bookshop for Boys and Girls, 270 Boylston Street—Colored reproductions of paintings by Cezanne, Van Gogh and others. Through Dec. 31.

Copley Society, 696 Commonwealth Avenue—Paintings and dyed hangings by Laura Lee.

Boston City Club, Ashburton Place—Etchings and lithographs from the private collection of Mr. Lee M. Friedman.

Grace Horne Galleries, Stuart Street—Oils and water colors by Kathleen Guthrie. Through Dec. 31.

For other exhibitions, see Monday's Monitor

Registered at the Christian Science Publishing House

Among the visitors from various parts of the world who registered at the Christian Science Publishing House yesterday were the following:

Mrs. Grace Hibbart, Ridgefield, Conn.
Harold W. Newcomb, Quincy, Mass.
Edna DeLong, New York, N. Y.

PEACE MOVE DELAYED

SANTIAGO, Chile, Dec. 22 (AP)—Paraguays yesterday turned down Chile's offer to help conciliate the dispute between Bolivia and Paraguay over the Gran Chaco. The Paraguayan Government said the basis for peace offered by neutral nations provided no guarantee against hostilities in the future.

WEATHER

U. S. Weather Bureau Report

Boston and Vicinity: Fair tonight and Friday; slightly colder tonight; moderate westerly winds; minimum temperature tonight about 25.

Maine: Partly cloudy and colder tonight; Friday partly cloudy; colder in extreme east portion.

New Hampshire and Vermont: Partly cloudy and colder tonight; Friday partly cloudy.

Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Partly cloudy and slightly colder tonight; Friday increasing cloudiness.

Atlantic coast, Eastport to Sandy Hook: Fresh to strong west winds this afternoon, diminishing tonight; partly overcast weather tonight and Friday.

Official Temperatures

	A	B		A	B
Atlantic City	36	42	Montreal	38	40
Bismarck	18	38	Nantucket	40	46
Boston	41	47	New Orleans	58	72
Buffalo	34	38	New York	40	40
Calgary	14	30	Norfolk, Va.	42	50
Charleston	48	60	North Platte	32	40
Chicago	30	40	Philadelphia	42	42
Cincinnati	36	40	Phoenix, Ariz.	50	54
Denver	34	42	Pittsburgh	36	42
Eastport, Me.	38	42	Portland, Me.	40	42
Hatteras	48	54	Raleigh	44	48
Honolulu, T.H.	..	80	St. Louis	32	48
7 p.m. Dec. 21	74	..	St. Paul	20	38
Helena, Mont.	18	34	Salt Lake City	10	36
Huron, S. D.	28	38	San Francisco	44	54
Jacksonville	58	66	Santa Fe, N.M.	24	52
Kansas City	38	48	Seattle	42	46
Key West	74	80	Tampa	62	80
Los Angeles	48	60	Washington	42	52
Memphis	46	46	Wichita, Kan.	36	..
Miami, Fla.	74	76	Williston, N.D.	16	36

A—8 a. m. eastern standard time Dec. 22.
B—Maximum Dec. 21.

High Tides at Boston

Thursday 6:19 p. m., Friday 6:46 a. m. Height of tides 8.6 feet, 9.7 feet. Light all vehicles at 4:46 p. m.

Roosevelt's View On Debts Backed By Legal Expert

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, Dec. 22 — President-Elect Roosevelt's position on the war debts question is supported both "by the Constitution and by common sense," in the opinion of Prof. Quincy Wright, authority on international law at the University of Chicago, and chairman of the Norman Walt Harris Foundation for the Study of International Relations.

Writing in the current issue of Foreign Notes, published by the Chicago Council on Foreign Relations, Professor Wright points out that while President Hoover and President-Elect Roosevelt both recognise that changed conditions justify the debtor nations in asking for a review, they differ somewhat as to the relative position of the President and of the Congress to effect revision.

"While both men realise the existence of a congressional veto," he says, "the President invites congressional participation in the initiation and conduct of negotiations, Mr. Roosevelt on the other hand believes that authority in these matters is exclusively vested in the President, acting through the normal diplomatic channels."

The Roosevelt view seems to be supported by common sense, Professor Wright says, "because negotiation is by its nature a one-man job, the President has sources of information of foreign affairs vastly superior to those available to Congress or the Senate and after all the President is as much a representative of the people as is Congress."

CITY CLUB OPENS DOORS TO WOMEN

The Boston City Club has altered its policy of men exclusively, and authorized the admission of women as well. The privilege of using the main dining room at the club, formerly restricted to certain hours of the day, will be open to women at all hours if authorized by members of the club, it was explained.

Members are said to favor the new plan and showed considerable enthusiasm upon learning of the decision of the board of governors. It is expected that the new arrangement will add considerably to the club's revenue and may permit the reopening of the grill room for men only, closed two years ago.

CO-OPERATIVE BANK REPORT SUBMITTED

A permanent status for the Central Coöperative Bank of Massachusetts was recommended by the special commission appointed in 1931 to make a thorough revision of the co-operative banking laws of the State. The commission filed its report with the Legislature yesterday. Its recommendation was based on the strong demand found for the continuation of the bank and on the finding that the central institution has been a "complete success."

Another proposal advocated making possible, with the consent of the bank commissioner, the merging of any two coöperative banks in the State. Other recommendations urged enactment of state legislation enabling coöperative banks to take advantage of the Home Loan Bank on long-term credit; permission whereby investment of municipal trust funds could be made in coöperative bank shares; laws penalizing willful circulation of false rumors about the financial conditions of any bank and regulation of the balance of dividends between share classes.

CHELMSFORD WINS CONTRACT

CHELMSFORD, Mass., Dec. 22 (AP)—A message received from Representative Edith Nourse Rogers says the H. E. Fletcher Company, granite quarrymen, had been awarded a contract to supply 75,000 cubic feet of granite for the new Federal Archives Building now under construction in Washington, D. C. The contract will provide work for the company for at least eight months.

PARIS CABINET TO ACT WARILY ON WAR DEBTS

Efforts for Conciliation Stressed by Premier in Chamber Speech

PARIS, Dec. 22 (AP)—The ministerial declaration prepared by the new Cabinet says the Paul-Boncour Government will bend every effort to a general settlement of the war debt problem.

But in view of the political situation in the United States, the declaration warns, the negotiations must be conducted with extreme prudence.

The text of the declaration on debts reads:

"The second of the essential tasks imposed upon us is the general settlement of the war debt question. We intend to consecrate all our efforts to that end, we promise you.

"With the same frankness we esteem that the circumstances, as well as the complexity of the present political situation in the United States oblige our conducting with an extreme prudence the negotiations whose orientation was traced out by the Chamber's vote on Dec. 12.

"Since that vote, communication of which was given the same day to the United States Government, a contact has happily been maintained during the crisis by the eminent chief of the preceding government, and we are grateful that a serious effort has been made at Washington in an attempt to smooth over the difficulties which have arisen.

"Only too happy to seize every possibility of reconciliation of viewpoints, we will conduct the negotiations with the firm purpose of preparing a solution of the question in its entirety, which would put an end to the disorders which have come, in the general economic restoration, from the burden of intergovernmental debts.

"At the same time, in full accord with the states to which France is united by the bonds founded on common aspirations, and without any hindthought with regard to others, strong in efficacious friendship of our neighbors across the Channel—a friendship of which we have recently received additional evident proofs—desirous of smoothing out any difficulty which might exist with the countries to which an ancient culture and such recent recollections bind us, we shall strive to bring to a good conclusion other international negotiations.

"These negotiations are also pressing: On them depends in large measure the solution of the crisis, the deep-lying cause of our budgetary difficulties. For this crisis is not only of an economic nature, it is also of a psychological nature and made up of the international uncertainty of misunderstandings and rivalries between the peoples."

When M. Paul-Boncour slowly read the section concerning the American debts, the Deputies listened to him in silence, almost indifference, and registered neither approval nor disapproval.

HARVARD TESTING TELESCOPE FOR CHINA

Tests are being made at the Harvard Observatory, Cambridge, of a new style fast lens for a photographic telescope recently ordered by the Chinese Government. Pictures are being taken of celestial bodies in different magnitudes to make sure of the telescope's accuracy before shipping it abroad.

This will be China's first modern photographic telescope of any real power. All but the lens has been constructed by the Eastern Science Supply Company, and the tests now being made are directed toward cutting down the time necessary for exposure. Mr. L. B. Andrews, under whose direction the work is being done, explains that the outstanding excellence of the instrument lies in the quality of the four-inch Ross lens made by Lundin.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR
Founded 1908 by Mary Baker Eddy
An International Daily Newspaper
Published daily except Sundays and holidays at The Christian Science Publishing Society, 107 Falmouth Street, Boston, Mass. Subscription price, payable in advance, postpaid to all countries: One year, $9.00; six months, $4.50; three months, $2.25; one month, 75c. Single copies, 5 cents. (Printed in U. S. A.)
Entered at second-class rates at the Post Office at Boston, Mass., U. S. A. Acceptance for mailing at a special rate of postage provided for in section 1103, Act of Oct. 3, 1917, authorized on July 11, 1918.

Provisions
C. A. RUSSELL
Faneuil Hall Market, Stalls #18-20
Tel. Lafayette 7280
BOSTON
Specializing in Hotel and Family Distribution of Meats and Poultry

Goodenough & Russell
Faneuil Hall Market, Stalls #69-71
Tel. Capitol 1907-1908
Finest Quality of Beef, Lamb and Veal. Pork Products of all kinds. Sweetbreads, Tongues and Calves Liver.

WARREN INSTITUTION FOR SAVINGS
3 PARK STREET
Boston
Opposite Park St. Subway Entrance

Interest Begins JAN. 10
Join Our 1933 CHRISTMAS CLUB

Christmas Dinner
(Sunday and Monday)
$1.50
Cedar Hill
Beaver Street, Waltham
Route 20. Tel. Wal. 0137
You Know Cedar Hill Dinners!

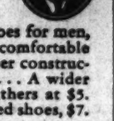
BAILEY'S
CLEANSERS and DYERS
SPECIAL $3.00
1 Man's Suit Cleansed, 2 Dresses Cleansed
Note—We have reduced our prices to keep our employees working. We hope you will help.

WATERTOWN	30 WASHBURN STREET	MID. 4561-2-3
BOSTON	26 WEST STREET	HAN. 8126
BOSTON	608 BEACON STREET	KEN. 3838
WINCHESTER	17 CHURCH STREET	WIN. 0528
LEXINGTON	1711 MASS. AVENUE	LEX. 0441
NEEDHAM	968 GREAT PLAIN AVENUE	NEEDHAM 1730
NEWTON	99 UNION STREET	CENt. Nwtn. 1027-J
AYER	40 B MAIN STREET	AYER 63

HODGSON, KENNARD & CO.
AT THE RITZ-CARLTON—NEWBURY & ARLINGTON STREETS
announce
The Most Amazing Values in RARE JEWELS
in the jewel history of Boston. Over a million dollar stock—the finest money can buy now offered at ridiculously low prices.

FULL COURSE
Christmas Dinner
Extra Special 75c
Served from 11:30 A. M. to 8 P. M. Saturday and Sunday, Dec. 24-25
MENU
CHOICE
SPICED TOMATO SOUP
CRANBERRY JUICE COCKTAIL
TOMATO JUICE COCKTAIL
BUTTER WAFERS — CROUTONS
CELERY — OLIVES
ROAST YOUNG TURKEY
GIBLET GRAVY — DRESSING
CHOICE
Baked Stuffed Sweet Potato—Parsleyed Potato
CHOICE
Hubbard Squash — Brussels Sprouts
Buttered Carrots
HOT BREAD
CHOICE
PLUM PUDDING — HARD SAUCE
APPLE PIE — MINCE PIE
ICE CREAM — FUDGE CAKE
TEA — COFFEE — MILK
MIXED NUTS — CLUSTER RAISINS
Closed Monday, Dec. 26th
"Join us at Johnson's"
Uptown Theatre Bldg., BOSTON
Granite Trust Bldg., QUINCY
Bi-de-Depot, WOLLASTON

UPTOWN SHOPPING GUIDE
BOSTON
Massachusetts-Huntington Avenue Section

$3.60 Thrift Shoes

Good reliable shoes for men, with smart style, comfortable fit, and solid leather construction throughout . . . A wider choice of fine leathers at $5. Men's Normal-Tred shoes, $7.
Women's Shoes $3.85 $4.85 $6.00
Boys' Shoes $2.50 $2.75 $3.00
W. L. DOUGLAS
"AMERICA'S BEST KNOWN SHOES"
†156 Massachusetts Avenue
*635 Washington Street
†38 Hanover Street
† Open evenings * Open Saturday evening

When "Shopping" UPTOWN be sure to lunch at the
Cafe Minerva
216 HUNTINGTON AVE.
(Opp. Christian Science church)
Special Week Day Luncheon 50c; Table d'Hote Dinner Daily and Sundays, 75c-$1
Music Every Evening
Visit Our Cafeteria Next Door

GUARANTEED Dry Cleaning
At reasonable prices. Work called for and delivered. Expert repairing, remodelling.
Dress Clothes Rented
London Tailoring Co.
4 Clearway Street Ken. 1289

Mrs. Fowler's Lingerie Shop
A Distinctive Underwear Shop
Featuring
HAND-MADE LINGERIE
as well as a complete stock of
Kickernick Undergarments
420 BOYLSTON STREET, BOSTON
KEN. 5026

The ADORABLE
177 MASS. AVENUE

Season's Greetings
Blending in with beautiful CHRISTMAS GIFTS of GOWNS, LINGERIE AND HOSIERY

Uptown Book House
217 HUNTINGTON AVENUE
BOSTON :: MASSACHUSETTS
Telephone KENmore 4438
BOOKS FOR CHRISTMAS

When You Purchase Goods
Advertised in The Christian Science Monitor, or answer a Monitor advertisement—
please mention
The Christian Science Monitor

Cafe de Paris
165 Massachusetts Ave., Boston
Special Christmas Dinner 75c
12 Noon to 9 P. M.
Fruit Cup or Tomato Juice Cocktail
Chicken Soup a la Francaise
or
Fresh Vegetables with Noodles
Queen Olives — Boston Market Celery
Roast Vermont Turkey, Chestnut Dressing
Giblet Gravy — Cranberry Sauce
Mashed or Boiled Sweet Potatoes
Mashed Turnips — Hubbard Squash
Lettuce with French Dressing
Choice of One
English Plum Pudding, Hot Sauce
Hot Mince, Apple, Pumpkin or Frosted Lemon Pie
Frozen Pudding
Camembert or Roquefort Cheese and Crackers
Assorted Nuts — Cluster Raisins
Coffee, Tea, Milk, Sweet Cider or Ginger Ale
Monday—Turkey Dinner 60c
Also Other Special Dinners 50c

Announcing
The Opening of the
PARTHENON RESTAURANT
210 HUNTINGTON AVE.
Opp. Christian Science Church Park
Serving Delicious American and Greek Food at Moderate Prices.
TRY OUR
35c Luncheon and 50c Dinner
Management formerly of Athens Restaurant

Serve Yourself and Save at the
MANHATTAN FOOD STORE
270 Massachusetts Ave., Boston
—Our prices are a bit lower than elsewhere. See our holiday specials.
—There is no waiting at the Manhattan. We have free neighborhood delivery on orders of $1.00 or over.
We wish our customers a Merry Christmas.
KENmore 3917 B. White, Mgr.

Symphony FLOWER SHOP
CABLES "SYMFLO"
240 Huntington Avenue Boston
Phone Kenmore 2076-77

Mabel P. Howard
Corsetiere
Foundation Garments to Meet One's Every Need.
Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Underthings, Costume Jewelry, Greeting Cards for all occasions.
See our "Celery and Olives" trays by Hope.
283A HUNTINGTON AVE.
Ken. 0773 Open Evenings

Spaulding's CAFETERIA
328 MASS. AVE., Cor. Huntington
Home of Quality Food
Under the personal management of DANA E. SPAULDING

SPECIAL CANDY FOR Christmas
Holiday Packages at Popular Prices. Assorted Chocolates and Bon Bons 50c lb. Pure Sugar Ribbon Candy and Candy Canes.
ALADDIN CANDY SHOP
211 Mass. Ave., Next Loew's State

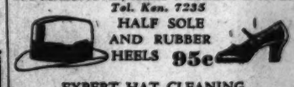
The Original
Harry the Tailor
Patronize Him As Usual!
Merry Christmas
and a Happy New Year to All
7 WESTLAND AVE. Ken. 8730

HOMEMADE CANDIES FRESH DAILY
Fairyland
"See It Made"
256 MASS. AVENUE Ken. 2912
Open Evenings and Sundays
Mail Orders Filled

Uptown Apartments
Now available; a limited number of up-to-date apartments of from 2 to 7 rooms. Electric refrigeration. Rentals are consistent with present conditions.
SHAWMUT REALTY TRUST
24A Clearway Street, Boston KEN. 0482

Picture Frames
William Trenouth
Interior Decorations
93½ ST. JAMES AVENUE
BOSTON, MASS.

George's
171A MASS. AVENUE
Wishes All Their Friends a Merry Christmas and a Prosperous New Year
AUTOMOTIVE, RADIO and ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES

ROYAL SHOE REPAIRING
271 MASS. AVE., corner WESTLAND AVE.
Tel. Ken. 7235

HALF SOLE AND RUBBER HEELS 95c
EXPERT HAT CLEANING
WHITTEMORE PASTES AND POLISHES
WORK CALLED FOR AND DELIVERED
ARTHUR VARTANIAN, Proprietor

FLOWERS TELEGRAPHED TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD
August
118 Massachusetts Avenue, Boston
At Mass. Subway Entrance Ken. 6829

WE WISH YOU ALL
A Merry Christmas and A Happy New Year
QUALITY FOOD SHOP
175 MASS. AVENUE

FANEUIL FRUIT EXCHANGE
259-265 MASS. AVE.
"World's Largest Fruit Store"
Fresh Fruit, Vegetables, at lowest prices.
BRANCH STORES
Cor. Huntington Ave., Forsyth St., Boston
1940 Beacon St., Cleveland Circle, Brookline

Clearance Sale
Leather Goods and Trunks Now at January Sale Prices
Copley Luggage Shop
125 MASS. AVENUE

BOSCH RADIO

$34.95
Complete with tubes. U. S. Tax paid.
PERSONAL RADIO — Model 205 A. New Vibro-Power 5 tube portable receiver. Case is mahogany-finished with attractive inlay. Full Tone Dynamic Speaker.
$39.95 for D. C. Model
A. W. Mayer Co.
Sales and Service
147 Mass. Ave., Boston
Ken. 2551

NEAPOLITAN SHOPPES
Mass. Ave. at Boylston St. BOSTON
831 Beacon Street NEWTON CENTRE
LUNCHEON TEA DINNER
CANDY ICE CREAM
FANCY ICES
We cater to readers of The Christian Science Monitor

HAMILTON WATCHES

For Men and Women
LIBERAL ALLOWANCE ON YOUR OLD WATCH
THE BACK BAY JEWELER
230 Massachusetts Ave., Boston

Albert F. Gilmore's
New Book "THE 'TIS BOUND" The Inn of a Par Journey
$3.00
Mail orders filled
Calendar of Truth 25c-50c
Short's Art Store
190 Mass. Ave.

SIGNS INDICATE MEXICO TO TAKE OVER UTILITIES

Light Companies, Generally Foreign Controlled, Said to Favor Move

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

MEXICO CITY—That the Federal Government will assume jurisdiction over electric utility companies, the majority group of which is Canadian operated, appears assured as an informal canvass of the states affected reveals that only Vera Cruz and Nuevo Leon are opposed to the measure.

Already having the approval of the President and the Chamber of Deputies Committee on Constitutionality, it is almost a foregone conclusion that the proposed legislation will pass the federal legislative houses after which it will be submitted to the state law-making bodies, and two-thirds of these in turn must ratify the proposal.

The largest utility company in the country is the Mexican Light & Power Company, which is Canadian operated and controlled by Belgian capital. It operates in five states, centers its activities in Mexico City. Next in line are the Mexican subsidiaries of the American Foreign Power Company, which has operating and generating units in a dozen different states, but their principal plants are located in Vera Cruz and Puebla. These organizations generate 30 per cent of Mexico's electrical energy.

Officials of these two leading enterprises declined to be committed "on the issue," but it is definitely known they favor the move. It is also pointed out that a so-called "federal electric code" has existed since January last, but has had little force because it lacked the sanction of the Federal Constitution.

This code was designed to bring all the utilities under federal control, but lacked effectiveness, as some of the states raised the question of constitutionality and others challenged some of the code's provisions on the question of taxes.

Barter Plan Links Trade of Americas

(Continued from Page 1)

stance, the total value of goods shipped between Brazil and Argentina during 1930 and 1931 amounted to:

	1930	1931
Brazil to Argentina	$21,509,020	$14,262,383
Argentina to Brazil	27,611,637	18,684,240

Compare now the goods shipped by the United States to these republics during the same years:

	1930	1931
To Brazil	$81,162,795	$33,113,899
To Argentina	158,324,648	82,684,340

Large Trade During Recession

These totals may seem small, but examine the total exports and imports Brazil and Argentina carried on with the world, for in these figures are the potentialities for American commerce. In the fiscal year ending June 30, 1931, the totals were:

	Exports	Imports
Brazil	$338,183,500	$131,836,087
Argentina	621,341,097	506,997,923

One must remember that these figures represent a trade during the greatest economic upset the world has ever known, and that with a revival of commerce millions of dollars will be added to the totals. This being true the effect upon the wheat market, serious as it might be should Brazil and Argentina formulate an agreement of long duration, would be even more serious for American exports should those nations bring about another project likely to be discussed; namely, a Latin-American federation for the promotion of intra-southern national commerce.

A plan along these lines was discussed during the Fourth Pan-American Commercial Conference at Washington in 1931. Then it was suggested that a union be formed to embody general and specific agreements, measures for their adoption, a single customs tariff, and a reduction of 20 per cent in duties. The explanation was given that Argentina, Chile, Bolivia, Paraguay and Uruguay had already discussed such a program.

Agreement With Brazil

Fortunately for the United States it has with Brazil what is known as the most-favored-nation agreement. This agreement, drawn up in 1923 by Charles E. Hughes, American Secretary of State, and accepted by the Brazilian Ambassador at Washington, requires Brazil to grant the same customs privileges to the United States as might be granted to any other country. A federation of Latin-American states could not interfere with this pact, nor could a trade arrangement between Brazil and Argentina alter it.

That Brazil and Argentina will attempt by a federation plan to discriminate against American trade seems unlikely, for political conditions are too unsettled in the south. Witness the Bolivian-Paraguayan war waged since last summer despite the solemn warning from 18 Latin-American republics and the United States to "stop fighting and arbitrate." Also, note the Peruvian-Colombian dispute holding both nations at swords' points over Peru's seizure of the Colombian town of Leticia some 2500 miles up the Amazon River.

Situations like those do not argue well for federations. Yet, out of the Brazilian-Argentinian presidential conference may come other suggestions promoting closer trade relations between southern republics. Already, Chile has started a movement for a wider industrial system and a greater exchange of commodities among such nations as Peru, Bolivia, Ecuador and Argentina. Only recently the railroad line crossing the Andean Mountains and connecting Chile and Argentina was reopened after being closed on account of complicated tariff restrictions on certain goods. The same idea may spread to the other Latin-American nations should Brazil and Argentina see fit to push the plan.

Why such commercial relations might affect United States commerce the following figures explain: United States exports, for example, to South America for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1930, amounted to $398,388,651. From the South American sources the United States purchased goods amounting to $407,786,005. From such figures one might correctly argue that this commerce rightfully belongs to America, since the northern markets are the largest and the wealthiest. Important factors, however, are at work in the south to increase intra-Latin-American trade, unless large tariff reductions in the markets of the United States are forthcoming.

Should any suspicions arise that the two Presidents might take radical steps to curtail American trade, the answer is that Latin-American industries require capital and their one source today for supply is the United States. In view of this fact the thought of doing otherwise than tying-in closer with American commerce has not been considered by the Brazilian and Argentinian Presidents. In their economic problem the American people have the deepest interest, and the interest is not wholly selfish.

The outcome of the conference will be waited with expectations that something for the good of all American republics, North and South, will result. One outcome is especially emphasized—the prevention of future Latin-American wars. Argentina has such a plan, and not unlikely will it haul forth a memorandum now in the archives of the Minister of Foreign Affairs, and ask Brazil to subscribe to its proposals.

Program of Conciliation

In effect, it is this: a commission would be appointed for each dispute; two members to be chosen from the aggressor nations, three members from three neutral republics, the chairman to be elected by the three neutrals. All Latin-American nations would sign the treaty and help the commission to enforce peace by these methods:

1. Economic, political, and juridical measures.
2. Influencing public opinion, through diplomatic or armed intervention.

LOWELL MILL GETS RED CROSS ORDER

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22 (AP)—Representative Edith Nourse Rogers, of Massachusetts, said, Dec. 20, the American Red Cross had awarded to the Lawrence Manufacturing Company at Lowell, Mass., a contract for 48,000 sweaters. The work, she said, would keep the mill in operation during January.

The contract came under the bill passed at the last session turning over federally held cotton to the Red Cross for distribution of clothing to the needy.

Did Only What He Was Told to Do

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

Lyell Day, Cashmere (Wash.) Schoolboy Traffic Officer, Receiving Congratulation of State Highway Patrolman Columbus for Rescuing Girl From Path of Skidding Automobile.

City Workers Enter Wage Cut Protest

Protests against respective reductions of 7½ to 12½ per cent in salaries of Newton and Milton city employees were made yesterday. In Newton, school-teachers at a meeting voted to accept with protest the announced cut, while in Milton, firemen and policemen at a meeting in Town Hall presented united opposition to the reduction.

Five hundred teachers in Newton criticized severely the school committee's acceptance of Mayor Sinclair Weeks's order without first giving the instructors opportunity to present their case. Mr. Clarence W. Randlett, chief of the fire department, granted three firemen permission to call a meeting from which to chose delegates to protest the cut, while yesterday a meeting of members of the police department was scheduled for Saturday. Mayor Weeks ordered the reduction effective Jan. 1.

In Milton, Mr. George A. McLaughlin, legislative counsel for the Massachusetts Police Chiefs' Association, represented the firemen and policemen at the meeting, calling for more facts from the board of selectmen which ordered the reduction effective Jan. 1. Mr. George A. Murray, chairman of the board, took the leading part for the selectmen. The meeting adjourned until Jan. 3, after an afternoon and evening session.

South Pole Tales Told to Women

Thrilling tales of life at the south pole with the Byrd Antarctic Expedition contrasted vividly with a description of a new experiment in prison reform, at the December meeting of the Business and Professional Women's Republican Club of Massachusetts, held at the Hotel Bradford in Boston Dec. 20.

Mr. Norman D. Vaughan, who had charge of a dog team on the Byrd expedition to the South Pole, exhibited a chip of rock excavated from a cache believed to have been used by Amundsen in his expedition to the pole, while Mr. Howard B. Gill, superintendent of the new state prison colony at Norfolk, described the successful results which are being obtained under the "individualized penal treatment plan," whereby men are sent to "prison for reform" instead of "imprisonment for punishment."

An entertainment was provided by the Glee Club of the organization. Preceding the meeting, William Clapp gave an organ recital.

Boy Patrolman To Receive Medal For Rescuing Girl

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

WENATCHEE, Wash., Dec. 22—Yanking a little girl from the path of a skidding automobile was one of those things he was expected to do as a junior school patrolman; and so it was not for several days that authorities learned that 13-year-old Lyell Day of Cashmere, Wash., had performed a feat which made him eligible for a traffic life saving medal.

Young Lyell was so little impressed with his act that he promptly forgot all about it, and the little girl whom he pulled to safety from the slippery pavement where she had fallen in the path of a skidding car, was too frightened to tell anyone, even her parents, of the experience. Several days later the driver of the automobile reported the rescue to the State highway district patrolman, Mr. J. M. Columbus.

"I tried to learn the boy's name," the motorist reported, "but all he would tell me was that he was 'just a junior patrolman.'"

When the patrolman sought the lad out at school to inform him he had been awarded a traffic life-saving medal by the National Safety Council, the boy replied that he didn't think it was worth a medal; that he had done only what he had been instructed to do in such a situation; and that if a medal were to be awarded, it really should go to the entire school patrol, because they always worked together.

Lyell will receive his medal officially at a special Chamber of Commerce program. The Cashmere junior school patrol was the first to be organized in north central Washington, and in the five years of its existence, there have been no school traffic accidents in that community. The first group was formed by Patrolman Columbus, who will make the presentation of the meritorious award.

BOSTON IMPORTS HOLD UP

Value of imports at Boston, for immediate consumption, continue to hold well over the $1,000,000 mark weekly, it was announced yesterday by Mr. W. W. Lufkin, collector of customs. The value of such goods for the week ending Dec. 17 was $1,179,247, and imports for warehouse $40,290. Corresponding figures a year ago were: $1,665,521 and $158,781, respectively.

Children Act In Holiday Play

Merry laughter, happy chatter and almost riotous cheering will tell anyone who ventures in the vicinity of Moore Street, Cambridge, about this time of year that the preholiday activities of the Cambridge Neighborhood House are under way. This year these activities are centered in a production of "Alice's Adventures in Wonderland" and "Through the Looking Glass," to commemorate the centennial of the author, Lewis Carroll.

This production which has been dramatized especially for the children by Miss Eveline Williams, a member of the house's staff, is being presented for the first time this afternoon. The cast comprises 23 children from the settlement house who have spent many happy hours during the past six weeks in preparation of this event.

With Miss Williams, they have poured over the Tenniel illustrations of "Alice in Wonderland" and to the best of their ability have chosen costumes and other stage properties like those in the illustrations. The grinning mask of the Cheshire Cat, for example, was molded by a young Lithuanian girl who is an active worker in the Neighborhood House. Students of art contributed many attractive posters of the play and the scenery was carefully planned and painted by a competent staff.

Music composed especially for "Alice in Wonderland" is taken care of by a group of the older girls while the attractive Christmas decorations about the room lend an atmosphere of Yuletide cheer to the occasion.

UNSPENT BALANCES AID NEW HAMPSHIRE

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

CONCORD, N. H., Dec. 22—Mr. Milan A. Dickinson, state comptroller, in his annual report just issued, shows that salaries and wages constitute 64 per cent of the entire general fund appropriations. From that report also it is shown that general fund revenues were inadequate to meet legislative appropriations by about $195,000 and a deficit would have resulted if there had not been shown a saving by the comptroller of about $241,000 through lapses or unexpended balances reverting to the treasury.

It is understood here that the building program sanctioned by legislative action and which has been in progress for eight years at the University of New Hampshire will be lessened materially and that the trustees will vote to remit to the state treasurer for the next two years an amount estimated to be about 20 per cent of the funds allocated to the university through the "mill tax" legislation enacted in the General Court in 1925. Operation of the millage law automatically provided a sum of about $625,000 annually for the past two years for expansion and building program at Durham.

CHILE PROCLAIMS PRESIDENT

SANTIAGO, Chile, Dec. 22 (By U. P.)—Congress officially proclaimed Señor Arturo Allesandri President of Chile Dec. 20.

VETERAN COSTS IN 1949 FORECAST AS $2,235,000,000

Economy League Resumes Call for Check Before Joint Committee

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22—Payments to veterans which now amount to 50 per cent of the annual revenue of the Government will, if unchecked, reach $2,235,000,000 a year in 1949, according to testimony presented yesterday by the National Economy League to the Joint Congressional Committee.

Mr. William M. Bullitt, a former United States Solicitor-General, continued his argument for the league yesterday, and Maj. Henry H. Curran, director of the league, was also present. Congress should lop at least $457,065,354 from present appropriations for veterans, the league declared, and should also repeal all statutes under which "unjust" pensions and bounties are now being paid.

The administrator of veterans' affairs was quoted in the league's testimony as declaring that the combined casualties of Great Britain and France were more than 27 times as many as America's, yet America's World War veteran cost for 1932 was about 1½ times as great as the aggregate cost of these two countries—in other words, the United States was spending about 50 times as much per casualty.

Federal revenues have shown a huge falling off, it was pointed out, but expenses of veterans has remained constant so the new ratio causes 50 cents out of every 1932 revenue dollar to go to the veterans.

In a brief filed with the committee, the league declared that "in order to effect any real economy in governmental expenditures a heavy cut in veterans' expenditures cannot be avoided."

Publication of the pension list, now kept secret, was recommended by the league. The league took the position that the pension list is a roll of honor and should be arranged geographically and alphabetically and made available for public inspection at least annually in post offices throughout the country.

The league urged the committee to recommend to Congress to return the American pension system to "a sane basis" by the elimination of non-service-connected disability payments to thousands of Spanish-American World War veterans. The league further urged immediate repeal of the emergency officers' retirement act and also opposed prepayment of the bonus and suggested repeal of the act granting civil service preferences to veterans.

Another recommendation was that the veterans' administration be placed under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury.

The league contended that there should be a review by a board of review and award, appointed by the President, of the cases of all pensioners now on the rolls whose claims are not justified by army or navy records as being founded on disability incurred as a result of military service.

As a matter of fact, it was said, the total revenue collected from all sources during the fiscal year 1932 was $3,121,228,006, whereas the veterans' cost (including loans on the bonus) for the same period was $1,078,168,504, or more than 50 per cent of the total revenue.

Economy Forces Plan United Action

The National Economy League and the New England Council are cooperating in a drive to effect governmental economies. A statement of mutual understanding was issued today by Mr. Harry C. Knight, president of the council, and Mr. Richard S. Russell, New England vice-chairman of the league.

The council urges in the statement that citizens in New England join the league and support its program and the league asks that every community organize a taxpayers' association or its equivalent to further the movement.

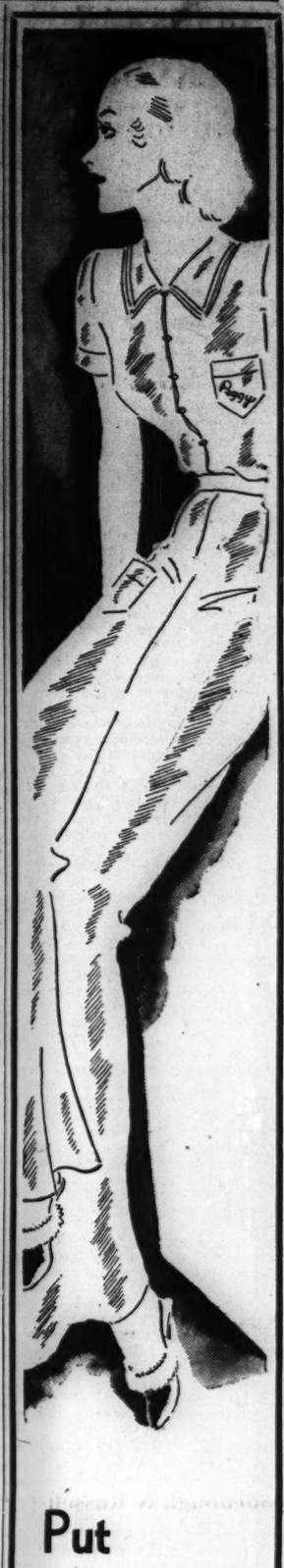
The joint message suggests that the citizens may contend for governmental economies as members of local committees of the league or as members of taxpayers' associations. The league commends the council for organizing the associations and the council, in turn, praised the league for its education of the public to the need for reduced costs. Coöperation between the council and the league was heralded as the means of helping New England to put its governmental house in order.

Rear Admiral Richard E. Byrd, chairman of the league, declared last night that he will not be muzzled, intimidated or stopped in his work for the league "by criticism, threats and underground attacks." His statement was in answer to criticisms of him by Senator Arthur R. Robinson, Indiana, during a joint legislative committee hearing for proposed reduction of $450,000,000 in expenditures for veterans.

HOCKEY FOR SCHOLARSHIPS

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

NEW YORK, Dec. 22—Approximately 1200 persons attended a benefit hockey game between Kent School and Morristown School at the Madison Square Garden here Dec. 20. The Kent School won 3 to 1. The proceeds of the game are to go toward scholarships in American private schools for English students.



Put yourself in Peggy's Place!

This is Peggy's pet pajama. She likes its mannish tailoring and smooth fit. And she's very partial to its tiny pearl buttons, cute collar, and handy pair of pockets. In tea-rose or blue silk crepe, with your name embroidered* where Peggy's is, or on the pants pocket. In sizes from 14 to 18.

5.95

FOURTH FLOOR

LORD & TAYLOR

FIFTH AVENUE NEW YORK

*Ten days required for embroidering name.

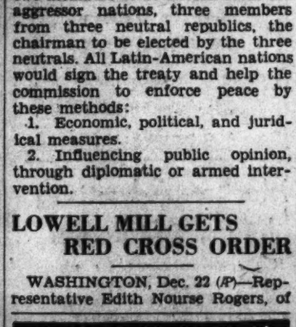
A BRIGHT and MERRY Christmas!

May your Christmas be BRIGHT with that inner light which gives the day its spiritual significance.

And may you have the wherewithal to make it a MERRY Christmas, too, with a fat turkey and a heavily laden tree—for "giving" and "feasting" best express the joy that should well from all hearts on this Day of Days!

CENTRAL SAVINGS BANK

4th Avenue at 14th Street
Broadway at 73rd Street
NEW YORK CITY



For Roast Goose and other Poultry and Roast Meats Use BELL'S SEASONING 10c

Wrapped in moisture-proof Cellophane

Cunningham RADIO TUBES

RCA RADIOTRONS

Be Wise

Don't waste electricity on worn-out tubes when NEW tubes are so cheap—Complete renewal as low as $4.95 . . . Have your tubes tested today.

NEW YORK

DRESSES

Smart sport models for Southern wear and chic evening gowns for the holiday season are being shown in our new shop. Prices are extremely reasonable.

Caroline & Helen

846 LEXINGTON AVE. (at 64th St.)
REgent 4-8291
NEW YORK

CLARIBEL HILL
Her Salad Dressing a Taste Sensation
Used and sold at
Custer Arms Restaurant
671 Palmer Avenue at the Parkway
Bronxville, N. Y.
Tel. 2446 Bronxville
LUNCHEON 50c and 65c Dinner 85c
SUNDAY DINNER, 1-7:30, $1 and $1.25
Orders taken for Cakes, Pies, Salads, Sandwiches. Also catering for private parties.

NEW YORK

DIAMONDS
EMERALDS
RUBIES
SAPPHIRES

In the Latest Fashions

Watson & Co. JEWELERS
Est. 1837
3A MAIDEN LANE
Rector 2-3498

NEW YORK

WE INVITE MONITOR READERS to our spacious BEAUTY STUDIO where a cheerful and sunny atmosphere prevails. We specialize in individual

BOBBING & SETTING for the discriminating madame and mademoiselle.

CHAS. DEUTSCH
Incorporated
607 5TH AVE. VO. 5-3282-3

NEW YORK CITY
"Select Your Warehouse as You Would Your Bank"

KINDERMANN
FIREPROOF
Storage Warehouses

Moving
Packing
Shipping
Dead Storage for Automobiles

MAIN OFFICE
Webster Ave. at 170th Street
Tel. Jerome 7-0196 N. Y. City
Correspondence in All Cities
Established 50 Years

HILDA hats

Dresses and Sportswear

665 FIFTH AVENUE
at 53rd Street
NEW YORK
PLAZA 3-9790

NEW YORK CITY

A Permanent WAVE at Saveli's

lends grace and charm that is very feminine and desirable

Monitor readers will be pleased to find a well experienced staff of operators under the personal supervision of Mr. Saveli to satisfy your every desire. *Free Consultation.*

Saveli's
18 E. 55th St. WI 2-7980

HAIR DRESSERS
A. M. BRAUN INC.

Beauty Salons—New York

CROYDON HOTEL 12 E. 86th St., BUtterfield 8-7372
849 MADISON AVE. (Between 70th and 71st Streets), BUtterfield 8-4483
BUCKINGHAM HOTEL 101 West 57th Street, CIrcle 7-8290

FOR THOSE WHO PREFER THE BEST

And How!

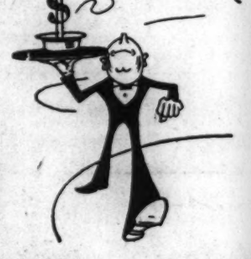
Growing bodies prefer Pediforme Shoes!

A growing foot wants it own way . . . and Pediforme Shoes tactfully allow it this privilege. (Exclusive balancing 'last'.) Infants to adults sizes: $2.75 to $12.

New York, 36 W. 36th Street
Brooklyn, 322 Livingston St.
New Rochelle, 545 North Drive, 2474 Morris Avenue
S. Orange, 29 Washington Pl.

Pediforme

A reputable name is the best guarantee of satisfaction.



Service *without* waiting!

That's what we offer college and prep school men home for the holidays and bent on getting their Winter outfitting over as fast as possible!

Smartest styles.
Ample stocks.
Wide variety.
Moneyback quality.
Moderate prices.

Style note!

Our young men's double breasted dinner jackets are giving our young men's tail coats quite a run this season!

Correct evening accessories include a new 5-eyelet patent leather oxford on British lines designed for men who like to dance!

To top off your whole outfit—

A London silk topper direct from Henry Heath!

Luck, too—our entire stock of genuine Sedan Montagnacs—those rich good-looking overcoats so smart for evening wear—cut to—

$65 now!

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at Liberty, Broadway at Warren, Broadway at 13th St.
Broadway at 35th St., NEW YORK CITY, Fifth Ave. at 41st St.
Tremont at Bromfield, Boston, Massachusetts

ASK US!

THE NEW YORK OFFICE OF THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

WELCOMES THE OPPORTUNITY TO ASSIST YOU BY GIVING YOU NAMES, ADDRESSES AND INFORMATION ABOUT OUR ADVERTISERS, EITHER LOCAL, NATIONAL, FINANCIAL, HOTEL OR TRAVEL, SCHOOLS AND CAMPS.

THIS SERVICE IS MAINTAINED THAT WE MAY BETTER SERVE OUR READERS AND OUR ADVERTISERS.

270 MADISON AVE. AT 39TH ST.
TELEPHONE CALEDONIA 5-2706

GREENLEAF IS AGAIN CHAMPION

Defeat of Erwin Rudolph Gives Pocket-Billiard Title to Holder

WORLD'S PROFESSIONAL POCKET BILLIARD CHAMPIONSHIP

Player	Won	Lost	HR	BG	TP
J. R. Greenleaf	6	0	106	7	1000
Erwin Rudolph	6	2	89	8	824
Andrew Ponzi	4	3	73	4	779
James Caras	4	3	85	11	820
Pasquale Natalie	5	4	67	13	794
Bennie Allen	5	4	70	7	863
Frank Taberski	4	5	64	9	815
George Kelly	2	7	71	10	691
J. P. Mills	2	7	41	17	624
Walter Franklin	0	9	63	..	570

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, Dec. 22—E. Ralph Greenleaf, by a brilliant exhibition of nerve when apparently close to defeat, swept his way to the final match of the world pocket-billiard championship, yesterday afternoon, when he made a new high run for the tourney, 106, in his sixteenth inning, after trailing to that point point at 41 to minus 23, in his game with Pasquale Natalie, yesterday afternoon. The final score was 125 to 57, when the champion finished with another run of 42 in the eighteenth inning.

Then he captured his second championship in succession, without playing further, as the result of the victory of Andrew Ponzi over Erwin Rudolph, who was the only player who could overtake him, in the evening game. He has still to play Rudolph, but the latter has two defeats charged against him, while Greenleaf has still to be beaten. The three other main places depend on the contest this evening, however, as a defeat for Rudolph will cause a triple tie between Rudolph, Ponzi, and James Caras, for second place, while if Rudolph wins, he will take second place, and the other two will play off for third.

Natalie was the better as far as steadiness went in the opening of the game with Greenleaf, and with careful position play, ran 28 in his first turn, set a fine safety for Greenleaf and then ran 15 more in the second. But at this point the cue ball stopped midway of the foot of the table, with one ball between it and the cushion, and both players resorted to safety play, no shots being visible in the pyramid. For the next 13 innings, not a single ball fell and finally Greenleaf made a third scratch in succession, racking the balls. Both players were very unsteady by this time, and while Natalie managed to get an opening in his half of the fifteenth inning, he had scored only 4 when he made a miscue, and Greenleaf, though still obviously off his game, played ahead until he obtained his steadiness, and then continued until he had reached 106, the best performance of the tournament. Then he slipped on an easy angle shot, only to get back a few innings later, and run out the string with an unfinished run of 42. The score by innings:

E. R. Greenleaf—0x 0s 0s 0s 0s 0x 0x 0s 0s 0s 0x 0x (0x 16 off) 0x 0x 106 0s 42—125. Innings—18. High run—106.

Pasquale Natalie—28s 15s 0x 0s 0x 0x 0s 0s 0s 0s 0x 0 0x 4 16s 0—57. Innings—17. High run—28. s—Safety. x—Referee—Joseph Ferguson.

The struggle between Rudolph and Ponzi was a battle all the way, with first one and then the other working ahead, and then each in turn resorting to safety play. At one time the score was 48 to minus 4, in favor of Rudolph, and later, the latter, as the result of twice having three scratches in succession, dropped behind the ultimate winner. Ponzi made a run of 52 at a critical moment, and a few innings later Rudolph launched a threat by a run of 43. But Ponzi replied with 40, and held the advantage to the end. The score:

Andrew Ponzi—52x 3 0x 0x 0x (16 off) 0x 0x 0x 0x (16 off) 0x 0x 0x 0x 12 0 0x 0 0x 0x 0x 3 16x 0x 0x 0x 0x 0x 12—128. Innings—20. High run—52.

Erwin Rudolph—0 22 3d 0x 0x 0x 0x 0x 0x 0x (16 off) 0x 0x 0x 0x 3x 3 16 0x 0x 0x (16 off) 16x 0 43 0x 0x 0x 0x (16 off) 0x—12. Innings—24. High run—43. s—Safety. x—Buralth. Referee—Joseph Ferguson.

RANGERS WITHDRAW SPRINGFIELD TEAM

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 22 (AP)—The Springfield Indian hockey team, one of the charter members of the Canadian-American Hockey League, is definitely out of that circuit as the result of a conference that took place in this city yesterday afternoon. Coach Frank Carroll and the members of the Springfield team have been ordered to report to New York today, at which time they will be assigned to other clubs by Lester Patrick, new general manager of hockey at Madison Square Garden.

In an attempt to see if he could bring about an agreement whereby professional hockey might be continued in this city, William F. Carey, president of Madison Square Garden and successor to Col. John S. Hammond as president of the New York Rangers of the National Hockey League, came to this city yesterday in company with Coach Patrick of the Rangers.

Carey and Patrick went into conference with directors of the Springfield Ice Rink, Inc., owners of the Springfield franchise in the Can-American League, and with officials of the Eastern States Exposition Company, owners of the Coliseum Building in which the Indians play their home games. Carey made a proposition which stated that Madison Square Garden was ready to keep the Indians in Springfield and the league provided the Ice Rink Inc., and the Eastern States Exposition Company would consent to make further concessions in the matter of operating and rental expenses.

President Arthur J. Shean of the Ice Rink, Inc., announced that his organization was agreeable to Carey's proposition, but Harry Fisk of the Eastern States Exposition said that his company could not see its way clear to accept Madison Square Garden's terms and, as a result, Carey and Patrick left the meeting and returned to New York.

BABE DIDRIKSON TO PLAY FOR PAY

BEAUMONT, Texas, Dec. 22 (AP)—Mildred Babe Didrikson, 19-year-old Olympic star suspended by the Amateur Athletic Union about 10 days ago because of the appearance of her name and picture in a motor-car advertisement, announced last night she had turned professional.

Arriving at her home here from Dallas, Miss Didrikson said she had accepted several offers to play for pay.

Miss Didrikson wired L. di Benedetto, secretary of the Southern A. A. U. at New Orleans, telling him of her plans.

"It is true," she said, "that I have resigned my position in Dallas and that I am considering the acceptance of not one but several of the numerous offers that have recently been made to me."

"The action of the Southern A. A. U. in disqualifying me for further participation in amateur athletics—athletics being the thing I am most interested in and care for most—virtually made this decision for me."

THOMAS RUSSELL '34 CHOSEN

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 22 (AP)—Thomas Russell '34 of Baltimore, center on the Johns Hopkins University football team last fall, recently was elected captain of the 1933 team.

Harvard and Dartmouth Win In Opening Chess Matches

H. Y. P. D. CHESS LEAGUE

College	Matches Won	Matches Lost	Games Won	Games Lost
Harvard	1	0	3½	½
Dartmouth	1	0	3	1
Princeton	0	1	1	3
Yale	0	1	½	3½

INDIVIDUAL CHESS STANDING

Player	College	Class	Won	Lost
M. C. Stark,	Harvard	'33	1	0
M. A. Mergentheim Jr.,	Harvard	'33	1	0
J. B. Hickam,	Harvard	'33	1	0
D. H. Schwartz,	Dartmouth	'36	1	0
J. P. Dean,	Dartmouth	'36	1	0
R. J. Fowle,	Dartmouth	'34	1	0
E. T. McCormick,	Princeton	'35	1	0
S. S. Coggan,	Harvard	'34	½	½
J. D. Williams,	Yale	'34	½	½
H. E. Clearman Jr.,	Princeton	'34	0	1
R. C. Doolittle,	Princeton	'35	0	1
E. J. Jackson,	Princeton	'36	0	1
H. W. Wood,	Dartmouth	'33	0	1
E. A. Wendling,	Yale	'34S	0	1
F. T. Strong,	Yale	'36S	0	1
R. T. Parker,	Yale	'35	0	1

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, Dec. 22—Dartmouth and Harvard were the winners in the first round of play in the H. Y. P. D. Chess League for the Belden-Stephens Challenge Cup which opened yesterday at the Marshall Chess Club. Dartmouth defeated Princeton, the present champion, 3 to 1, while Harvard won from Yale 3½ to ½.

Only one member of the Princeton team which won the title last year was on this year's quartet and he was the only player to win a match for the Tigers. He was Edgar T. McCormick '35 and he defeated Harvard W. Wood at Board No. 1. The Dartmouth man opened with a King's gambit and the Princeton captain outplayed his rival and won in 36 moves. It took Dartmouth's freshman, D. H. Schwartz, 41 moves to defeat Harold E. Clearman Jr. '34 in a Sicilian defense. The summary:

Bds.	PRINCETON	DARTMOUTH
1	E. T. McCormick	1 H. W. Wood 0
2	H. E. Clearman	0 D. H. Schwartz 1
3	R. C. Doolittle	0 J. P. Dean 1
4	E. J. Jackson	0 R. J. Fowle 1
Total		1 Total 3

Dartmouth played white on the odd-numbered boards.

John B. Hickam, the only freshman on the Harvard team, was the player to get the Crimson away to a good start over the Blue when he defeated Roy G. Parker '35, with a Zukertort-Retl variation of the Queen's pawn opening in 49 moves. The half point which went to Yale was won by John D. Williams '34, when Sidney S. Goggan '34, agreed to a draw after 43 moves. These players contested a similar opening to the Hickam-Parker match. It took 66 moves before Morton A. Mergentheim Jr., '33 of Harvard, defeated Frederick T. Strong '33S, at the second board and Martin C. Stark '33ES, required 70 moves to defeat Elmer A. Wendling '34S, at the first board. The summary:

Bds.	HARVARD	YALE
1	M. C. Stark	1 E. A. Wendling 0
2	M. A. Mergenthsiml	F. T. Strong 0
3	S. S. Coggan	½ J. W. Williams ½
4	J. B. Hickam	1 R. T. Parker 0
Total		3½ Total ½

Yale played white on the odd-numbered boards.

INTERNATIONAL HOCKEY LEAGUE

	Won	Tied	Lost	Goals For	Goals Agst	Pts
London	5	5	2	32	15	21
Syracuse	9	2	3	45	26	20
Buffalo	7	3	4	27	17	18
Windsor	5	3	6	26	35	13
Detroit	5	1	8	22	28	11
Cleveland	1	3	12	33	62	5

RESULT DEC. 21

Syracuse 6, Cleveland 4.

SYRACUSE STARS NEAR TOP

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Dec. 22—Syracuse Stars drew to within one point of the league-leading London Tecumsehs by defeating Cleveland Indians in a free scoring International Hockey League game here Wednesday night by a score of 6 to 4. The Indians got away to a flying start to establish an early two-goal lead, but could not protect the margin. Syracuse scored four times in the late minutes of the second period and twice in the third to gain the verdict. It was Cleveland's twelfth defeat of the season.

SOUTH CAROLINA MAY CUT STAFF

COLUMBIA, S. C., Dec. 22 (AP)—The Columbia Record says it learned recently both assistant coaches at the University of South Carolina may lose their jobs Jan. 1 or take sharp salary cuts because of shrinkage of revenues from football games this fall. "There may be no money," the Record says it learned, "to carry on the entire athletic program of the university." Dr. R. K. Foster, director of student affairs, said he had sent all three athletic coaches letters asking them what salaries they would accept next season.

COLLEGE BASKETBALL RESULTS

Denver 41, Brigham Young 20.
Hastings 38, Kearney 20.
Illinois 36, Missouri 24.
Kentucky 42, Tulane 11.
Loyola 16, St. Ambrose 15.
Oklahoma 49, Tulsa 20.
Springfield Empires 36, Illinois Wesleyan 17.
Stevens 22, Union 21.
Washington 32, Westminster 28.

TROTT AT NEBRASKA WESLEYAN

LINCOLN, Neb., Dec. 22 (AP)—Russell Trott '34 will captain the 1933 Nebraska Wesleyan University football team. His election was announced at a banquet honoring this year's squad. He played quarterback on offense and fullback on defense this year. He is a three-letter man in football and is after a third basketball letter this season.

ONE THOUSAND BATS A DAY

LEBANON, N. H., Dec. 22 (AP)—There will be plenty of bass hits next year if the order received at the A. A. Shaw Lumber Mill here means anything in the baseball world. An order for baseball bats has been received which will keep a force of men busy the next five months. One thousand bats a day, to be shipped in carload lots to New York, will keep the mill busy.

Three New Fielding Records Set Up in American League

Athletics Established Team Mark of .980, Bettering New York's .977 for 1923—Bishop and Dykes Shared Honors With A's—Foxx Topped List

Three new American League fielding records were established during the 1932 baseball season, according to official averages just released. The Philadelphia Athletics set up a new team fielding mark of .980, supplanting that of the New York Yankees, .977, made in 1923. Washington fielded .979, which, of course, also bettered New York's former record.

Max Bishop, playing in 106 games, fielded for .988 during the campaign, excelling the mark of .987 set by himself in 1926. The third new record was made by Jimmy Dykes, a teammate of Bishop on the Philadelphia Athletics, who had a mark of .990 through 141 contests, a new high average for third baseman.

Jimmy Foxx of Philadelphia led the first basemen who played in more than 100 games, with a mark of .994. Joe Cronin was the leading shortstop, the newly appointed Washington manager, fielding for .959. Cleveland's left fielder, Joe Vosmik, was first among the outfielders. The official team averages and also a few of the leading individuals follow:

CLUB FIELDING

Club	G	DP	TP	PB	PO	A	E	TC	Pct.
Philadelphia	154	142	0	15	4180	1736	134	6020	.980
Washington	154	157	0	6	4151	1731	135	6007	.979
St. Louis	154	156	1	6	4130	1809	186	6127	.970
Cleveland	153	129	0	6	4121	1823	191	6145	.969
Detroit	153	134	0	5	4068	1773	187	6048	.969
New York	155	124	0	10	4127	1834	188	6039	.969
Boston	154	105	0	5	4086	1961	233	6280	.963
Chicago	152	170	0	10	4046	1912	304	6222	.958
Totals		1197	1	63	33019	14349	1509	48388	.969

INDIVIDUAL FIELDING RECORDS
Ten or More Games

FIRST BASEMEN

Name and club	Throws	G	PO	A	E	TC	DP	Pct.
Connaiser, Cleveland	R	14	109	8	0	117	7	1.000
Judge, Washington	L	78	668	46	2	716	71	.997
Foxx, Philadelphia	R	141	1338	79	9	1416	115	.994
Kuhel, Washington	L	85	761	45	5	811	84	.994
Burns, St. Louis	L	150	1399	101	12	1512	130	.992
Alexander, 2 Detroit.-101 Boston	R	103	1055	67	9	1131	83	.992

SECOND BASEMEN

Name and club	Throws	G	PO	A	E	TC	DP	Pct.
Bishop, Philadelphia	R	106	332	360	7	679	88	.988
Melillo, St. Louis	R	153	393	526	16	937	110	.981
Lazzeri, New York	R	133	362	405	17	784	70	.978
Myer, Washington	R	139	352	426	20	798	97	.975
McManus, Boston	R	49	123	161	9	293	26	.969
Gehringer, Detroit	R	151	396	495	20	921	110	.967

THIRD BASEMEN

Name and club	Throws	G	PO	A	E	TC	DP	Pct.
Richardson, Detroit	R	66	51	92	2	145	8	.986
Dykes, Philadelphia	R	141	142	251	8	401	20	.980
Sewell, New York	R	122	122	221	9	352	15	.974
Bluege, Washington	R	149	158	295	14	467	28	.970
Kamm, Cleveland	R	148	164	299	16	479	20	.967

SHORTSTOPS

Name and club	Throws	G	PO	A	E	TC	DP	Pct.
Rhyne, Boston	R	55	92	161	9	262	31	.966
Cronin, Washington	R	141	306	448	32	781	95	.959
Dykes, Philadelphia	R	10	12	29	2	44	5	.955
McNair, Philadelphia	R	133	242	391	31	664	89	.953
Schuble, Detroit	R	90	42	82	5	129	14	.940
Burnett, Cleveland	R	103	184	304	26	516	52	.944
Rogell, Detroit	R	139	275	433	42	750	88	.944

OUTFIELDERS

Name and club	Throws	G	PO	A	E	TC	DP	Pct.
Coleman, Philadelphia	R	16	24	3	0	27	1	1.000
Lawrence, Detroit	R	15	39	2	0	41	1	1.000
Vosmik, Cleveland	R	133	432	12	5	449	4	.989
Manush, Washington	L	146	318	9	3	330	3	.988
Haas, Philadelphia	R	137	372	6	5	383	2	.987
Schulte, St. Louis	R	129	331	9	5	345	1	.986
Oliver, Boston	R	116	328	12	6	346	4	.983

PITCHERS

Name and club	Throws	G	PO	A	E	TC	DP	Pct.
Stewart, St. Louis	L	41	8	50	0	58	3	1.000
Freitas, Philadelphia	L	33	16	32	0	48	3	1.000
Uhle, Detroit	R	33	5	25	0	30	2	1.000
Coffman, 9 St. L.-22 Wash.	R	31	11	19	0	30	1	1.000
Jablonowski, 4 Cl.-11 Bos.	R	15	5	20	0	25	0	1.000
Brown, New York	R	19	5	16	0	21	1	1.000
Boerner, Boston	R	21	4	14	0	18	0	1.000
Burke, Washington	L	22	3	14	0	17	0	1.000
Ragland, Washington	R	12	3	8	0	11	1	1.000
Daglia, Chicago	R	13	4	5	0	9	1	1.000
Cain, Philadelphia	R	10	1	8	0	9	0	1.000
Cooney, St. Louis	R	22	3	5	0	8	1	1.000
Wells, New York	L	22	1	6	0	7	0	1.000
Gallivan, Chicago	R	13	2	5	0	7	0	1.000
Herring, Detroit	R	12	0	6	0	6	1	1.000
Chamberlain, Chicago	L	12	0	5	0	5	1	1.000

CATCHERS

Name and club	Throws	G	PO	A	E	TC	DP	Pct.	PB
Berg, Washington	R	75	229	35	0	264	9	1.000	2
Maple, Washington	R	41	34	5	0	39	2	1.000	0
Heving, Philadelphia	R	28	86	5	0	90	2	1.000	3
Pytlak, Cleveland	R	12	40	7	0	47	0	1.000	0
Cochrane, Philadelphia	R	137	852	94	5	751	15	.993	11
Hayworth, Detroit	R	105	399	59	4	462	8	.991	3

PHILADELPHIA AND BRUIN CUBS TIE, 1-1

CANADIAN-AMERICAN HOCKEY LEAGUE

	Won	Tied	Lost	Goals For	Goals Agst	Pts
Boston	7	4	3	45	31	18
Philadelphia	6	4	4	30	26	16
Springfield	6	2	5	29	29	14
Providence	6	0	7	32	31	12
New Haven	3	3	6	29	38	9
Quebec	3	3	6	22	33	9

RESULT DEC. 21

Philadelphia 1, Boston 1, overtime.

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

PHILADELPHIA, Penna., Dec. 22—Boston Cubs maintained their lead in the Canadian-American Hockey League by battling to a 1-to-1 overtime tie with the Philadelphia Arrows at the Arena last night before a crowd of 2500 fans.

This was the third straight time this season the pace setters in the league have deadlocked. By the tie the Cubs top the circuit race with 18 points to the Arrows' 16. Billy Hudson scored for Philadelphia in the first period on an assist from Conn while Foster, after taking a pass from Benson early in the third period, evaded Goalie Kerr to cause the overtime battle. Neither team threatened in the extra period. The summary:

PHILADELPHIA		BOSTON
Runge, Phillips	lw	Saunders, Davis
Burke, Conn, c	rw	Buckles
Boyd, Hudson, rw	c	Cook, O'Neil, King
Nichols, Desmarais	ld	Foster, Lane
Peters, McGoldrick, Pratt	rd	Jerwa, Lane
Kerr	g	Jackson

Score—Philadelphia 1, Boston 1. Goals—Hudson for Philadelphia; Foster for Boston. Assists—Conn for Philadelphia; Benson for Boston. Referee—W. J. Stewart. Linesman—Stevenson. Time—Three 20m. periods and 10m. overtime.

AMERICAN HOCKEY ASSOCIATION

	Won	Tied	Lost	Goals For	Goals Agst	Pts
Kansas City	7	0	3	20	18	14
St. Louis	6	1	3	24	20	13
Duluth	4	0	5	18	14	8
St. Paul	3	1	8	20	38	7

RESULT DEC. 21

St. Paul 2, St. Louis 1.

ST. PAUL DEFEATS ST. LOUIS

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

ST. PAUL, Minn., Dec. 22—DePaul's goal in the third period, a minute after St. Louis had tied the score, gave St. Paul a 2-to-1 victory over the Missouri Flyers in an American Hockey Association game here last night.

DUKE UNIVERSITY'S SCHEDULE

DURHAM, N. C., Dec. 22 (AP)—Three members of the recently formed Southeastern Conference, Tennessee, Kentucky and Auburn, appear on Duke University's 1933 football schedule. The Blue Devils will meet four co-members of the Southern Conference, V. M. I., Maryland, University of North Carolina and North Carolina State. Washington and Lee will not be played next year, the only change from this year's card.

TENNESSEE OPENS WITH V. P. I.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 22 (AP)—Tennessee will open the 1933 football season with Virginia Polytechnic Institute in Knoxville, Col. Paul Parker, athletic director, said recently in announcing the Vols' complete schedule. Tennessee will play seven Southeastern Conference teams, V. P. I. and Duke of the Southern Conference and an intersectional game with George Washington University in Washington, D. C.

CENTRE PICKS BARKSDALE

DANVILLE, Ky., Dec. 22 (AP)—Charles Barksdale '34 of Danville, left end of the Centre College football team, was elected captain of the 1933 eleven recently. He succeeds Yater Breeding '32. James Edwards '34, fullback and tackle, from Hopkinsville, Ky., was elected alternate captain.

BRUINS ENTERTAIN RED WINGS TONIGHT

Since the New York Rangers are not playing tonight, the Boston Bruins, by defeating Detroit Red Wings at the Boston Garden, will be able to tie with the New Yorkers for first place in the American division of the National Hockey League, being two points behind at present. Also, because of the strenuous game between the two in Detroit last Sunday, a good contest is expected tonight.

It will be the first appearance of the renovated Red Wings for, excepting the manager and a few veterans, changes have been many, even changing the name from Falcons to Red Wings. New players, mostly from the former Chicago Shamrocks of the American Hockey League, have altered the team in both style of play and appearance. Even new uniforms are sported.

Among the new men are Eddie Wiseman, right wing, and Walter Buswell, defenseman, from the American League; Carl Voss, center, recently purchased from Rangers; Johnny Gallagher, secured from Montreal Maroons, and Stew Evans, graduated from Olympics; the veteran goaltender, John Ross Roach, former Ranger, and George Hay, veteran, who has been called up to the majors from his position as manager of Olympics to help out at center.

Boston will not enter the game at full strength, for it will not have the rangy Hitchman at left defense and must use George Owen and Percy Galbraith in that position. Detroit has not been a power in the league this season, but its victory against the Bruins Sunday and then against Rangers Tuesday lifted the Red Wings in esteem.

DUNKAK REACHES SEMIFINAL

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, Dec. 22—Another member of the Crescent Athletic-Hamilton Club, W. H. Dunkak, entered the semifinal round of the United States novice squash tennis championship at the club yesterday, when R. C. Aikenhead of Columbia University Club, was defeated by the narrowest of margins, 18—13, 18—17. This places three members of the home club in the semifinals, with the first quarter still in the second round. J. V. Gallagher Jr. and G. T. Baxter won their third-round matches earlier in the week.

GIANTS SIGN SOUTHWORTH

NEW YORK, Dec. 22 (AP)—William H. "Billy" Southworth, former manager of the St. Louis Cardinals, and the Cardinal farms at Rochester and Columbus, has signed on as coach with the New York Giants for the 1933 season, the baseball club announced yesterday. Tom Clark, former major league catcher, also has signed as coach for another year, officials of the club said. Southworth, former Giant outfielder, was a room mate of Bill Terry, now manager of the club, during his playing days here.

LEACH NAMED CAPTAIN

UNIVERSITY, Ala., Dec. 22 (AP)—Foy A. Leach '34, end, of Siloam Springs, Ark., recently was named captain of the 1933 University of Alabama football team. Frank O. Moseley '34, quarterback, of Montgomery was named alternate captain. Leach was a regular this year, while Moseley alternated at quarterback.

ART ROSS FINED $50

MONTREAL, Dec. 22 (AP)—Art Ross, manager of the Boston Bruins of the National Hockey League, yesterday was fined $50 for striking King Clancy of the Toronto Maple Leafs during an argument in the course of the Bruins-Leafs game at Boston last week.

Baseball Booming In Tokyo League

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Tokyo

BASEBALL is one industry which has held up well during the depression in Japan.

Publication of the financial statement of "Tokyo Big Six Baseball League," composed of teams of the six leading universities of the capital, shows that the fall championship series brought gate receipts amounting to about 300,000 yen, or around $150,000 at normal exchange. Receipts were only 54,000 yen less than a year ago, despite the fact admissions were reduced from 50 sen to 20 sen this season.

Southern Conference Football Scores

ALABAMA		U. SOUTH	
48-Southwestern	6	12-M. Tenn Nor.	0
83-Miss. State	0	3-So. Carolina	7
38-Chic. Wash.	6	0-Kentucky	12
3-Tennessee	7	0-Florida	19
24-Mississippi	13	6-Southwestern	6
12-Kentucky	7	0-T. P. I.	0
9-Va. P. I.	6	0-Louisiana	33
0-Georgia Tech	6	6-Penn. State	18
20-Vanderbilt	0	6-Mississippi	27
6-St. Mary's	0	0-Tulane	38
300	51	35	154

LOUISIANA		ALABAMA P. I.	
3-Tex. Christ'n	3	61-Birm-South'n	0
8-Rice Institute	10	77-Erskine	0
80-Spring Hill	0	18-Duke	7
24-Miss. State	0	0-Georgia Tech	9
14-Arkansas	0	19-Tulane	0
33-South	0	14-Misslssippi	7
6-So. Carolina	0	25-Howard	0
0-Centenary	6	21-Florida	6
14-Tulane	0	14-Georgia	7
0-Oregon	13	30-So. Carolina	20
183	31	275	84

GEORGIA		FLORIDA	
6-Virginia P. I.	7	19-Sewanee	0
25-Tulane	34	27-Citadel	7
6-No. Carolina	6	6-N. C. State	17
6-Vanderbilt	12	12-Georgia	33
33-Florida	12	13-No. Carolina	18
7-N. Y. U.	13	6-Auburn	21
33-Clemson	18	0-Georgia Tech	6
7-Alabama P. I.	14	13-Tennessee	32
0-Georgia Tech	0	13-U. C. L. A.	2
122	116	169	136

CLEMSON		VANDERBILT	
13-Presbyterian	0	20-Mercer	7
14-Georgia Tech	33	39-No. Carolina	7
0-N. C. State	13	0-W. Kentucky	0
19-Erskine	0	6-Tulane	6
0-So. Carolina	14	13-Georgia	6
7-Davidson	7	13-Georgia Tech	0
18-Citadel	6	13-Maryland	0
18-Georgia	32	6-Tennessee	0
0-Furman	7	0-Alabama	20
89	111	129	46

GEORGIA TECH		DUKE	
33-Clemson	14	13-Davidson	0
6-Kentucky	13	44-Virginia M. I.	0
0-Auburn	6	7-Alabama P. I.	13
43-No. Carolina	14	34-Maryland	0
0-Vanderbilt	12	0-Wake Forest	0
14-Tulane	20	13-Tennessee	16
6-Alabama	0	13-Kentucky	0
6-Florida	0	0-N. C. State	6
0-Georgia	0	7-No. Carolina	0
6-California	27	13-Wash. & Lee	0
116	106	153	40

NO. CAROLINA ST.		MISS. STATE	
9-Richmond	0	6-Alabama	53
13-Clemson	0	18-Miss. College	7
0-Wake Forest	0	0-Louisiana	24
17-Florida	6	9-Millsaps	8
0-No. Carolina	13	0-Indiana	19
7-Davidson	3	0-Tennessee	31
6-Duke	0	6-Southwestern	0
7-So. Carolina	7	0-Mississippi	13
59	29	33	155

NO. CAROLINA U.		TENNESSEE	
0-Wake Forest	6	13-Chattanooga	0
7-Vanderbilt	39	33-Mississippi	0
7-Tennessee	20	20-No. Carolina	7
6-Georgia	6	7-Alabama	3
14-Georgia Tech	43	60-Maryville	0
13-N. C. State	0	16-Duke	13
18-Florida	13	31-Miss. State	0
12-Davidson	0	0-Vanderbilt	0
0-Duke	7	26-Kentucky	0
7-Virginia	14	32-Florida	13
84	142	238	36

SOUTH CAROLINA		MARYLAND	
7-South	3	63-Wash. Col.	0
7-Villanova	6	6-Virginia	7
0-Wake Forest	6	0-Virginia P. I.	33
18-Wofford	0	0-Duke	34
14-Clemson	0	24-St. John's	7
0-Tulane	6	13-Virginia M. I.	7
0-Louisiana	6	0-Vanderbilt	13
0-Furman	14	7-Annapolis	26
19-Citadel	0	6-Wash. & Lee	0
7-N. C. State	7	23-Johns H'pkins	0
20-Alabama P. I.	20	7-W. Maryland	39
83	68	148	156

TULANE		VIRGINIA P. I.	
26-Tex. A. & M.	14	33-Roanoke	7
34-Georgia	33	7-Georgia	6
6-Vanderbilt	6	33-Maryland	0
7-Alabama P. I.	19	7-Wm. & Mary	0
6-So. Carolina	0	7-Kentucky	0
20-Georgia Tech	14	33-Wash. & Lee	6
6-Kentucky	3	6-Alabama	9
26-South	0	13-Virginia	0
0-Louisiana	14	26-Virginia M. I.	0
131	95	183	38

KENTUCKY		MISSISSIPPI	
23-Virginia M. I.	0	49-Miss. Teach.	0
18-South	0	0-Tennessee	33
12-Georgia Tech	0	26-Howard	6
33-Wash. & Lee	7	6-Centenary	13
0-Virginia P. I.	7	13-Alabama	34
7-Alabama	12	7-Alabama P. I.	14
0-Duke	13	0-Minnesota	26
3-Tulane	6	27-South	6
0-Tennessee	26	7-Southwestern	0
		13-Miss. State	0
		0-U. of Tulsa	26
116	77	148	148

WASH. & LEE		VIRGINIA M. I.	
0-Geo. Wash.	18	18-King College	6
0-Davidson	7	0-Kentucky	23
0-Annapolis	33	0-Duke	44
7-Kentucky	53	0-Citadel	12
0-Wm. & Mary	7	0-Davidson	12
6-Virginia P. I.	33	6-Virginia	4
7-Virginia	0	7-Maryland	12
0-W Virginia	19	7-Wm. & Mary	20
0-Maryland	6	0-Richmond	7
0-Duke	13	0-Virginia P. I.	26
20	188	38	186

| VIRGINIA | | |

CHRISTMAS USES YOUNG GROWTH OF FIR TREES

Many Woodsmen Are Employed—Only Good for Decorative Purposes

Nearly 25,000,000 fir trees, are cut each year in the United States and Canada to supply families with the annual "Christmas Tree," a practice which if not abused by the destruction of valuable trees on private property is beneficial to all concerned, according to Mr. William L. Baseley, commissioner of conservation.

Puget Sound is known today as the land of the Christmas tree. From this region a large ocean liner, the Tacoma, annually carries a cargo to the Hawaiian Islands where they do not grow. From Canada the United States buys about 10,000,000 young trees and long trainloads from Washington and Oregon come east as far as Chicago. Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont supply the eastern states. Regions as far south as Colorado help stock the western markets while on the Atlantic coast the trade is profitable as far south as Kentucky.

Those uninitiated in forestry think this a great waste, but the opposite is true. Thousands of woodsmen are given employment in cutting out these young trees which are of no use for anything but Christmas decorations and the forest farmer is encouraged to weed out his forest land. Thus is assured maximum conservation of more valuable timber. The young firs when tied in bundles of two to six bring from 20 to 30 cents wholesale and sell in the city markets for from $1 to $5.

"But with the advent of the holiday season," says Mr. Bazeley, "There come the usual complaints from property owners in country districts, that people are driving out in their automobiles and cutting down spruce and hemlock trees used for decorations. It ought not to be necessary to enforce a statute which provides a penalty of $500 or a jail term of six months for such an offense."

Wisconsin has a National Forest which supplies it with holiday green and each tree from this State bears the following message:

"This tree brings a Christmas message from the great outdoors. Its cutting was not destructive, but gave needed room for neighboring trees to grow faster and better. It was cut under the supervision of the United States Forest Service from a crowded stand. The prevention of forest fires through the past few years has made it possible for this tree to decorate your home on Christmas Day."

Technocracy Worked 12 Years Unknown

(Continued from Page 1)

data and with an emphasis which the facts alone may give, the ever-closer correlation between social development and the energy factors which, through technology, have in the past 150 years become of supreme importance."

But all this was to come much later. The statement in that Aug. 17 news item was sufficiently startling to make one sit up and take notice, meaning rub one's eyes and read the item again. To some readers it may have seemed at first as if an American spoofer of the caliber of Captain Koepenick had got loose somewhere. Was Technocracy another Captain Koepenick? Seemingly not, under such auspices.

The genesis of what a New York newspaper calls "the new cult" was given to me today by several people who, if they are not technocrats themselves, are on more than a nodding acquaintance with them.

August is a dry season for news, especially at Columbia University. On Aug. 15 or thereabouts the publicity man at Columbia felt that desperate measures would have to be taken to keep the university on the map. He prowled over the campus and peeked into the administrative buildings. In one of them, the school of engineering, he saw a group of men at work, statistizing, plotting charts, working over graphs. He recognized them as a group of outside engineers, who had been given permission to use one of the college laboratories.

Technocracy they called their group; technocrats, themselves. Here was a story to irrigate the general aridity. Armed with the "finding" about the American worker, the publicity man wrote his piece.

Who, What, When, Where?

Will Rogers has asked: "Is it a new mouth wash, a corn plaster or has the scientist just hired a press agent?"

It seemed to me when I started on the quest of "how, when, who and where" that there was something in at least the last hazard. Technocracy bore all the earmarks of masterly publicity amounting to genius. So, in talking to some of the technocrats, who were complaining about the all-encompassing spotlight, I ventured:

"Well, you must admit that you brought it on yourselves."

It was then explained that the publicity man had simply been given "conversational" findings, and had issued his release over their protest.

The light did not burst all at once on the technocrats. Another event occurred that stoked into full blaze the spark which curiosity about that Aug. 17 news story had provided. Some city editor, probably laboring under the same difficulty as the Columbia publicity man, snipped out the item, and, looking over a battery of reporters who were eating their heads off in the city room, sent one of them to Columbia, with instructions to get something more about the technocrats. Who were they? What were they doing?

The reporter wrote his story. So impressed was he with the magazine possibilities of Technocracy that he straightway contracted with the New Outlook to write a couple of articles. His name is Wayne W. Parrish.

The Flames Catch

That reporter put Technocracy very definitely into the American forum as a dominating topic of discussion. He, like the technocrats themselves, is now being bombarded with letters and telegrams from all parts of the country, asking him for more particulars, offering him lecture engagements.

The object of the biggest bombardment is, of course, Mr. Scott. He cannot cope with the demands for his services as a lecturer.

Somewhat of a mystery man is this Howard Scott, made so by a penchant for giving an unenlightening "no" and "yes" to questions about his antecedents. This is explained, according to his friends, as due to his impatience with the curiosity about himself. If people are interested in Technocracy, then it is about Technocracy that they should require information, in his view. Evidently his publicity advisers are not very well acquainted with his background themselves, for, in answer to my questions, they said that in due course data under this head would be supplied, but that Mr. Scott had still to be persuaded that a biography was desirable.

Scott Opens Flood Gates

All with whom I have spoken about the man Scott agree that he has a dynamic personality. He is described as a rangy six-footer, with an amazing fund of information about the rise and ramifications of mechanistic society, which he pours out in an eloquent stream.

Soon after Aug. 17 he addressed several intimate groups, at their request, meeting generally at Fifth Avenue clubs. Most of his hearers carried away his message to a larger public, either in the magazines, or to down-town clubs, where Wall Streeters discussed Mr. Scott in the light of their financial experience with industry. Then the head and front of this new "movement" fulfilled several lecture engagements in various American cities which his club hearers had arranged.

So Technocracy grew with the rapidity of a prairie fire. Newspapers are running special articles. News agencies are receiving urgent appeals for "more." News reel men may be seen in the vicinity of Columbia University waiting for "shots." Radio men are sensing the public demand, and are appealing for statements. Magazines are clamoring for articles. Two that lie before me now are encircled with slip-on paper bands announcing "the" latest word. The works of Thorstein Veblen, that neglected American economist, are being exhumed from their decade-old sleep, and are being sold like hot cakes, one in particular, "The Engineers and the Price System," being decorated with the legend that it is "the original Gospel of Technocracy.'" Four books are announced, including a Primer and an Outline. At least one university will take up next term Technocracy's critique of capitalism. Technocracy has, indeed, arrived.

Columbia Astounded

"Astonishing!" groaned Prof. Walter Rautenstraugh, head of the department of industrial engineering at Columbia, and, next to President Nicholas Murray Butler, the host of Technocracy at the university, when I called upon him today. The Professor was standing at a desk littered with letters and telegrams. "The problem now is, How can we get back to work?" he said.

Next door were the technocrats. I asked whether I could be admitted through the portals. Pleasantly enough, Dr. Rautenstraugh refused.

"You see," he explained, "we have been compelled to shut out everybody. Look what has happened." He indicated with a despairing gesture the heap of mail on his desk. "All relations with the public are being conducted through Box & Cox," naming a publicity organization.

"But I not only want to see the technocrats at work; I want to have a chat with Howard Scott," I ventured.

"I'm afraid you'll get the same answer," said the Professor, with the same urbanity. "It simply can't be done. Better go to Box and Cox."

I asked whether Technocracy was working in accord with certain engineers and economists abroad. Apparently they aren't. "They have come to much the same conclusions as yourselves," I remarked.

New Era, All Right

"Yes, we are in a new era, all right," he replied.

Box and Cox is my imaginary name for a public relations organization which has still to be set up but which is now in nucleus form in the office of a press agent. They realize, I am told, that Technocracy, now that the cat is out of the bag, has a duty to the public, at least to give it something to chew upon. The technocrats, they say, have not hitherto appreciated this. They wish only to be left alone to pursue their "rigorous quantitative analysis of social phenomena" to the end of their survey. They are interested neither in publicity nor criticism as yet. When it was first suggested that they acquire the aid of public relations counsel, they laughed. Such a notion appeared a joke to them. "Now," said one of the potential counselors, "they have seen the necessity—out of sheer exhaustion."

Well, what had they got to offer me? Nothing. Where were the findings? They were not finished. Not even anything about Mr. Scott? Not even that.

Mr. Scott, they hoped, might be persuaded to write a succinct account of what Technocracy stands for. But, they warned, it was concerned with facts, not nostrums. They also hoped to issue the speeches that he had delivered and which, "by great good luck," were all recorded by stenographers.

When I asked whether I might take such and such an article as "authoritative," the answer was invariably no. In one case it was "almost," whatever that may mean. According to these people, there is only one authoritative statement. This is the article appearing in the current Harper's.

Got Exactly Nowhere

"However, we might give a lunch sometime so that people like yourself can fire your questions at Mr. Scott," concluded the counselors.

Thus the extraordinary case is presented of an organization that is one of the most-talked-of organizations in the United States gaining its reputation on hearsay and secondhand information about its studies. "Almost disreputable—the way it has caught on," said one technocrat, grinning.

That there will be findings there can be no gainsaying. The laboratory is in existence. The workers in it and their sponsors are all men of repute and standing. It is housed in Columbia University. Finance is supplied, I infer, by the Gibson unemployment committee, the architects emergency employment committee, and the Columbia department of industrial engineering.

And the "bottle neck" with the public is rapidly being organised to feed the devouring curiosity of people who are avid for material, if not first-hand, then second-hand and even third-hand.

Carol Singing Still Popular in England

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR-Alfieri Picture Service, London

ONE OF GROUPS OF CHILDREN WHICH MAKE ROUNDS OF SUBURBS ON CHRISTMAS EVE

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

LONDON—The modern London suburb may not offer the same romantic environment for carol singing that characterised old England in former eras, but the waits continue to make their rounds of house and hall in spite of the changes which time has brought to the English scene.

In remote English villages the carol singers still voice their melodies outside the doors of manor and castle, but in London it is around the street lamp that the children of today assemble to give air to the ancient nativity hymns.

Frequently traveling in bands, but sometimes alone, London children make a genuine mission of their carol singing on Christmas eve, and the evenings prior to it. Sometimes they are to be seen individually at the doorstep of a suburban house, singing a clear treble and making a round of modest homes in solitary state.

These soloists always elicit the good will of the inhabitants, and frequently gifts of coin or good cheer are handed out to the solo-choir, whose "Hark! the Herald Angels Sing" has brought the head of the house from his newspaper beside the fire, or the housewife from her sewing machine.

BEER BILL SPEED SLOWS UP UNDER SENATE BRAKES

(Continued from Page 1)

its desire for beer and its aversion to the sales tax.

Democratic House leadership provided its first example of real control in the final debate on the Collier bill yesterday. Under a reminder from Representative Henry T. Rainey of Illinois, party floor leader, that a negative vote would not win favors of the incoming Administration, more Democrats stayed in the House than had been expected. Early predictions from their command were that they would need 120 Republican votes to win. But they succeeded by a margin of 60, with only 93 yeas from the minority party.

Never In Doubt

The outcome was never in doubt after the first dry attempt to kill it by striking out the enacting clause was defeated by a vote of 163 to 128. That this amendment was proposed by a wet, Representative William I. Sirovich (D.) of New York, was the comedy note in the proceedings.

Mr. Sirovich had no intention of bringing about a vote on the point. He merely proposed it to gain the floor with the intention of withdrawing on conclusion of his remarks. But drys prevented the withdrawal and forced the vote which for a moment threatened to upset all wet calculations.

Only two record votes were taken on amendments. The second was to reduce the legal alcoholic content provided in the bill from 3.2 per cent by weight to 2.75 as it originally provided. It was defeated by 124 to 75.

Amendments to restrict the place and character of sales were ruled out by the chair on points of order, it being held that such restrictions on individual states were not germane to a strictly revenue measure.

The only incidents which might be interpreted as a dry victory were the defeat of an amendment offered by Representative John Schaefer (R.) of Wisconsin to protect home brewers from a clause in the assessing of a $1000 license fee on brewers and of a motion by Representative John J. O'Connor of New York to insert a declaration that beer of 3.2 per cent by weight was not intoxicating in fact.

The title of the bill, however, implying that the beverages legalized therein are "nonintoxicating," was upheld against a dry motion to strike out this word.

Volstead Denies Saying 3 P. C. Beer as Nontoxic

ST. PAUL, Minn., Dec. 22 (AP)—Mr. Andrew J. Volstead, co-author of the Prohibition Enforcement Act, vigorously denied a statement, Dec. 20, attributed to him by Representative Leonidas C. Dyer of Missouri in the House, that 3 per cent beer was not intoxicating.

"I never said anything of the kind," Mr. Volstead asserted. "I have said time and time again that it is intoxicating."

Mr. Volstead said that Mr. Dyer, as well as many others, apparently misinterpreted the statement he once made before the House Rules Committee, that "1, 2 or 3 per cent of alcohol in fruit juices might not be intoxicating."

"I wasn't talking about beer and never even mentioned the word, here the day I appeared before the Rules Committee, 10 or 12 years ago at a hearing on fruit juices," Mr. Volstead said. "The effect of alcohol in fruit juices is offset a good deal by the sugar and other substances contained in the fruit juices, but 3 per cent alcohol in beer is entirely different."

Mr. Volstead said that a glass and a half (eight ounce glass) of ordinary beer "contains as much alcohol as the ordinary one ounce glass of whisky."

Georgia's Demand Denied and Burns Gets His Freedom

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 22—Robert Elliott Burns, fugitive from a Georgia chain gang, is free today, Gov. A. Harry Moore of New Jersey having refused to grant the application of the State of Georgia to extradite him.

Governor Moore announced his decision yesterday after a four-hour hearing.

The prisoner's service with the American Expeditionary Forces and his honorable discharge from the army were described by Mr. Charles Handler, his counsel. Twenty-four hours after Mr. Burns arrived in Atlanta, he became involved in charges of a $5.85 grocery store robbery, for which he was sentenced from six to 10 years, Mr. Handler said.

The high spot of the proceedings came when Samuel Bernstein, the grocer he was accused of robbing, appeared on the stand and in answer to Governor Moore's question whether he believed the prisoner should be returned to Georgia, declared: "Your Honor, I do not."

Shaking hands with Burns after announcing his decision, Governor Moore assured the prisoner that "as long as you live the life of a decent citizen in New Jersey, I'll not sign a warrant for your return to Georgia."

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 22 (AP)—Gov. Richard B. Russell Jr., today issued a statement terming the action of Gov. A. Harry Moore of New Jersey, who yesterday refused extradition to Georgia of Robert Elliott Burns, fugitive from a Georgia chain gang, as contrary to precedent, custom and comity between states and a direct violation of the United States Constitution.

RAIL GROUPS REACH WAGE COMPROMISE

CHICAGO, Dec. 22 (AP)—Eleven days of negotiations, the last 14 hours of which were uninterrupted, ended at 12:04 a. m. (C. S. T.) today when 21 railway unions agreed to extend their present 10 per cent reduction in wages for another nine months.

At that hour the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, headed by Mr. David B. Robertson, voted approval of the carriers' proposal for extension of the deduction until Oct. 31, with basic rates to remain unchanged and either side free to propose an extension or change in the agreement or a change in the basic rates between June 15 and Nov. 1.

The acceptance binds all the country's class one roads and about 1,000,000 workers. It means a saving of $150,000,000 in operation costs between January and November. The agreement did not lessen the likelihood that the carriers would seek a 20 per cent reduction in basic rates after June 15. They had said extensions of the 10 per cent cut would be inadequate.

AKRON AT LAKEHURST

LAKEHURST, N. J., Dec. 22 (AP)—The U. S. S. Akron, with Rear Admiral William H. Moffett aboard, returned to the naval station at dawn yesterday, after a training flight at sea. The craft will not fly again until the first of the new year.

Mary Dawes Hotel Reopens For Chicago Working Girls

260 Women Find Home Cleaned and Renovated During Six Weeks It Has Been Closed

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, Dec. 22—The Mary Dawes Hotel built by Brig.-Gen. Charles G. Dawes, former Ambassador to Great Britain, as a memorial to his mother, was reopened here this week, having been completely renovated and cleaned during the six weeks that its doors were closed.

Designed especially to give the employed business woman a home, the hotel was erected at a cost of $150,000 and accommodates 260 girls. Waitresses, clerks, employees in the printing shops and publishing houses in the neighborhood, typists stenographers and girls of many other occupations have made the simple four-story building their home since it was built in 1917. Though a girl pays only $4 a week for her meals and from $1.50 to $2.50 for her room she is assured a comfortable and clean home, and General Dawes makes up the deficit.

Since its renovation, the long living room on the first floor with its dark-red upholstered chairs mingling with others, its fresh rose-colored draperies, and the large portrait of Mrs. Dawes, the General's mother, above the mantel makes a homey room where the residents may entertain their guests.

A crackling fire in the open fireplace lends a cheery glow to the black-topped tables in the cafeteria. Here window boxes of flowers decorate the walls and a large checkered linoleum spreads over the floor. In the sewing room many a girl has cut, fitted and sewed her own dresses. Girls have the free use of the sewing machines, cutting table and form for fitting garments. For five cents an hour they can wash their own clothes in the basement.

Though not organized as a club, the girls are thrown together to some extent. On two floors they have their own private sitting rooms, where they may turn out a tune on the piano, lounge about in the comfortable furniture or curl up in an easy chair with a book from their own library. Tiny bedrooms, though only large enough for a narrow single bed, a small chiffonier and a chair, nevertheless are spotlessly clean and inviting with freshly laundered curtains at their single windows.

In General Dawes's statement shortly after the hotel was opened he referred to it as "just a little hotel run as a first-class, respectable place, differing from other first-class hotels only in its cheaper prices." General supervision is now in charge of Mr. Henry M. Dawes, formerly Comptroller of the Currency at Washington, who sees that the hotel is operated by women. Mrs. Elizabeth Haines has remained the head manager almost since the beginning.

Two other hotels, both for men only, were built by General Dawes, one on Peoria Street in Chicago in 1913 at a cost of $100,000, and one on Pine Street in Boston in 1915 at a cost of $132,000. These are known as the Rufus P. Dawes Hotels, having been built in memory of the General's son. They have a capacity of 500 each and are of a semi-charitable type, intended to give self-respecting men with no funds a clean and comfortable place to sleep. The rates, it is stated, have been reduced to 10 cents a night.

PRINTERS SANCTION FIVE-DAY SCHEDULE

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 22 (AP)—Union men printers employed by newspapers will work on a five-day week basis commencing Jan. 1. Headquarters of the International Typographical Union announced Dec. 20 upon completing tabulation of a recent referendum. Members of the union, the final vote showed, favored the five-day week, 32,073 to 18,010. Each union printer in a newspaper plant, under terms of the adopted plan, will be required to miss one day's work each week, and employ a substitute.

Local unions whose members are employed by commercial printing businesses are required by the new regulation to negotiate similar contracts with their employers as soon as possible, so that they will be working only five days also.

SANTA CLAUS POSTMASTER

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22 (AP)—A new postmaster for Santa Claus, Indiana, the center of hundreds of thousands of Yuletide letters—Mr. James F. Martin—was named yesterday by President Hoover.

BALTIMORE, MD.
Our 20% Discount Sale
will begin December 27th and continue through January
The MINCH & EISENBREY CO.
317-319 N. Howard Street
Furniture—Rugs—Draperies

Stewart's Wishes Its Friends and Patrons
A Merry Christmas
STEWART'S
"Baltimore's Modern Department Store"

Leo B. Grifford
Public Accountant and Tax Counsellor
400 EQUITABLE BUILDING
BALTIMORE, MARYLAND
Audits—Systems—Investigations
Federal and State Taxes
OFFICE PHONE Plaza 1317 RES. PHONE Gilmore 4244

Visit Warner's
for the Beautiful, Practical Gifts for Christmas
Neckties, Scarfs, Robes, Shirts
Dobbs' Hats for Women
Handbags, Hosiery
Warner & Co.
18-20 EAST BALTIMORE ST.
BALTIMORE, MD.

BALTIMORE, MD.
Anthracite and Bituminous
COAL
for Household Use
Also Agents for
Sherwood Brothers Fuel Oil
EMERSON & MORGAN
11 W. FAYETTE STREET
Plaza 3331

BALTIMORE, MD.
Call
WILCOX & ZIEGLER
Incorporated
for SUPERIOR ANTHRACITE and high grade BITUMINOUS LUMP.
COAL
Ask about AMBRICOAL, suitable for any heating plant.
We sell Fuel Oil, too.
Wolfe 1670
Monument Street at Gay

ONE SOURCE OF Responsibility
"You Are Fully Protected"

Modern Movers
Daily bookings for whole or part loads as well as individual pieces of furniture to or from Washington, Norfolk, Richmond, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago, and all points en route.
Branch Offices: PHILADELPHIA, 1040 Commerce Avenue; WASHINGTON, 1117 H Street, N. W.; NORFOLK, 414 Plume Street; NEW YORK, 155 Charles St.
DAVIDSON TRANSFER AND STORAGE CO.
34 S. EUTAW ST. PLaza 5800
BALTIMORE
"We have Owned and Operated our Own Equipment SINCE 1895"

BALTIMORE, MD.
SHOP AT
BRAGER EISENBERG
Baltimore's Great Thrift Store
Eutaw, Saratoga and Clay Sts.
CALVERT 2222
STYLE WITHOUT EXTRAVAGANCE

BALTIMORE, MD.
The Store of Satisfaction
HOCHSCHILD KOHN & CO.
Howard and Lexington Streets
BALTIMORE, MD.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.
A Smart Gift for Men
Suede Jackets
$7.50
Zipper or button style. Fine quality suede. Collar, cuffs, bottom—knitted or all-leather.
McFARLIN'S
195 Main Street East

ROCHESTER, N. Y.
Star Palace LAUNDRY
A Washday Bargain!
THRIFTY SERVICE 12 POUNDS FOR 96c
Everything Washed—Flat Work Ironed
PHONE—STONE 1503

ROCHESTER, N. Y.
Prices Reduced in the BEAUTY SHOP!
B. FORMAN COMPANY
Clinton Avenue South

ROCHESTER, N. Y.
It's Christmas time at
McCurdy's
"LET'S MAKE EVERYBODY HAPPY"

ROCHESTER, N. Y.
HOWE & ROGERS
"Rochester's One Outstanding Home Furnishings Store"
85 Clinton Ave. S.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.
E. J. Scheer
Incorporated
Jewelers
Big Reductions in STERLING SILVER for Christmas Shoppers
Gorham Silver Longines Watches
259 Main St. E. Opp. Sibley's

ROCHESTER, N. Y.
Services that help to make it a very ....
Merry Christmas
In the rush of purchasing, wrapping, mailing and a hundred-and-one different things our services come to the rescue. Everything connected with Christmas shopping may be done conveniently "under one roof."
GIFT CERTIFICATES AND MONEY ORDERS
Franklin Street Entrance
TRAVEL INFORMATION
Franklin Street Entrance
WRAPPING SERVICES
Wrapping Desk, Main Floor
DINING ROOM
Sixth Floor
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.
Buy Christmas Gifts
At a man's store where women feel at ease
Arrow Shirts 1.95 — Pajamas 1.95
Neckwear 95c — Scarfs 1.95
Hosiery 55c — Lined Silk Robes 7.95
Peck-Vinney Co.
320 S. SALINA STREET

SYRACUSE, N. Y.
Here's to an old fashioned Christmas
Dey's
Salina, Warren and Jefferson Streets

SYRACUSE, N. Y.
FROM OUR FARMS TO YOU
PASTEURIZED CLARIFIED
Milk—Cream
Buttermilk
Cottage Cheese
Butter
ONONDAGA MILK PRODUCERS CO-OPERATIVE ASSN., INC.
810 Burnet Ave. Phone 2-0103

SYRACUSE, N. Y.
SEARS, ROEBUCK AND CO.
"The Friendly Store"
The strongest Guarantee with every purchase—"Satisfaction or your Money Back."

The Editor's Puzzle

36

It may as well ~~be not~~ be stated here that the habit of some teachers of ~~to~~ denouncing ~~not~~ the split infinitive, as well as the examples of some ~~grammarians~~, are productive of ambiguous ~~and~~ artificial writing. Whatever may be said for or against ~~the split infinitive~~, ~~should~~ only ~~taken~~ is required common sense to handle it.

(Corrected form of puzzle which appears on Daily Features page)

THE NEW COLONIAL PACKAGE
49c lb.
You'll need plenty of candy for Christmas. This package makes a distinctive, tasty gift. 2 lb. Box 99c.

MAIL ORDERS FILLED
CANDY HOUSE
ROCHESTER CANDY WORKS
Quality Since 1888
Open Evenings Till 9 O'clock
413 STATE STREET
ROCHESTER, N. Y.
Just a Step North of Kodak

THE YOUNG FOLKS' PAGE

Mail Bag

Neuchâtel, Switzerland

Dear Editor:

As Christmas is getting near, your readers might be interested to know what it means to Switzerland's children. To them Christmas means, as sight, a bright Christmas tree lit with real candles, and snow; as smell, it means the fir tree when slightly burned, oranges and biscomes (a kind of flat honey bread). As sound, Christmas means the chimes of the bells, and singing.

Christmas trees are generally lit on Christmas Eve. One or two people, generally grownups, are appointed to light the tree, and the doors are thrown open to the family only when the electric light is turned off. When everybody has found a cozy nook, we all start singing the carol, "Voici Noel." This is the first and the last song of the evening. When every child and some grownups have recited or sung a Christmas message of good will either poems, Bible verses or carols, we join all together in another carol. After everyone has thus earned his or her present and exclaimed over the surprise, we have refreshments. Chocolates and oranges and apples and nuts are passed around in between times.

The next day, between 5 and 7 a. m. the bands go round the villages and play "Voici Noel." Everybody gets up to hear them better, and perhaps give the singers a hot drink.

In the afternoon, we go to the village hall and sing again with the children and enjoy the big Christmas tree there as much as they do. And then we visit our friends and start the singing of carols all over again.

Christmas is the time for singing in Switzerland. A Merry Christmas to all the Monitor readers all over the world from Switzerland.

Marguerite L. C.

Translated from the German

Hamburg, Germany

Dear Editor:

I want to tell you how much I enjoy the numerous nice stories in the Christian Science Monitor. I do not know English as yet, but our Sunday School teachers have found a way for us to read the Children's Page. They cut out the story in question, translate it into German and paste it on paper. On one side is the English original, on the other the translation. These are bound, and every Sunday we may borrow one of the books from our lending library. Isn't that wonderful? I like to read best of all the stories about little children or young animals, because I am so very fond of them. I have no sisters or brothers, but often wish I had someone to play with.

I should like to correspond with a girl of my age (11 years), but as I do not know English, I suppose I shall have to wait.

With kindest regards from the city of Hamburg in Germany from

Elfriede S.

Constantine, Algeria

Dear Editor:

For three years I have been reading your very interesting paper. I was in grammar school in France and every week our teacher gave us The Christian Science Monitor, which was welcome among all the students. Now I am stationed in Algeria and only see the Monitor occasionally.

As I intend to continue my studies in foreign languages (I speak French, English and German) I ask you please to put my name in the Monitor. I should like to hear from young fellows in America and all parts of the world. I am interested in travel, sports and study of all kinds.

Three friends, also secretaries of staff, ask if it is possible to have correspondents over the world. Louis F. and Marcel B. speak French only, while Michel H. speaks French, English and German.

Pierre H.

Pasadena, California

Dear Editor:

I have enjoyed reading the Mail Bag for several years, and from it I have gained many pen friends, some in England and Australia, as well as in America and South Africa. I hope to get some French friends through this letter, as I have just recently gained a little confidence in reading and writing French. I also take German in school, but I cannot read it yet. However, I should be glad to correspond with a German girl who can write English.

On New Year's Day Pasadena has the beautiful Tournament of Roses Parade, which goes past our house on its way through the city. Real flowers are used to decorate the numerous floats which are entered by the neighboring cities, and many people spend New Year's Eve in decorating the floats. In the afternoon everyone goes to the big football game held in the Rose Bowl, where teams from the East and the West compete.

I go to the Pasadena Junior College, which is a sort of experimental school. It consists of the last two years of high school and the first two years of college, and presents many interesting courses. I am just beginning my first year and am 15 years old.

Eleanor R.

Los Angeles, California

Dear Editor:

I am especially interested in gaining pen pals at this time, as I belong to the World Friendship Club, and am very interested in its work. I can correspond in Spanish and would be delighted to hear from someone in Spain, or some Spanish-speaking country. I should also like to receive letters from someone in France who would like to write letters in French and receive answers in English.

Please don't think that I am only interested in receiving letters in French and Spanish, because I shall be glad to receive letters from anywhere. I promise to answer all letters that I may receive.

Two hours boat ride from Los Angeles lies Catalina Island where I have been privileged to go three times. It is one of the beauty spots of California. The water there is very blue, and very clear. One can see interesting sea gardens, and schools of red, gold, and blue fish by merely looking into the water. There is a still water bathing beach, which is very unusual for California.

I am 16 years old, and my hobbies are stamp collecting, World Friendship, learning languages, tennis, swimming and reading. Won't someone please write to me?

Marjorie R.

Bristol, England.

Dear Editor:

This is the first time I have written to the Mail Bag but I hope it will not be the last. I am 12 years old and in the seventh standard at school.

The city of Bristol in which I live is one of the largest ports in England and also one of the oldest. It traded with foreign ports at the time of the Norman conquest. The city docks are now at Avonmouth, just outside Bristol, and from these docks it is easy to distribute goods to any part of England.

It was from Bristol that John Cabot sailed when he discovered Newfoundland and we have a tower on Brandon Hill commemorating his sailing. The light in the tower can be seen for miles around and is a landmark for Bristolians.

I should like a correspondent with whom I can exchange experiences. I attend the Sunday School of First Church of Christ, Scientist, Stokes Croft, Bristol. Dear Editor, I hope you will enlist me as a Mail Bagger.

Wilfred John S.

The following would like to receive letters:

From Girls

Edith P. (13), Portland, Ore.—Belongs to Girl Scouts. Collecting post cards and snapshots.

Dorothy T. (12), Berea, Ohio.—Interested in music and reading.

Else B., Chemnitz, Germany.—From girls 13 to 15.

Ruth E. (15), Jamaica, N. Y.—Especially from Germany and Spain. Interested in music, reading and sports.

Mae Louise B. (19), Marshalltown, Iowa.—From girls studying French.

Rachel B. (18), Medicine Hat, Canada.—Especially from Vienna, Reykjavik, and places along the Rhine.

Bernice L. (19), Davenport, Iowa.

DorieC-V., Leipzig, Germany.

From Boys

Eugene G. (14), Eureka, Calif.—Especially from Germany. Interested in stamp collecting, reading and drafting.

Maxwell M. (14), Edgewood, R. I.—Especially from western United States and England.

Hans H. (15), Harburg-Wilhelmsburg, Germany.

Over 20

Audrey L. R., Chicago, Ill.

Florence C., Sarasota, Fla.

Marga L., Hamburg, Germany.—Interested in music and sports.

Ella S., DeBilt, Holland—Correspond in German or English.

Franklin C., Woodlynne, N. J.—Interested in music, sports, literature, the theater and international affairs.

E. C. L. (Mr.), Stromsburg, Neb.

Holiday Stamp Treasures

Washington Bicentennial Souvenir Album, 25 stamps included, 10c. Beginners' outfits, $1 postpaid. Penny approvals. Send U. S. want list. Scott's 1933 Catalog, $2.85 postpaid.

E. A. BROWN

1 Marble Hill Avenue, Box F-1

NEW YORK CITY

Leader of Fresh Attack on Mount Everest

Left and Lower Right—The Christian Science Monitor—© Mount Everest Committee. Upper Right—© Keystone-Underwood.

On the Left of the Picture, in the Shadow, Colonel Norton Can Be Dimly Seen Approaching the Highest Point of His Climb (28,200 Feet) During the Mount Everest Expedition of 1924. Upper Right—Mr. Hugh Ruttledge, Who Is to Lead the New Attempt to Conquer Mount Everest. Lower Right—Members of the Expedition of 1924 Nearing the Top of the Chang La, Below Mount Everest.

"How I Became a Mountaineer"

London

MR. HUGH RUTTLEDGE is to lead the third expedition in the attempt to ascend Mount Everest in the new year. The mountain is the highest in the world, measuring 29,002 feet, and

Told by HUGH RUTTLEDGE
In an Interview with
Peggy Scott

a most experienced and courageous mountaineer has been selected as leader for this gigantic climb.

The way in which Mr. Ruttledge has turned his hobby to account all his life will interest boys and girls, for it is a story of adventure, of stupendous difficulties overcome, and of a wonderful understanding of humanity in dealing with native peoples.

"The desire to climb mountains came to me first when, after I had taken my degree at Cambridge, an uncle took me for a tour in Switzerland," Mr. Ruttledge said.

"At Zermatt we met Mr. Edward Whymper, who was the first to climb the Matterhorn in 1865. He told me all about that first ascent, and I was so interested that I determined to climb the Matterhorn myself. I had to wait 15 years for the opportunity! It was not possible at the time, and soon afterwards I went to Civil Service in India. Until 1921 I had no long leave, but then my wife and I went to Zermatt, and we climbed the Matterhorn and the Zinal Rothorn, among other peaks.

"Later on, we climbed in the Himalaya Mountains, but that is a very different adventure. In the Himalayas there are none of the conveniences of the Swiss climbs where there are little climbing huts, and guides. The altitude of the Himalayas also makes climbing more severe. Mont Blanc is nothing in comparison with them." (Mont Blanc is 15,780 feet in height, while there are 74 peaks over 24,000 feet in height in the Himalaya Mountains, not including Mount Everest.)

"So many people have asked: 'What is the good of it? There is no "career" in climbing; it is an amateur's hobby.' The urge, in my case, is due, I think, to a love of exploration, of covering unknown ground, to the extreme beauty of the Himalayas, to a love of adventure, and to the stimulus of struggle against difficulties!"

As District Officer in the Himalayas

Mr. Ruttledge made good use of his hobby in his work, and his work encouraged his hobby. The man who had cherished the idea of climbing to great heights for 15 years, presently found himself in charge of the Kumoan district in the Himalaya mountains. An efficient mountaineer could save time by crossing over the mountains in order to get from one valley to another, instead of by following the usual route, and this Mr. Ruttledge delighted in doing. He was thus able to reach the highest villages in the Bhotia country, which had never before been visited by a district officer, and the people were overwhelmed with delight at the honor.

The fact that he penetrated to the most remote corners of his huge district caused him to be regarded with the greatest esteem by the natives. His people knew the hard going he had to face in order to get to them, times when the path would disappear, and he had to force his way through snow-bent birch and mauve rhododendron jungle, when two-thirds of a mile would take two hours to cover; when steps had to be cut across a steep, broad, snow-filled gully, followed by a climb up steeper slopes through dwarf birch forest; when a pre-monsoon rainstorm, which turned to hail, greeted the camping hour!

"Genius" for Climbing

Mr. Ruttledge, accompanied by his wife, made some notable climbs while engaged on his work. Returning from a journey into Tibet in 1926, they made a short cut by crossing Traill's Pass, which is 18,000 feet up, and which had not been crossed for 64 years, Mrs. Ruttledge being the first woman to do so.

Mr. Ruttledge considers that his wife has a genius for climbing. His description of this "genius" is a guide to the qualifications needed for a climber. "She has very good natural balance," he said; "a gift for seeing hand-holds and foot-holds; an eye for the country; a capacity for finding the way, and remarkable powers of endurance."

"There are a number of first-rate climbers among women," he said, "and it has been found that they are particularly good at negotiating rocks owing, perhaps, to the fact that they are generally light in weight, and have small feet!"

The qualities necessary for the leader of the Mount Everest Expedition are all possessed by Mr. Ruttledge. He not only knows the mountains well, but the people too; he understands the Tibetan and Sherpa porters who carry the kit for the mountaineers, and upon whose efforts largely depends the success of the expedition; he is friends with Indians of every caste and tribe; and he can negotiate with Tibetan officials, which is most important, since they have the power to bar the approach to Everest on the north side.

"The porters are easier to lead than to drive," Mr. Ruttledge explained, "and if you know how to deal with them they serve you very faithfully."

Both his work and his hobby have given the Mount Everest leader the right preparation for the big task he has in hand.

Frost-Bound Meadows

DO YOU boys and girls like secrets? Winter is full of them. How many have you found? Go down to the frost-bound meadows and look for some of winter's secrets there. The ice that has frozen the waters covers many a secret that you will find if you have sharp eyes that really see things.

Break off a piece of ice, quite a good-sized piece, and take it up with all its mass of dried grasses and twigs, and look at it carefully. Do you see any insects frozen in the ice—brown and green grasshoppers that show no signs of life? Take the ice home and let it melt. Maybe the grasshoppers will thaw out. If you should put the icy mass in your pocket you might find grasshoppers alive and kicking before you reached home!

You may even find smooth worms and caterpillars of all sizes and kinds embedded in the ice, frozen stiff yet all alive waiting for warm weather to come back. Many insects have their winter quarters in the frozen meadow grass. The meadow ice is a good place for studying our interesting insects.

Perhaps you have never thought of an ice-bound meadow as anything but a good place for skating. But some day carry a magnifying glass in your pocket when you go skating, and forget the sport you enjoy so much, for a little while, and go searching for some of the secrets of a frozen meadow. It will be a new sport, and more than likely you will grow to like it. Of course, it will not take the place of skating, but it may bring an additional interest into your life. And keep watch over this frozen meadow when the spring thaw begins!

Inside Braces

A certain congressman was having a hard time explaining his vote on a measure objectionable to the right-minded members of his constituency.

At last he said, "But, gentlemen, you don't understand the outside pressure brought to bear on a man in my position!"

"Outside pressure!" roared an old sea captain in the audience. "Where were your inside braces?"

Let us see to it that our inside braces are strong enough. Then outside pressure can do its utmost in whatever position we may find ourselves.

A New Magazine For Hikers

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

London

"THE Y. H. A. Rucksack" (London: Youths Hostels Association) is a new magazine which promises to be the sturdy child of a very young parent, for, as the editor states: "In the summer of 1930 the Youth Hostels Association consisted of a few dozen members and a plan. In the season we have left behind it numbered 20,000 members and 150 hostels."

The Youth Hostel Movement originated 25 years ago in Germany, where there are now approximately 2500 hostels. During the past few years other countries have followed Germany's example, and now there are hostels in England, Scotland, Ireland, Belgium, France, Germany, Austria, Switzerland, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Norway, Poland and Holland.

* * *

The German secretary, in sending a good will message to the magazine, wrote: "The whole work of the Youth Hostels Association is a struggle against the unnaturalness of the present-day way of life, and it strives to recapture for people, young and old, the simple pleasures which contact with nature can give. To help to make this struggle against prejudice, indifference and inertia effective, there is no better teacher than a magazine. . . . The way to the green countryside lies in a real measure by way of black printers' ink."

The magazine has received an enthusiastic message from Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, who writes of the joys and excitements this new publication will picture, and concludes: "I wish the members of the association health and happiness. In the open they will find freedom, good counsel and good company. In the contemplation of their travels they will find a sense of real enjoyment . . . This magazine will be a new link between them as they follow their occupations up and down the country, and will strengthen in season and out of season the fellowship which binds all those who, with a common love of our countryside, seek recreation on the road."

* * *

The chairman of the executive committee, Barclay Baron, also sends an inspiring message: "O little, lucky Y. H. A. Rucksack, what a great name you are privileged to bear! Heir of all the Rucksack family—the Rucksack that went over Scafell a month since, the Rucksack that was in the Tyrol, that spent a night on the top of the Pyrenees, that broke a strap in Auvergne, that was soaked through in Somerset . . . Welcome on this first birthday to the Y. H. A. Rucksack."

The Youth Hostel Association Rucksack starts its activities in a romantic atmosphere, and with an assured circulation of 20,000, for the first copy is being sent free to each member of the association, who may also receive the next four issues free of charge. Its first duty, the editor points out, is to keep members in touch with the progress of the movement in England as well as in other countries, and to cultivate a single sense of unity and purpose.

The Craft Shop
THINGS TO MAKE AND DO

Experimenting With Helicopters

Conducted by
HARRY IRVING SHUMWAY

EXPERIMENTING with helicopters is something like making and testing out boomerangs. You never can tell what they're going to do. (Note: The first one made for this article took the Craftsmaster's hat off so quickly he thought a cyclone had done it!)

Well, that first one was made of tin and the edges were rather sharp. So, realizing that helicopters were somewhat erratic in their behavior, the decision was made to use wood. This one works beautifully, rises as gently as a dove and lights like a graceful swallow. I think if it would whistle going up it would be a great improvement—and perhaps some of you can think of a way to make it whistle.

In case you don't know what a helicopter is, just a word or two as to its functions. It is a propeller, with two or more blades which, on revolving rapidly, rises in the air. It is the slant or pitch of the blades that causes it to do so. With a whir it sails gracefully, up and up, hesitates and then floats down to earth. The faster it is made to revolve at its start, the higher it will go.

Helicopters can be made of some light metal like sheet tin. The one shown here is made of wood and a flat cork stopper—and if it does take your hat off or try to give you a haircut, no great harm will be done.

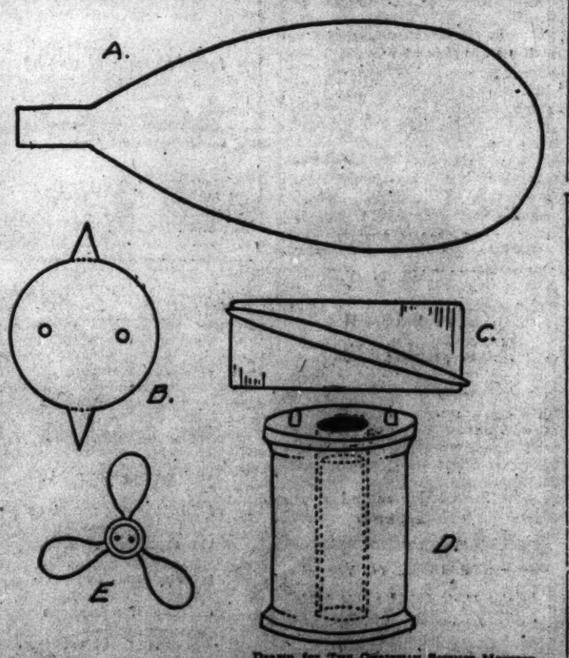
Whittling the Blades

Three blades are whittled or sawed out of some light wood about an eighth of an inch thick. You can use the drawing (Fig. A) as it is actual size, simply tracing it three times on the wood. The cork stopper is about half an inch thick and 1¼ inch in diameter, although a larger one will do.

The little contraption with the two sharp points is cut from a piece of sheet tin. Bore the two holes in this a little larger than the two pegs in the spool-top, which we shall deal with later. Bend over the two sharp points at right angles and jam them into the cork stopper on the under side. This should be centered accurately.

After your three propeller blades are cut out, file down the edges all around to a fairly fine edge—just like an airplane propeller. Mark off three points, equidistant, on the stopper. Dig out a hole at these points with a reamer or a fine knife blade. Now set in these propeller blades in glue and allow to dry several hours in a warm spot. It is easy to establish the angle of the propellers as the cork is quite accommodating. The pitch shown in the drawing is about right.

Now for the motive power. It is a common spool, which revolves freely on a peg or shaft set into a board. The top of the spool has two pegs sticking up about one-sixth of an inch. These pegs fit into the tin plate on the bottom of the cork stopper. When a cord is wound around the spool (in the same manner as winding a top) and pulled back sharply, the spool revolves rapidly—and Mr. Helicopter takes a ride up into the ozone!



Drawn for The Christian Science Monitor

A—Propeller Blade, Actual Size. B—Tin Plate, Actual Size. C—Side View of Stopper, Showing Angle of Propeller Blade, Actual Size. D—Spool, Showing Pegs and Shaft in Dotted Lines. E—Helicopter, as It Will Look When Completed.

The pegs are simply brads driven into the top of the spool and nipped off with the cutting pliers. They should be rounded off smooth with a fine file.

The single peg or shaft upon which the spool revolves can be any round thing like a dowel or a smooth piece of metal rod driven into the board at right angles to the surface. The top of this peg can come up nearly to the top of the spool. Wind the string so that, when it is pulled, the propeller will revolve against the pitch, causing it to rise.

Checkerboard With Helicopters

An interesting game can be played with these helicopters. Select a flat piece of bare ground. Mark off squares like a checkerboard several feet square around a central point. Now put a value on each square as 100, 50, 25, 10, 5 and so on. You might have several marked "Minus 5," to act as a penalty.

The game is to shoot the helicopter from the central point and the score is determined by the total of the squares it lands on, giving each contestant three tries or more. The fun in this, of course, is for each player to champion his own particular helicopter.

It is also interesting to have a distance try-out to see whose helicopter will go farthest. You can get distance by slanting the board a bit. Of course, the most interesting thing is to try for height, but it is hard to measure that.

The dimensions given in making the helicopter need not be followed too closely, in size or even in the number of blades. But this three-bladed affair works very well indeed.

In making one a foot or two in diameter, a larger spool would have to be used and a larger cord. But the method would be the same. The helicopters can be painted. Silver makes a very brilliant object flying through the air.

Floating Cork Flower Pots

Here is an interesting little project which you can do with cork stoppers. Use the largest ones, two inches or more in diamter.

Mark a circle on one flat side about an eighth of an inch in from the edge. You can do this with a soft pencil, using one finger as a guide.

Now dig out around the circle, using a sharp pointed knife. Cork crumbles if you dig out too large a piece, so proceed by removing small bits. It may be a help to make a cut on the pencil line around the edge first. The hollowed out part should go down ⅝ of an inch or so. This cavity will be shaped something like a saucer.

Paint these cork pots any gay color—and the more colors you use, the gayer will be the result. Allow to dry and then fill the hollows with fine sifted soil in which bird seed has been planted.

These little cork floating flower pots are placed on the surface of water in a flat ornamental dish and the seeds allowed to grow. They do better in a spot where they will get some sunshine.

It's lots of fun to watch these gay little cork pots floating about. And very interesting to watch the tiny bird seed sprout and shoot up into little green things.

The Old Farmer's Almanac

(141 years old)
extends to
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR
its appreciation for the remarkable results received from its advertising. Hundreds of letters have come in the past ten days from all over America, every state in the Union being represented.

THE OLD FARMER'S ALMANAC for 1933 contains 96 pages of instructive and entertaining information. 25c at all newsstands, or send 18c to cover cost and postage to Pack Square Building, Boston.

"For Confident Giving and Giving's Reward"

Choose a gift that you are assured will bring your friends comfort and cheer. The Christian Science Publishing Society is making it possible for everyone to have "the more blessed to give" feeling by offering a special combination of Christian Science literature called A FOUR SQUARE GIFT.

It consists of (1) The Christian Science Monitor 1 month; (2) The Christian Science Journal 1 issue; (3) Christian Sceice Sentinel 4 issues; (4) Christian Science Quarterly, January issue — for $1

If you would like your friends to receive a Monitor subscription for 3 months instead of one, check No. 2 on coupon and enclose $2.00 in payment.

Out of your own gratitude for the comfort and healing which this literature has brought you, confidently give to those who are waiting for the same helpful message.

NOTE: No change will be made in the combination except that the French, German, Scandinavian or Dutch Heralds of Christian Science may be substituted in place of the Journal and instead of the English Quarterly any one of the translated Quarterlies will be sent on request.

The offer is effective during December and January only.

The Christian Science Publishing Society G1
Boston, Massachusetts

Inclosed is $..... Please send A Four Square Gift No. 1 ☐ Please send A Four Square Gift No. 2 ☐

and announcement card to:

Name.....

Address.....

Donor's Name.....

Donor's Address.....

THE HOME FORUM

Thumbnail Travelogues

TAORMINA

ETNA . . . Pink snow of almond blossoms . . . Darkness of cypress and laurel . . . Motors laboring up the winding road to the town . . . Gay little donkey-carts . . . Tiny overladen donkeys with red tassels . . . Wrinkled brown peasant women . . . Naked Arab-looking babies with earrings . . . Tarantella dancers in the Caffè Nuovo . . . Wistful embroidery-shop keepers . . . The Greek Theater: backdrop of Etna tipped with a wavering pink smoke-plume . . . Cakes and sweetmeats at the San Domenico . . . Blue sea and the Calabrian shore . . . Scylla and Charybdis . . . Hibiscus flowers . . . Roses . . . Etna.

FREIBURG IM BREISGAU

The Münster with its upward-rushing single tower . . . Dark sober green of the Black Forest . . . Storks' nests on chimneys . . . Market day: scarlet cherries, mammoth pretzels, cornflowers, scrubbed carrots, apple-cheeked old women in long-tailed bonnets . . . Bruening versus Hitler . . . Callow University students with scars and funny caps . . . Cuckoo clocks . . . Up the Schauinsland in a basket . . . The Holbein altar-piece . . . Marie Antoinette's journey through the Höllenthal . . . Forest flowers . . . "Pfirsich bowle" . . . Deep quiet . . . Grimm's fairy tales.

PRAGUE

Great towers sprouting little towers . . . Din of ancient bells . . . The Tynkirke . . . The Ghetto and the clock-that-runs-backwards . . . Hradcany and the Charles Bridge . . . Near-prosperity . . . National pride and the chip-on-the-shoulder . . . Industry plus, Art minus . . . Vivid color . . . Left-hand traffic . . . Glass beads . . . Island restaurants . . . Sokols . . . Garnets . . . Good King Wenceslas . . . Language difficulties . . . Dvořák and Smetana . . . A balanced budget . . . Masaryk.

ELSINORE

The Öresund . . . Beech woods and sea bathing . . . Lights of Sweden two miles away . . . Mild modern Vikings on bicycles . . . The moated towers of Kronborg . . . Hamlet . . . Ancient red-brick churches . . . Marienlyst . . . Pastry at Moeller's . . . Cooperative farming . . . Butter and bacon for export, margarine at home . . . Much display of blue and white flags . . . Polyglot students from the International College . . . Black rye bread . . . Sweet Danish soups . . . Mud-caked farm wagons in the market square . . . Fish, cheese, eggs . . . Whitsun holiday flowers . . . Stiff Protestant weddings, with hymn singing and the bridal party sitting in chairs before the altar . . . The huge Holland windmill . . . Long twilights.

BRUGES

Past glory of white-cloaked burgomasters . . . The Cloth Hall. Insistent din of the Carillon . . . British trippers lunching in the Belfry Square . . . Canals . . . Artists' easels surrounded by small boys . . . The Béguinage . . . Old women in doorways, bobbins flying in skilled hands over delicate pillow lace . . . Enticing gleam of brass and copper . . . The quiet chapel . . . Van Eyck's tight-lipped wife, horns of hair under Flemish cap, hands folded before . . . Gothic spires . . . Slow-flowing waters . . . Heavy horses . . . Memling.

LUCERNE

Cheap tourist parties with harassed conductors . . . The Wooden Bridge . . . Thorwaldsen's Lion . . . Carved wood gimcracks . . . Handkerchiefs for the world's noses . . . Arcaded shops . . . Window flower-boxes . . . Beautiful frescoed houses whispering with their heads together . . . Tourist-chasing shopkeepers . . . Extortionate porters . . . The "Alpine Storm" on the Cathedral organ . . . Moving loveliness of blue lake, bold mountain peaks, snow, flowers, and crystalline air . . . Peeled noses, hairy knees, and rücksacks . . . The overrated Edelweiss . . . Schweizerdeutsch gutturals . . . Funiculars . . . William Tell.

BERLIN

Cheap food and expensive lodging . . . Chic millinery . . . Whipped cream pastry . . . Diagonal nose veils and red handbags . . . Good cheap music . . . Beggars soliciting in gilded cafés . . . Crowded theaters . . . "For rent" signs . . . Housing colonies Shaved heads and tight trousers . . . Ices at Roberts' . . . "New" architecture . . . Potsdam . . . Bedclothes-buttoned-up-in-bags . . . Newspaper sellers in Nazi uniform . . . Prussian haircuts . . . Empty sight-seeing busses . . . The Kurfürstendamm, Berlin's Great White Way . . . Hitler.

FLORENCE

Peach blossoms and cypresses on the slopes of Fiesole . . . Michelangelo's swaggering young David . . . Giotto's tower and the Signoria shaft, twin monuments to Beauty . . . Sunset silvering the Arno . . . Flower sellers in the Piazza Davanzati . . . Anemones . . . Golden-cupped freesias . . . Blue and pink slender-stemmed hyacinths . . . Daffodils massed like so much butter . . . Dancing at the Pozzo di Beatrice . . . Nursemaids in the Boboli Gardens . . . Lovers in the Cascine . . . The endless joys of window shopping . . . The Gonzoli's in the Riccardi Palace . . . Lorenzo de' Medici . . . Alinari's . . . Cantagalli's . . . The Tornabuoni family in Santa Maria Novella . . . The Strossi lantern . . . Guelphs and Ghibellines . . . Savonarola.

CERNOBBIO

Gray of rushing glacier torrents . . . Green of fir-clad mountain side . . . Black of cloud-piercing crags . . . Blue of ice reflecting the sky . . . Dazzling white of snowfields . . . Pink of Alpine glow . . . Rhododendrons . . . Gentians . . . Stout peasant women in hayfields with trussed-up skirts . . . Spiked alpenstocks . . . Capes, pickaxes, hobnailed shoes, and blisters . . . Dull little towns with postcards and junk . . . Heat and clamor of midday, cold and peace of evening . . . Distant cowbells . . . Sleep.

TANGIER

Shrill confusion of cries and colors . . . jostle of native hotel touts . . . British money, French money, Spanish money . . . shuffling Arabs in heel-less slippers . . . turbans and tarbooshes . . . veiled women . . . importunate guides . . . babel of the market-place . . . snake charmers, story tellers, tin-pan beaters, leather sellers, water sellers, donkey sellers . . . maze of dirty streets . . . young English honeymooners on camels . . . quiet blue bay . . . tiers of flat-roofed white houses clinging to the cliffs . . . wild narcissus . . . orange blossoms.

M. M.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

Founded 1908 by MARY BAKER EDDY

An International Daily Newspaper

Published Daily, except Sundays and holidays, by The Christian Science Publishing Society, One Norway Street, Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

Terms of subscription, including the Weekly issue of this newspaper, articles and illustrations for publication should be addressed to The Christian Science Publishing Society.

Subscription price, payable in advance, postage to all countries: One year $9.00; six months $4.50; three months $2.25; one month $1.00. One copy 3c. Sunday issue 5c. Foreign postage is extra.

Member of the Associated Press

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use or republication of all dispatches and local news credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper.

All rights of republication of special dispatches herein are reserved to The Christian Science Publishing Society.

The Monitor is on sale in Christian Science Reading Rooms throughout the world.

Those who may desire to purchase the Monitor regularly from any news stand where it is not on sale are requested to notify The Christian Science Publishing Society.

Cost of omission copies of the Monitor is as follows:

Foreign		United States	
14 pages	2c	24 to 30 pages	4c
16 to 22 pages	3c	32 pages	5c

Including Canada, Newfoundland and any Pan-American countries.

NEWS OFFICES

WASHINGTON: 1231-1237 National Press Building, Washington, D. C.
EASTERN: 270 Madison Ave., New York City.
CENTRAL: Room 1060, 333 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago.
PACIFIC: 636 Market St., San Francisco.
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA: 210 West Seventh Street, Los Angeles.
EUROPEAN: 1, Adelphi Terrace, London.
PARIS: 3, Avenue de l'Opéra.
BERLIN: Unter den Linden 59A.
GENEVA: 16 rue du Mont Blanc.
ROME: Via Pontanella di Borghese 22.
VIENNA: Reisnerstrasse 43/3 Vienna III.
AUSTRALASIAN: Perpetual Trustees Buildings, 100-104 Queen Street, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

BRANCH ADVERTISING OFFICES

New York ..270 Madison Avenue
Detroit ..5-161 General Motors Bldg.
Chicago ..1028 McCormick Bldg.
Miami ..1320 Ingraham Bldg.
St. Louis ..1722 Rwy. Exchange Bldg.
Kansas City 403 Nat'l Fid. Life Bldg.
San Francisco 625 Market Street
Los Angeles 210 West Seventh Street
Seattle ..634 Skinner Bldg.
London ..1 and 2, Adelphi Terrace
Paris ..3, Avenue de l'Opéra
Berlin ..Unter den Linden 59A
Florence ..Via Magenta 11

Advertising rates given on application. While endeavoring to accept only reliable advertisements, The Christian Science Publishing Society will not be responsible to the public for advertisements and the right to decline or discontinue any advertisement is reserved.

CIRCULATION SERVICE BUREAUS

NEW ENGLAND: 107 Falmouth Street, Boston, Mass.
EASTERN: 270 Madison Avenue, New York City.
CENTRAL: Room 1060, 333 So. Michigan Avenue, Chicago.
WESTERN: 911 Van Nuys Building, Los Angeles.
EUROPEAN: 1 and 2, Adelphi Terrace, London.

Published by
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY
Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

Publishers of
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE JOURNAL
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SENTINEL
THE HERALD OF CHRISTIAN SCIENCE
(German Edition)
(French Edition)
(Scandinavian Edition)
(Dutch Edition)
(Braille Edition)
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE QUARTERLY

The City of Genoa

Genoa rises from the brink of a harbor crowded with shipping, the mole, and the lighthouse, to the crest of the encircling hills blooming with gardens and vineyards. The matchless beauty of the city as Queen of the Mediterranean is never more apparent than on a morning of the month of May, when the sun is just visible above the higher range of mountains. Then the town still slumbers below in the drowsy shadow of night—flights of steps, narrow byways, and the massive arch of some church portal engulfed in darkness, while the sea extends to the horizon, gray, opaque, immobile, like a vast sheet of silver meeting a sky veiled in chill mists. . . . The gushing melody from the throat of a passing bird greets the first rays trembling in the eastern sky.

A fitful tumult of bells echoes from church towers; hints of marble columns, faint pearly reflections suggestive of lofty palaces rather than defined outlines, become visible out of the confused mass of roofs and walls; and the sea warms to light and life with a delicate surface sheen, like the coloring of a flower, the bloom of a fruit, the polished recess of a shell. The miracle of the recurring sunrise is here repeated on the crags. . . . The grandeur of the violet-hued dawn, stealing over the austere solitudes of Alpine peaks and glaciers, is softened, modified to richer tones of coloring on the Apennines enclosing Genoa landward.—From "Genoa the Superb," by VIRGINIA W. JOHNSON. (Boston: Estes and Lauriat, 1892.)

Mexican Gardener

Pedro works in beauty.
All his life he's toiled at loveliness.
From years of labor in the low, brown earth
His back is bent, his fingers worn, and stained
And yet his happiness shines out,
Like candles in a shadowed room;
And songs are forever welling up in him,
Like clear water from a mountain spring.
"Pedro," I said to him one day,
"Why is it you are always singing?"
And he answered me; "Who knows, Senora?
Perhaps it is because so many things are beautiful."
Ever since that time, I too,
Have been grateful for many things,
But for none of these more
Than for an old man working in my garden.

ELIZABETH-ELLEN LONG.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

The Return From the Fields: From a Painting by Michal Bylina

Winter Woods

Here where the hermit thrush wove into song
The sunny dreams of day and far away
A hill-brook's flute made golden twilights gay,
The snows' white peace drifts silent aisles along.
The evergreens in cool blue hollows throng,
Lighting their candles green as fades the day,
And dark against the silver hills' array
The pines like guardsmen stand, defiant, strong.

The beauty of the spring has vanished far,
The summer's laughter, autumn's charm and glow
That made the tinted hills a brave delight;
But here with samite clad the dark woods are
Made beautiful by magic of the snow,
The starry splendor of the coming night!

ARTHUR WALLACE PEACH.

MICHAL BYLINA, painter of "The Return from the Fields," and a pupil of Pruszykowski, is one of a group of young Polish artists, known as the Brotherhood of St. Luke. This brotherhood was founded in 1925, and has already held several exhibitions in Poland as well as abroad, notably in Geneva last year. Conservative in tendency and mainly influenced by the Dutch and German painters of the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries, these young artists aim at perfection of craftsmanship, and seek to achieve this end by mutual assistance and supervision.

The strong clean drawing of form which distinguishes Bylina's effective painting of the four horses, returning from their work in the fields, is characteristic of the work of the Brotherhood. Similar qualities are seen in the work of Janusz Podoski, who has taken Holbein for his model in a carefully wrought portrait, "The Huntsman," and in those of Jan Zamoyski, who in a portrait of an old woman, entitled "After Church," emulates Dürer in the precise linear quality of his painting of the head, hands and lace accessories.

The Antiquity of Window Glass

Does the use of glass as a means of preserving the interior of houses from the severity of the seasons go back to an indefinite period? or is it, as many persons think, a comparatively modern invention?

For a long time this question remained undetermined, for if on the one hand Winckelmann pleaded the cause of antiquity, other scientific men, and by far the greater number, considered it a much more modern invention. This question, sustained as vehemently by the German archæologist as it was contested by his opponents, was in danger of for ever remaining in obscurity, when suddenly antiquity herself, tired doubtless of a discussion which threatened her own honor, decided the question by proving that she had possessed window glass. And, indeed, the researches made at Pompeii have brought to light panes of glass which have remained fastened to their frames, although buried for more than seventeen hundred years under ashes. . . .

Window glass disappeared entirely for several centuries, during which time it was replaced by wooden shutters, by semi-transparent stones, by skins, and lastly by oiled paper. To find the first mention of glass being used to close, not dwelling-houses, but merely the narrow windows of churches, we must go back to the fourth century; for the most ancient author who mentions them is Lactantius. . . . As for dwelling-houses, the use of windows formed by a collection of small pieces of glass fastened together by lead does not go back further than the fourteenth century, and even then it was so rare that the windows of palaces were not all provided with them.

In the accounts of Jean Avin, receiver-general of Auvergne, we read:

"In preparation for Madame la Duchesse de Berry going (1413) to Montpensier, to have certain frames made for the windows of the said castle, to have them filled with oiled linen in default of glass."

Another example may be taken from the brilliant and luxurious court of the powerful dukes of Burgundy, for whose palace there were commanded (1467) "twenty pieces of wood to make frames for paper, serving as chamber-windows."

These two quotations show the absence of glass even in the dwellings of princes, and we can now show the reader their rarity and the value still attached to them a century later.

In the document dated 1567, drawn up by the steward of the Duke of Northumberland, we find the following:

"And because during high winds the glass in this and the other castles of his lordship are destroyed, it would be well for the glass in every window to be taken out and put in safety when his grace leaves. And if at any time his grace or others should live at any of the said places, they can be put in again without much expense; whilst as it is at present, the destruction would be very costly, and would demand great repairs." — A. SAUZAY, in "Wonders of Glass-Making in All Ages." (New York: Scribners.)

The Romance of the Great Lakes

From the day in 1679 when Cavalier de La Salle sailed away in his "Griffin" men have heard the call of trade from these now familiar waters.

Romance, Tragedy, Drama. The Great Lakes have furnished all. The canoes of the Senecas have glided over them; ships have plunged into deep depths. . . . And, now, for more than a hundred years, two nations, living side by side, have shared them and have built a pageant of traffic the like of which is seen nowhere else in the world. Across them, every year, moves a tonnage that is greater—many times greater—than that which passes through the Suez Canal, where meet the trails of the world.

Gulls still ride at web-footed anchor on slowly heaving swells as they did in the days of La Salle, but the smoke of the bulk carrier has replaced the etching of a white sail against a setting sun. Yet, each is romance.

The romance of today is the romance of men who have built an unparalleled commerce. — NORMAN BEASLEY, in "Freighters of Fortune; the Story of the Great Lakes" (New York: Harpers.)

Vera Iniziativa Commerciale

Traduzione dell'articolo sulla Scienza Cristiana pubblicato in inglese su questa pagina

"HAI tu mai veduto un uomo spedito nelle sue faccende? un tale comparirà nel cospetto dei re". Questo detto si trova nel libro dei Proverbi, ma, molto prima che questo libro fosse stato scritto, Giuseppe, come primo ministro dell'Egitto, aveva dato al mondo antico un esempio di iniziativa, sagacità e preveggenza forse insorpassato anche oggi.

Venduto in schiavitù dai suoi fratelli, Giuseppe fu portato in Egitto, dove divenne soprintendente nella casa di Potifarre. Calunniato in seguito, fu gettato in prigione dove interpretò un sogno per il coppiere maggiore, e quel dignitario, dopo aver ricevuta la sua libertà, si ricordò di Giuseppe quando il re era turbato a proposito di un sogno, e menzionò la sua saggezza ed abilità. Faraone mandò a chiamare Giuseppe, che gli mostrò che il suo sogno rivelava la venuta di sette anni di prosperità ed abbondanza, che sarebbero stati seguiti da sette anni di carestia. Faraone, riconoscendo evidentemente che la saggezza di Giuseppe era di origine divina, lo fece governatore di tutto l'Egitto. Inoltre egli cambiò il nome di Giuseppe in "Safenatpaanes", che significa, secondo un commentario, "salvator del secolo". Così Giuseppe non soltanto si trovò a comparire al cospetto di un grande re, ma, per mezzo della sua saggezza e preveggenza, fu capace di trovare i mezzi coi quali l'Egitto fu preservato durante una lunga e deprimente carestia, la miseria dei paesi circostanti alleviata, ed il padre e la famiglia di Giuseppe furono portati in Egitto, dove divennero un popolo eletto da Dio per l'adempimento di un grande proposito.

Le attività di Giuseppe corrispondono nei tempi moderni alle organizzazioni che cercano di provvedere occupazione e sostentamento per molte persone che sembrano incapaci di innalzarsi fuori dai disagi di un tenor di vita insufficente.

In un modo ancor più universale, la Scienza Cristiana sta facendo il suo invito, ed in una cerchia che si allarga continuamente appare la vera fratellanza che cerca di beneficare tutta l'umanità. Da sola, la Scienza Cristiana è capace di comparire "nel cospetto dei re", i reggitori della terra, e di interpretare correttamente i sogni turbati della nostra epoca. Nell'orizzonte mentale si possono discernere i segni di questi tempi, il bisogno di un risveglio universale dalle false credenze della vita, della sostanza e dell'intelligenza nella materia, al riconoscimento che l'universo, compreso l'uomo, si è evoluto dallo Spirito ed è sostenuto dallo Spirito. Col dichiarare l'universalità di Dio, buono, e l'inesistenza di ciò che Gli è dissimile, in qualsiasi forma sembri apparire, la Scienza Cristiana sta fermamente sul fondamento della supremazia dello Spirito e trasporta questo ideale in ogni esperienza umana. Nel mondo degli affari mostra agli uomini come sostituire il servizio degli altri al proprio vantaggio. Nelle parole di Mary Baker Eddy, come si trovano in "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" (pag. 518), "I ricchi in spirito aiutano i poveri in una grande fratellanza, avendo tutti lo stesso Principio, o Padre; e beato è quell'uomo che vede il bisogno del suo fratello e lo supplisce, cercando il proprio bene in quello di un altro".

Sia che si occupi di grandi o di piccole operazioni, la vera iniziativa commerciale riconosce che, per aver successo, deve essere lucrativa, progressiva ed elevante, come pure altruistica. Gesù di Nazaret diede un ideale interamente nuovo al mondo degli affari. Dalla prima fanciullezza egli attendeva agli affari del Padre suo, e così accuratamente egli comprese questi affari che fu detto di lui che egli parlava "come avendo autorità". Anzichè consigliare a quelli attorno a lui di lavorare per ricchezze, potenza ed influenza materiali, egli disse loro di cercare "imprima il regno di Dio, e la sua giustizia" e "tutte queste cose" verrebbero dipoi quale conseguenza naturale.

Per via comparativa, Mrs. Eddy mostra come la spiritualità di Gesù lo separasse dai materialisti del suo tempo, dove dice, in Science and Health (pag. 52): "I suoi fini erano ben lungi dai loro. Il suo signore era lo Spirito; il loro signore era la materia. Egli serviva Dio; essi servivano mammona. I suoi affetti erano puri; i loro carnali. I suoi sensi assorbivano l'evidenza spirituale di salute, santità e vita; i loro sensi testimoniavano l'opposto ed assorbivano l'evidenza materiale del peccato, della malattia e della morte". Quando l'umanità vorrà riconoscere lo Spirito quale il suo signore, ed assorbire "l'evidenza spirituale" di salute, santità, sostentamento e vera prosperità, imparerà che gli affari del Padre sono la sola vocazione intraprendente e lucrativa per tutti.

A cagione della sua saggezza, integrità e preveggenza, Giuseppe divenne un "salvatore" del suo secolo, coi salvare molti dei suoi coetanei in tempo di carestia. In un'età più tarda, Cristo Gesù venne a salvare tutto il mondo dalla carestia di idee spirituali che la materialità tenta pur sempre di imporre sull'umanità. Gesù fu la Guida verso il più alto concetto di ciò che costituisce affari ben riusciti e successo onorevole. A proposito di questo concetto degli affari, Mrs. Eddy dice (Church Manual, Art. XXIV, Sec. 5): "Iddio esige che saggezza, economia e amor fraterno—caratterizzino la condotta dei membri di The Mother Church"; e questa è una buona esigenza da mettersi in pratica al tempo presente e sempre.

Per informazioni sulle pubblicazioni in lingua italiana concernenti la Scienza Cristiana rivolgersi per inscritto a questo indirizzo: "Società Editrice della Scienza Cristiana" (The Christian Science Publishing Society).

The Poetry of Earth

There is always room for beauty: memory
A myriad lovely blossoms may enclose,
But, whatsoe'er hath been, there still must be
Room for another rose.

Though skylark, throstle, white-throat, whip-poor-will,
And nightingale earth's echoing chantries throng,
When comes another singer, there will be
Room for another song.

—FLORENCE EARLE COATES. "Poems." (Boston: Houghton Mifflin.)

True Business Enterprise

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

"SEEST thou a man diligent in his business? he shall stand before kings." This saying is to be found in the book of Proverbs, but, long before this book was written, Joseph, as prime minister of Egypt, had given to the ancient world an example of enterprise, sagacity, and foresight perhaps unsurpassed, even today.

Sold into slavery by his brethren, Joseph was carried into Egypt, where he became overseer in Potiphar's house. Maligned, later, he was cast into prison, where he interpreted a dream for the chief butler, and that official, after receiving his freedom, remembered Joseph at a time when the king was troubled over a dream, and made mention of his wisdom and ability. Pharaoh sent for Joseph, who showed him that his dream revealed the coming of seven years of prosperity and plenty, to be followed by seven years of famine. Pharaoh, evidently recognizing the wisdom of Joseph to be of divine origin, made him ruler over all Egypt. Further, he changed Joseph's name to that of "Zaphnath-paaneah," meaning according to one commentary, "preserver of the age." Thus Joseph not only came to stand before a great king, but, through his wisdom and foresight, was able to find means by which Egypt was preserved through a long and depressing famine, the distress of surrounding countries alleviated, and Joseph's father and family brought to Egypt, where they developed into a people chosen of God for the consummation of a great purpose.

The activities of Joseph have their counterpart in modern times in the organizations which seek to provide employment and sustenance for many people who seem unable to lift themselves out of the discomforts of an insufficient livelihood.

In a still more universal manner, Christian Science is making its appeal, and in an ever widening circle is appearing the true brotherliness which seeks to benefit all mankind. Christian Science alone is able to "stand before kings," the rulers of the earth, and interpret aright the troubled dreams of our age. In the mental horizon may be discerned the signs of these times, the need of a universal awakening from the false belief of life, substance, and intelligence in matter to the recognition that the universe, including man, is evolved from Spirit and is sustained by Spirit. Declaring the allness of God, good, and the nothingness of His unlikeness, in whatever form it may seem to appear, Christian Science rests firmly on the foundation of Spirit's supremacy and carries this ideal into every human experience. In the business world it shows man how to substitute service for self-seeking. In the words of Mary Baker Eddy, as found in "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" (p. 518), "The rich in spirit help the poor in one grand brotherhood, all having the same Principle, or Father; and blessed is that man who seeth his brother's need and supplieth it, seeking his own in another's good."

Whether concerned with large or small ventures, true business enterprise recognizes that, to be successful, it must be profitable, progressive, and elevating, as well as unselfish. Jesus of Nazareth gave an entirely new standard to the business world. From early boyhood he was about his Father's business, and so thoroughly did he understand this business that it was said of him that he spoke "as one having authority." Instead of advising those about him to work for material riches, power, and influence, he told them to seek "first the kingdom of God, and his righteousness," and "all these things" should follow as a natural sequence.

By way of comparison, Mrs. Eddy shows how Jesus' spirituality separated him from the materialists of his time, where she says in Science and Health (p. 52): "His pursuits lay far apart from theirs. His master was Spirit; their master was matter. He served God; they served mammon. His affections were pure; theirs were carnal. His senses drank in the spiritual evidence of health, holiness, and life; their senses testified oppositely, and absorbed the material evidence of sin, sickness, and death." When mankind is willing to acknowledge Spirit as its master, and to drink in "the spiritual evidence" of health, holiness, sustenance, and true prosperity, it will learn that the Father's business is the one truly enterprising and lucrative vocation for everybody.

Because of his wisdom, integrity, and foresight, Joseph became a "preserver" of his age, in that he saved many of his fellows in time of famine. In a later age, Christ Jesus came to save all the world from the famine of spiritual ideas which materiality always tries to impose upon mankind. Jesus was the Way-shower to the highest concept of what constitutes successful business and honorable achievement. In line with this concept of business, Mrs. Eddy says (Church Manual, Art. XXIV, Sect. 5), "God requires wisdom, economy, and brotherly love to characterize all the proceedings of the members of The Mother Church;" and this is a good requirement for everybody to observe at the present time and always.

[In another column will be found a translation of this article into Italian.]

A King of Epigram

One of the cardinal faults in many an early education is the emphasis placed by teachers on the memorization of so-called important dates in history. Thus, when a man was halfway through preparatory school, he could perhaps quote the years of the reigns of most British sovereigns from Edward I to Victoria, and the name and date of every major battle from Hastings to Waterloo; but he knew nothing of countless individuals who had made lofty contributions to literature, music and the arts during those centuries. When a poet-uncle might make the statement that John Heywood was born in 1497, one might merely raise his eyebrows and inquire: "And who was John Heywood?"

Yet John Heywood compiled the first collection of folk proverbs in the English language. Our language today is indebted to him for many a homely phrase. Among a hundred other proverbs, Bartlett credits him with such commonplaces as:

Haste maketh waste.
A cat may look at a king.
Tell tales out of school.
Creep before you can go.
Bring a horse to water but cannot make him drink.
Reckons without their host.

But Heywood was much more than a sponsor of proverbs. Troubadour, poet, composer and dramatist, he was at one time or another a somewhat intimate associate of four English monarchs—Henry VIII, Edward VI, Mary and Elizabeth. This fact alone stamps him as a politician of no mean achievement, for in those uncertain years courtiers, however able, were commonly in peril of their lives, and few remained in royal favor from one reign to another.

In his eighteenth year, Heywood is said to have been a chorister in the choir of Henry VIII, "singing treble, tenor and bass with equal facility." He began his dramatic efforts when he was twenty-three years old, and his pageants, plays and masks were soon accorded noteworthy receptions. His spontaneous and pungent repartee, his rapier-like thrust of words, marked him as a wit of the first order. As versatile as he was brilliant, his songs and poetry are, however, largely disregarded: indeed, his longest poem—an allegory entitled "The spider and the fly"—was and is a dismal failure, but his theatrical interludes were the finest of his time and have probably never been excelled. Perhaps the best known, and certainly the most humorous, is "The Four P's" a satire of "A palmer, A pardoner, A potycary and A pedler."

If Heywood in this life fell short of actual greatness, he nevertheless made an illustrious contribution to the cultural achievements of his century. He has already been referred to as a prose Chaucer; and, while he is at least as secure in his niche as Dryden, Jonson and other court dramatists are of theirs, his fame today rests chiefly on his epigrams. In that field, he reigned alone. A perusal of these epigrams is well worth while. Of the hundreds which he created, it may safely be said that few are either commonplace or uninteresting.

SCIENCE AND HEALTH
With Key to the Scriptures
by
MARY BAKER EDDY

The original, standard, and only Textbook on Christian Science Mind-healing, in one volume of 700 pages, is published in the following editions:—

Library Edition, cloth..$3.00
Vest Pocket Edition, ooze khaki, black or blue morocco, Bible paper 3.00
Stiff Leather Edition, same paper as library edition 4.00
Students' Edition, with index to marginal headings, black or blue morocco, Oxford India Bible paper 4.00
Pocket Edition, black or blue morocco, Oxford India Bible paper..... 5.00
Edition de Luxe, black or blue levant, heavy Oxford India Bible paper, wide margins... 8.50
Large Type Edition, black morocco, Bible paper 11.50
Braille Edition, Grade One and a Half, for the Blind. 5 vols.....12.50

FRENCH TRANSLATION
Library Edition, cloth..$3.50
Pocket Edition, cloth, Oxford India Bible paper 4.50
Pocket Edition, black morocco, Oxford India Bible paper 7.50

GERMAN TRANSLATION
Library Edition, cloth..$3.50
Pocket Edition, cloth, Oxford India Bible paper 4.50
Pocket Edition, black morocco, Oxford India Bible paper 7.50

The book may be read or purchased at Christian Science Reading Rooms throughout the world, or sent prepaid to any address.

Other works by Mrs. Eddy may also be read or purchased at Christian Science Reading Rooms. A complete catalogue sent on request.

Address orders and make remittances payable to

HARRY I. BUNT
Publishers' Agent
107 Falmouth St., Boston, U. S. A.

MARKET SLIPS OFF TO LOWER PRICE LEVEL

Further Pressure Against Leaders—Rail Shares Weak Feature

NEW YORK, Dec. 22 (AP)—The stock market ran into a fresh flurry of selling today, which depressed prices close to the lower resistance levels of the autumn trading range.

The list worked a little higher at the opening, but was soon unsettled by selling of the rails. Several issues in various groups were carried down 1 to 3 points.

Selling abated somewhat by early afternoon, and there were fractional recoveries from the lowest.

Stocks had slightly reduced extreme losses of 1 to 3 points in the late trading. The market turned very dull on the decline, most of which occurred during the morning.

Toward the close, Allied Chemical, American Telephone, New York Central and Union Pacific were off a couple of points, while U. S. Steel common and preferred, American Can, Santa Fe and several other leaders showed losses of around a point.

Sales approximated 1,100,000 shares.

Selling of the rails appeared to be of a special character, and was not accounted for by developments in the news. It was suggested in brokerage quarters that some of the selling may have been professional, inasmuch as the carrier issues have been hovering relatively closer to the lower resistance points of the autumn trading range than the industrials.

Favorable Railroad News

Such railroad news as has appeared in the last day or two has probably been more favorable than otherwise, including today's announcement of an extension for another nine months of the 10 per cent wage reduction which expires Feb. 1. Of course, several executives regarded this as inadequate. Some of the rail chiefs have been insisting that a further substantial wage reduction was essential to restoration of the railroad's credit standing.

This weeks carloadings statements of such roads as Pennsylvania and New York Central, have shown gains over the previous week, contrary to the usual seasonal trend.

Brokerage sentiment was mixed. Some had looked for a firmer market in response to the House's passage of the beer bill, and the railroad wage agreement, but the early stiffening of the list lasted only a few minutes. The bottling stocks ran into considerable profit-taking, particularly Owens Illinois Glass.

The action of the market in the last few days has tended to upset the plans of those speculators looking for a Christmas rally, although hopes were not entirely abandoned that a holiday upturn might yet be experienced.

The weekly statement of the Bank of England showed a loss of close to $100,000,000 in its gold bullion account, largely reflecting the shifting of the metal from British to American account for the Dec. 15 debt payment. The reserve ratio dropped abruptly to 18.1 per cent compared with 33.3 the week before.

Lesser changes were shown in the Bank of France statement. Its gold holdings slipped off about $3,000,000, and there was a shrinkage of about $2,000,000 in its sight balances abroad. Circulation contracted, however, and the bank's reserve ratio actually gained to 78.16 per cent, compared with 77.93 the week before, in which the French central bank had reported its sharpest loss of gold since the franc was returned to the gold standard.

Bond Prices Easy

Signs of progress were generally absent in the bond market, and prices, especially in the semi-speculative groups, drifted to lower levels.

While United States Government obligations and most of the legal investment loans held to a relatively steady position, some of the secondary rails, utilities and industrials suffered losses ranging from fractions to 3 or more points. The trading volume, however, declined with the averages.

There were conflicting reports regarding traffic gains. Some of the roads, notably the coal haulers, had a moderate pick-up in business, but others reflected the decline in manufacturing and consumer demand. Plans of some of the companies to pare heavy interest charges were being discussed in financial circles.

Among the principal losses in the day's trading were some liens of Alleghany Corporation, Santa Fe, Baltimore & Ohio, Chicago & North Western, Erie, Illinois Central, Missouri Pacific, New York Central, Nickel Plate, Southern, Pennsylvania and Southern Pacific. Canadian railway bonds held up fairly well, as did those of Union Pacific and Delaware & Hudson.

American Smelting 5s lost 2 points at one time, and International Telephones sagged. U. S. Rubber 5s drooped, along with Detroit Edison 4½s, Dodge Bros. 6s, Texas Corp. 5s and Utilities Power & Light debenture 5½s. American Telephone debenture 5s of 1965 were fractionally higher.

German bonds turned reactionary after their recent spurt. The French and Belgians eased while other foreign issues were quiet.

BANK OF FRANCE

PARIS, Dec. 22—Principal items in this week's statement of the Bank of France in francs (000 omitted) compare as follows:

	Dec. 16,'32	Dec. 9,'32
Gold	83,368,000	83,343,000
Sight balances abroad	3,104,000	3,155,000
Neig bills bght abroad	1,344,000	1,354,000
Com'cial bills, France	2,462,000	2,452,000
Adv against securities	2,971,000	2,951,000
Neg bonds of st.	6,582,000	6,620,000
Circulation	82,036,000	82,482,000
Total cred cur accts	34,505,000	34,458,000
Treasury	173,000	303,000
Sinking fund	3,153,000	3,153,000
Private	31,041,000	31,002,000
Total sight liabilities	186,541,000	186,940,000
Ratio	78.16%	77.93%
Bank rate	2½%	2½%

FOREIGN COPPER PRICES EASIER

NEW YORK, Dec. 22 (AP)—Foreign copper was a shade easier today after its recent gains. Sales were reported abroad at 8.08 to 8.10 cents a pound, compared with yesterday's range of 8.10 to 8.15. There was no change in domestic metal.

BANK OF ENGLAND RATE

LONDON, Dec. 22—The Bank of England made no change in its discount rate of 2 per cent.

THURSDAY'S NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

1932 High	1932 Low	Stock	Sales	High	Low	Last	Net Chg.
6¾	1¾	Adams Express	700	1¾	1¾	1¾	
13	3	Adams Millis	100	12	12	12	
1¼	⅜	Addressograph	100	¾	¾	¾	
4½	1¼	Advance Rumely	100	1¼	1¼	1¼	
10¼	4½	Affiliated Prod	400	5	5	5	
63½	30½	Air Reduction	1800	59½	58¾	58¾	
63½	30½	Airway Elec App	100	1¼	1¼	1¼	
16¾	7¾	Alaska-Juneau	1200	13¾	13¼	13¼	
154	109	Albany & Susque	10	154	154	154	
3¾	¾	Alleghany Corp	11300	1¼	1	1	
3¾	¾	Alleghy pf ww 2Xs	100	1	1	1	
3	¾	Alleghany pf xw	400	1	1	1	
3	¾	Allegh pf ww XL	400	1	1	1	
63½	43½	61 Allied Chem	19600	61	59½	59½	
10	4½	Allis Chalmers	1000	5	5	5	
10	4½	Alpha Port Cem	400	5	5	5	
2¾	¾	Amal Leather	100	¾	¾	¾	
19½	2¾	Am Ag Ch Del	1900	8½	7¾	8	
22¾	8	Am Bank Note	300	11½	11	11	
77	28	3 Am Bank Note pf	10	36½	36½	36½	
2½	⅛	Am Beet Sugar	100	⅜	⅜	⅜	
9¾	1	Am Beet Sug pf	9000	3	2¾	2¾	
17¾	6¼	.60 Am Brake S&F	500	9½	9½	9½	
62	40	7 Am Brake S&F pf	40	60½	60	60	
73½	29½	9 Am Can	8800	54½	51¾	51¾	
139	83½	9 Am Can pf	100	121	121	121	
17	3½	Am Car & Fdry	300	5¾	5½	5½	
7¾	1⅝	Am Chain	100	3½	3½	3½	
29	7	Am Chain pf	100	9½	9¼	9¼	
37¾	18	37 Am Chicle	100	37	37	37	
27	11	Am Com Alcohol	300	19	18½	19¼	
5	¾	Am Encaustic T	100	¾	¾	¾	
13	2	Am Fr For Pow	1900	6½	6¼	6½	
28¼	3	Am Fr For Pow V	100	11	10	10¾	
21½	3¾	Am G & Pw 2pf	400	7¼	7	7¼	
6¼	1	1 Am Hawaiian	200	4½	4½	4½	
6¾	1	Am Hide & L	100	3¾	3¾	3¾	
27	4½	Am Hide & L pf	100	13½	13½	13½	
21¾	5	1 Am Ice	1600	4¾	4¼	4¾	
13	3½	Am International	1800	7	6¾	6¾	
15¾	3¾	Am Locomotive	300	5	5	5	
49	19	Am Loco pf	300	18¾	18¾	18¾	
9¼	1½	Am Metal	200	2¼	2¼	2¼	
39	6½	Am Metal 6%	110	17	16½	16½	
17¾	3	Am Power & Lt	2900	7¾	7	7	
58	13¾	3 Am P&L 6% pf	1300	20½	19¾	20	
49¾	10	2½ Am P&L pf A	600	17¼	16½	17¼	
12¾	3¼	Am Radiator	1500	7	6¾	6¾	
18¾	3	Am Rolling Mill	1900	7¾	7¼	7¾	
39¾	13¾	3 Am Safety Razor	300	21¼	21	21	
¾	⅛	Am Ship & Com	500	⅛	⅛	⅛	
27¾	5½	Am Smelt & Ref	3500	11¾	10¼	10¾	
55	15	Am Smelt&R 3pf	400	23	23	23	
85	22	Am Smelt & R pf	300	33	33	33	
15½	3	Am Steel Fdries	600	5¾	5¼	5¼	
39½	13	2 Am Sugar Ref	300	23¾	21½	21½	
137¾	70½	9 Am Tel & Tel	14900	104½	101¼	101¼	
70	10½	Am Type F pf	65	11¾	11¼	11¼	
34½	11	1 Am Wat W&E	800	16¾	16	16	
19	1¾	Am Woolen	100	2¾	2¾	2¾	
39¾	18½	Am Woolen pf	300	24	23	23	
6¾	1¼	Am Zinc Lead&S	100	3¼	3¼	3¼	
19¾	3	Anaconda Cop	4800	6¼	5¾	5¾	
17½	5½	.60 Anchor Cap	100	10¾	10¾	10¾	
75	46	6½ Anchor Cap pf	10	63	63	63	
15½	7	1 Archer Daniels	400	10¼	9¾	10¼	
61	24	7 Armour Del pf	500	39¾	38	38¾	
2¾	⅝	Armour Ill A	600	1	1	1	
2	⅜	Armour Ill B	100	¾	¾	¾	
3¾	1	Arnold Constable	1000	1⅝	1½	1½	
50	43	Artloom Corp pf	150	50¼	50¼	50¼	
7½	3¾	Art Metal Const	1100	3¾	3¾	3¾	
11	3	Asso Dry Goods	200	3¾	3¾	3¾	
42	19¾	Asso Dry G 1pf	800	18¾	18¾	18¾	
35	15½	Asso Dry G 2pf	100	14¾	14¾	14¾	
94	17¾	Atchison T&SF	5900	39¾	37	37½	
44	9¾	Atl Coast Line	100	17	17	17	
66	35	Atlantic Refining	200	37	36½	36½	
21¾	8¾	1 Atl Redning	350	15¾	15¾	15¾	
25½	7½	Atlas Powder	10	61¾	61½	61½	
151¾	28¾	41 Auburn Auto	12900	51¾	47½	47¾	
6¾	1½	Aviation Corp Del	11600	7½	7	7½	

—B—

12	2	Baldwin Loco	1100	4¾	4¼	4½	
35	8	Baldwin Loco pf	190	11½	10½	11½	
21¾	3¾	Balt & Ohio	2800	8½	7½	7¾	
41¾	6	Balt & Ohio pf	1300	10¾	9¼	9¾	
99	62	6½ Bamberger pf	30	73¼	73¼	73¼	
35¾	4½	2 Bangor & Aroos	100	20	20	20	
20	8½	Barker Bros pf	50	8	8	8	
7	3¾	Barnsdall A	1400	3½	3¾	3¾	
43½	10½	Beatrice Cream	600	11½	11	11	
45¾	29¼	3 Beech-Nut Pack	100	43¾	43¼	43¼	
8¾	2¾	Belding Hem	300	4½	4½	4½	
18¾	4½	Bendix Aviation	1700	10	9¾	9¾	
24⅞	8¾	Best & Co	300	10¾	10¼	10¼	
29⅝	7¼	Bethlehem Steel	1900	13¾	12⅝	12⅝	
74	6¼	Beth Steel pf	300	27¾	27	27¼	
10	3⅜	Blaw Knox	300	5	4¾	4¾	
22¾	4⅞	Bohn Alum & Br	300	13	12¾	13¼	
43½	20	2 Borden	1100	25¾	24¼	24½	
14¾	3⅛	Borg Warner	500	8½	8¼	8¾	
10	4	Boston & Maine	300	6¼	6¼	6¼	
11¼	2⅛	Briggs Mfg	400	4¼	4¼	4¼	
10½	4½	1 Briggs & Strat	100	8¼	8¼	8¼	
50¼	11⅛	Brooklyn Man T	4700	25½	23⅝	24	
10¼	2⅞	Brooklyn Queens	400	3⅝	3¾	3¾	
58	23¼	6 Brooklyn Q pf	100	40	40	40	
85½	46	5 Brooklyn Un Gas	300	78	77	77	
10½	2½	Bucyrus Ec cv pf	1200	3½	2½	2½	
14	3½	Budd Mfg pf	1000	5	5	5	
4½	2¾	Budd Wheel	800	3½	3½	3½	
13¾	6¼	Burroughs Add	900	8	8	8	
63	7½	Bush Term deb	10	7¾	7¾	7¾	
24½	7	Byers	1900	12½	11¾	11¾	
69	35¼	7 Byers pf	20	44	44	44	

—C—

19	4¼	Calif Packing	1700	9	8¼	8¼	
1½	⅛	Callahan Z & L	900	¼	¼	¼	
7¾	1½	Calumet & Hecla	300	2¼	2¼	2¼	
15	6	1 Canada Dry	200	9¼	8¾	8¾	
20⅝	7¼	Canadian Pacific	3500	13¾	13⅜	13¼	
39	19	3 Capital Admin pf	325	8¾	8¼	8¼	
63¾	16⅜	Case Thresh	16800	42¾	38⅝	38⅝	
75	30	7 Case Thresh pf	150	48¼	48¼	48¼	
15	4¾	.50 Caterpillar Trac	500	8¾	8¼	8¾	
12⅝	1¼	Celanese Corp	600	8⅛	8	8⅛	
20½	7¾	1½ Central Aguirre	200	15¼	15¼	15½	
15½	2½	Cerro de Pasco	1600	5¾	5½	5½	
3¾	⅜	Certain-Teed	100	⅞	⅞	⅞	
11⅜	6	Certain-Teed pf	100	4¾	4¾	4¾	
30½	16½	Checker Cab Mfg	200	18¾	18	18	
20¾	4¾	2 Chesapeake Corp	800	14½	13¾	13¾	
31½	9¾	2½ Ches & Ohio	9600	26¼	24⅝	25¾	
5	1½	Chi & Gt West	1400	2¾	2	2¾	
15½	2½	Chi & Gt W pf	900	7¼	7¼	7¼	
4½	¾	Chi Mil & St P	400	1½	1⅜	1½	
8	1½	Chi Mil & St P pf	1100	3¼	3	3	
14½	3	Chi & N'western	2800	3	2¾	2¾	
31	5	Chi & N'west pf	900	5½	4	5	
16¾	1½	Chi Rock Isl & P	900	3⅜	3½	3½	
24½	2	Chi R&P 6%	200	4¾	4¾	4¾	
27½	4½	Chi RI&P 7%	200	5½	5¼	5¼	
12½	5	Chickasaba Cot O	200	6	6	6	
21¾	5	1 Chrysler	15800	16⅝	15¼	16¼	
28½	11	2 City Ice & Fuel	100	11	11	11	
85	4⅜	5 City Investing	60	45	45	45	
32	10	1 Cluett Peabody	200	11	11	11	
31½	10¾	1 Colgate-Palm-P	700	10¾	10¼	10¾	
10⅞	2¾	Collins & Aikman	200	4¼	4¼	4¼	
14⅞	2⅞	Colo Fuel & Ir	700	5½	4¼	4¼	
30	8	Colo & So 1pf	30	13	13	13	
21	4¼	1 Columbia Gas	9500	16¼	14⅝	14¾	
79½	40	6 Columbia G pf A	300	67	67	67	
41⅞	13½	2 Columbian Carb	1200	27⅝	25¾	25¾	
11	3½	Comm Credit	400	4¾	4½	4⅝	
75	40	6½ Comm Cred 1pf	50	73¾	72¾	72¾	
28	11¾	3 Comm Cred A	200	23½	23½	23½	
27⅞	10½	2 Comm Inv Tr	500	18	17¼	17¼	
82	58½	6 Comm I Tr cv pf	200	82	82	82	
13¾	3½	.60 Comm Solvents	5300	10¾	9¾	9¾	
5¼	1⅝	Comwlth & So	12000	2¾	2	2	
68½	27¾	6 Comwlth & S 6pf	880	43	42	42	
12¼	6½	.60 Congoleum Nairn	200	8	8	8	
11¾	2¾	Consol Film I pf	300	5½	5	5	
3¾	1	Consol Film Ind	200	2	1¾	1¾	
18¾	2½	4 Consol Gas	4900	50	47¾	47¾	
98¼	72½	5 Consol Gas pf	500	87½	86¾	87½	
10⅞	4½	1 Consol Laundries	200	4¾	4¾	4¾	
9	4	Consol Oil	6300	5½	5¾	5¾	
11½	1¾	Consol Rys Cu pf	200	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
1¾	¼	Consol Textile	100	½	½	½	
1¼	⅜	Container B	300	½	½	½	
8	2⅞	Cont Baking A	200	3¼	3¼	3¼	
1¾	½	Cont Baking B	14800	¾	¾	¾	
47¾	24½	4 Cont Can	900	37¼	37	37¼	
41	17¾	2 Cont Can pf	4000	32	32¾	32¾	
25¼	8¾	1.20 Cont Insurance	2900	15	14½	15	
3¾	⅝	Cont Motors	200	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
9¾	3¾	Cont Oil	2800	5¾	5½	5½	
55¾	24¼	3 Corn Products	4000	52⅞	50¾	50¾	
7⅝	6½	Coty	300	3½	3¾	3¾	
26½	13¾	2½ Cream of Wheat	500	26½	25¼	25½	
7¼	2¼	Crosley Radio	300	3	3⅛	2½	
21¾	7¾	Crown Cork & S	1100	20¾	18¼	18¼	
30½	17¾	2.70 Crown Cork pf	500	25	24	24	
23¼	6	Crucible Steel	200	8½	8½	8½	
49¾	15	Crucible Steel pf	10	16¾	16½	16¾	
20	4	Cuba Dy pf	210	5	4	4¼	
31	7	Curtis Publishing	200	9	8¾	8¾	
86	45	7 Curtis Pub pf	100	38	38	38	
3¼	⅞	Curtiss-Wright	20	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
4¾	1½	Curtiss-Wright A	800	3½	3¼	3¼	
12	3½	Cutler Hammer	200	4¼	4¼	4¼	

—D—

9¼	1	Davison Chem	800	3¼	2¾	2¾	
7¾	2¼	.60 Daveas Bk	300	3⅜	2¼	2¼	
2	1	Debenhams	70	2½	2½	2½	
92½	32	6 Del & Hudson	300	49	48	48	
45¾	8½	Del Lack & W	9200	22¾	19	19	
9	1½	Denver R G pf	200	2	2	2	
122	64	6 Detroit Edison	200	80	80	80	
19¼	12	1 Diamond Match	800	18¾	18½	18½	
12¾	7½	1.30 Dome Mines	700	12¼	12	12	
18⅜	5	.75 Douglas A	500	9¾	9½	9½	
23	5	Dresser A	200	7½	7½	7½	
59¾	22	2 du Pont de Nem	13500	37	35½	35½	
105½	80¾	6 du Pont deb	200	103	103	103	
101⅝	87	5 Duquesne Lt pf	190	101½	101	101	

—E—

87⅞	35¼	3 Eastman Kodak	1200	56	52½	52½	
9⅞	3	Eaton Axle & Sp	200	4¾	4¼	4⅝	
32¾	8½	1.20 Elec Auto-Lite	2800	18¾	17½	17⅝	
2½	⅝	Elec Boat	200	1	1	1	
3	⅛	Elec & Mus Ind	100	1¾	1¾	1¾	
16	2¾	Elec Pow & Lt Y	4300	6½	5½	5¾	
64	10¾	2.34 Elec Pow & Lt pf	800	15	14½	14½	
55½	8½	2 El Pw&L 8% pf	200	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	
33½	12⅝	2 Elec Sto Battery	200	22¾	22¾	22¾	
37¼	16	3 Endicott Johnson	400	28¾	28¾	29	
28	4	Engineers Pub S	100	7¾	7¾	7¾	
19	11	1½ Equitable Off Bld	100	11	11	11	
11¾	2	Erie RR	900	5	4⅜	4⅜	
15⅞	3¾	Erie RR 1pf	500	9	8¼	8¼	

—F—

6½	2¾	Fairbanks Morse	200	3¾	3¾	3¾	
13¾	6½	.60 Fed Dept Stores	300	8	8	8	
3¾	1½	Fed Motor Tr	200	1¾	1¾	1¾	
3¾	¾	Fed Screw Wks	300	¾	¾	¾	
3¾	¾	Fed Water Serv	100	2¼	2¼	2¼	
27¾	6	1.20 Fidelity Phe F In	300	16	15½	15½	
62	45	6 Firestone T&R pfA	100	62	61	61	
54¾	35	2½ First Nat Stores	400	53½	53½	53½	
¾	⅛	Fisk Rubber	1800	½	½	½	
9¾	¾	Fisk Rubber pf	100	1¾	1¾	1¾	
3¾	2	Follansbee B	300	2¾	2¾	2¾	
10¼	3¾	Food Mach	300	5¾	5¾	5¾	
15⅞	1	Foster-Wheeler	200	6	5¾	5¾	
2¾	1¼	1 10 Fourth Fnat Inv	100	1¾	1¾	1¾	
1¼	⅛	Fountain	200	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	1	Fox Film A	2000	1¾	1¾	1¾	
24¾	10	2 Freeport Texas	1300	24½	23	23	
26	2¼	Fuller or pf	60	9¼	9¼	9¼	
22	3	Fuller Spf	30	9¾	9¾	9¾	

—G—

8¼	⅛	Gen Am Inv	800	3¾	3¾	3¾	
25¾	8½	1 Gen Am Tnk Car	1000	15¾	15½	15¾	
15¾	2¾	Gen Asphalt	1000	7¾	7¾	7¾	
18⅜	10½	2 Gen Baking	1000	12¾	12¾	12¾	
1	⅛	Gen Bronze	400	1	1	1	
11¾	1½	Gen Cable A	300	3¾	3¾	3¾	
23¾	3½	Gen Cable pf	10	15	15	15	
34¼	8¼	.40 Gen Electric	12800	15¾	14¾	15	
1¾	⅜	Gen Foods	1100	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas A	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas B	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas cv pf	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf A	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf B	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf C	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf D	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf E	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf F	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf G	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf H	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf I	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf J	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf K	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf L	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf M	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf N	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf O	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf P	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf Q	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf R	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf S	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf T	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf U	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf V	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf W	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf X	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf Y	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf Z	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf AA	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf BB	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf CC	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf DD	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf EE	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf FF	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf GG	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf HH	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf II	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf JJ	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf KK	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf LL	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf MM	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf NN	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf OO	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf PP	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf QQ	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf RR	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf SS	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf TT	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf UU	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf VV	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf WW	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf XX	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf YY	1000	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1¾	⅜	Gen Gas pf ZZ	1000	1¼	1¼

DOMINION MAY LEAD AMERICA IN TRADE RISE

Canadian Business Factors Indicate an Independent Upward Movement

NEW YORK, Dec. 22—There are a number of indications of better business conditions in Canada which indicate that the Dominion may stage an independent upward movement in advance of the United States, according to Calvin Bullock, who has just returned from a visit to Montreal, in connection with the organization of the Canadian Investment Fund, Ltd.

"The gradual tendency toward higher protective tariffs culminating in the recent Ottawa Conference together with reciprocal Empire preferences," he said, "are causing, and will continue to cause, changes in Canada's domestic economy which should materially strengthen her position.

Industry Expands

"A natural result of this tendency is the establishment and expansion of industrial units in Canada, some of them branches of American concerns. Many such establishments have already been set up, and many more will come with a resultant increase in Canadian employment and total purchasing power.

"Earnings of Canadian companies, in general, do not appear to have been as adversely affected by the business recession as have those of our domestic concerns. The index of general business activity in Canada seems to have reached its approximate low point in the late spring of this year, since which time production in various lines, notably artificial silk, meat, some dairy products and gold have shown increases over the year before. For some time Canada has been able to maintain a favorable balance of trade in spite of abnormally low prices.

"The wheat crop this year was unusually large, running about 430,000,000 bushels, compared with 304,000,000 bushels last year. In spite of declining prices for wheat, the net crop receipts indicate some improvement in farm purchasing power.

"It is true that in the construction field and in the production of iron and steel and in the output of automobiles, conditions are not satisfactory, but there should be improvement seen here in the not distant future."

Mr. Bullock declared that the tremendous mineral resources of Canada and her growing importance in manufacturing lines, her fertile agricultural regions, her undeveloped potential markets for many products make the outlook for the country decidedly attractive.

Banking System Strong

"Another vital factor, and one that has been of major importance in stabilizing conditions in Canada," Mr. Bullock pointed out, "is its strong banking system. While the number of bank failures in the United States during the last three years has been appalling, there has been no failure of this nature in the Dominion since 1923. As a result, the adverse effect on trade to which many of our communities have been subjected through frozen banking facilities, has been absent in Canada.

"This unusual record is attributed to the fact that the banking business is in the hands of a small number of strong institutions directed by conservative bankers and having branches that may call upon the home office for assistance in case it is needed. One of these banks, it is worth noting, has over 750 branches in Canada and Newfoundland, and another has 731 such branches, as well as 12 offices in foreign countries."

PACIFIC TELEPHONE BUSINESS HOLDING

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 22—Indications are that fourth-quarter business of Pacific Telephone & Telegraph Company has not run far below third-quarter levels. On this basis it can be estimated the company will show 1932 net of over $16,000,000 and perhaps as much as $16,250,000 or $6.15 to $6.25 a share on the common.

Such an earnings figure would represent coverage of the $4,920,000 preferred dividends by more than three times, but would fall short of common dividend requirements by at least $1,250,000. The company is paying $6 a share on its 820,000 shares of preferred and $7 a share on 1,805,000 shares of common.

CHICAGO BOARD

(Reported by Clark, Childs & Keech, Boston)

	Wheat Open	High	Low	Close	Chg Net
December	.44⅜	.44⅜	.43½	.43½	—1
May	.46⅛	.46⅜	.45¼	.45⅛	—1
July	.46¼	.46¼	.45¼	.45⅛	—1
	Corn				
December	.22⅝	.22¾	.21	.21	— ⅝
May	.26⅞	.26⅞	.25¾	.25⅞	—1
July	.28⅝	.28⅝	.27½	.27½	— ¾
	Oats				
December	.15⅛	.15⅛	.15	.15	
May	.17¼	.17¼	.16⅞	.16⅞	— ⅜
July	.17½	.17½	.17¼	.17¼	— ⅜
	Lard				
December	4.50	4.50	4.42	4.42	
May	3.97	3.97	3.92	3.95	+ .05
July	4.07	4.07	4.02	4.02	+ .03

Winnipeg Wheat

	High	Low	Last	Net Chg
December	.40⅝	.39½	.40⅜	+ ¼
May	.43⅞	.43¼	.43½	— ⅛
July	.43⅞	.43⅜	.43⅝	— ⅛

Kansas City Wheat

	High	Low	Last	Net Chg
December	.39	.38⅜	.38⅝	—1
May	.40¾	.39⅝	.39⅝	— ⅛
July	.40½	.39½	.39½	— ⅛

COMMODITY PRICES

NEW YORK, Dec. 22—The following are commodity prices quoted on the floor of the New York Produce Exchange and comparisons with last week and a year ago:

	Dec. 22	Wk Ago	Yr Ago
Wheat, No. 2 red	8.63⅛	8.64½	8.72½
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.40⅛	.40½	.53
Oats, No. 2 white	.28	.28¾	.37½
Flour	3.60	3.60	4.45
Beef, family	12.50	12.50	17.00
Pork	15.00	15.50	18.25
Lard	.0320	.0486	.0580
Cotton, mid up	.0595	.0615	.0630
Zinc	.0312	.0312	.0318
Iron	12.34	12.34	15.51
Steel, bil Pitt	26.00	26.00	29.00
Copper	.05	.05	.0725
Tin	.2587	.2275	.2300
Rubber	.03¼	.03¼	.0472
Sugar	.0415	.0415	.0430
Lead	.0285	.0285	.0378
Print cloth	.02½	.02¼	.0337

New York Bond Market

(Quotations to 1:30 p. m.)

	High	Low
Ah Stram 8½s '43	38	38½
Albany PF 6s '48	14¼	14¼
Albany & Susq 3½s '46	83	83
Alleghany Corp 5s '44	38½	38
Alleghany Corp 5s '60	30¼	30
Alleghany Corp 5s '90	9¼	9
Alleghany Valley 4s '42	91	91
Allis Chalmers deb 5s '37	70½	70½
Amer & Foreign Pow 5s 2030	30	30
Amer I G Chem 5½s '49	71	70½
Amer Inter 5½s '49	70¼	70¼
Amer Smelting 5s '47	83	81
Amer Sugar Refining 6s '37	105	105
Amer T&T 4½s '29 cv	100	100
Amer T&T deb 5s '60	102½	102½
Amer T&T 5s '65	103½	103½
Amer T&T deb 5½s '43	100	100½
Amer Writing Paper 5s '47	32½	32½
Ann Arbor 1st 4s '95	39	39
Armour & Co 4½s '39	90½	90
Armour & Co of Del 5½s '43	75½	75
Armstrong Cork 5s '40	70	70
Atch T&SF adj 4s '95 sta	94½	94
Atch T&SF gen 4s '95	93½	93½
Atch T&SF 4½s '48	90½	90½
Atl Coast Line 1st con 4s '52	71	71
Atl Coast L L&N col 4s '52	46	46
Atl Gulf & WI col 5s '59	37	37
Atl Refining deb 5s '37	101¼	101¼
Balt & Ohio 1st 4s '48	76½	76
Balt & Ohio 4s Tol & C div '59	50¾	50¾
Balt & Ohio 4½s '33	81	80½
Balt & Ohio 4½s '33 sta	56½	56½
Balt & Ohio 4½s cv '60	34¾	33½
Balt & Ohio rfg 5s '95	33½	33½
Balt & Ohio 5s series D 2000	33	32
Balt & Ohio rfg 6s '95	36	36
Bangor & Aroos 5s '43	92½	92½
Bell Tel of Pa rfg 5s '48 B	107¾	107¾
Bell Tel of Pa 5s '60 C	106½	106½
Ben Ind Loan 6s '46	83½	83
Boston & Maine 4½s '61	60	60
Boston & Maine 5s '55	62	62
Boston & Maine 5s '67	63¾	63½
Bklyn Ed 5s E '53	107	107
Bklyn-Man Tr sf 6s '68	91	90
Bklyn Un Gas 5s '57	107½	107½
Bklyn Un Gas 5s '45	109¾	109¾
Buff R & P 4½s '57	31½	30¾
Broadway & 7th Ave RR cn	1¾	1¾
Bush Term Bldg 5s '60	69½	69½
Can Nat Ry 4½s '51	84½	84¼
Can Nat Ry gen 4½s '54	84¼	84
Can Nat Ry 4½s '56	84½	84½
Can Nat Ry 4½s '57	84	84
Can Nat Ry 4½s '60	84½	84½
Can Nat Ry 5s July '69	90	90
Can Nat Ry 5s Oct '69	90	89½
Can North deb 7s '40	100¾	100¾
Can Pacific deb 4s	67	65¾
Can Pacific 4½s '46	74	74
Can Pacific 5s '54	81	81
Cen Of Ga con 5s '45	14½	14½
Cen Pacific 1st 4s '49	78¾	78¾
Cen Pacific 5s '60	55	53¾
Certainteed 5½s '48	34½	34
Ches Corp 5s '47	66	65
Ches & O cv 4½s A '93	82	82
Ches & O gen 4½s '92	100	99½
Ches & O RA 1st 4s '89	89	89
Chicago & Alton rfg 3s '49	40¼	40¼
Chicago B & Q 3½s Ill div '49	89¼	88
Chicago B & Q gen 4s '58	90	90
Chicago B & Q 4½s '77	90	90
Chicago B & Q rfg 5s '71	85½	85½
Chicago & East Ill 5s '51	11¾	11¾
Chicago Gt West 4s '59	34	32
Chicago Ind & L rfg 6s '47	42	42
Chicago Lake Sh 4½s	95	95
Chicago M&StP gen 3½s '89	40	40
Chicago M&StP cv 4½s '32 ct	46	46
Chicago M StP&Pac adj 2000	4¾	4
Chicago M StP&Pac 5s '75	15	14
Chicago & Nw 4½s 2037 C	16	15¾
Chicago & Nw 4½s cv '49	11	10
Chicago & Nw rfg 5s 2037	16½	16½
Chicago R1&P gen 4s '88	52	52
Chicago R1&P rfg 4s '34	23½	21¼
Chicago R1&P 4½s '52 A	20	20
Chicago R1&P 4½s cv '60	11½	10
Chicago Un Sta 4½s A '63	97¾	96½
Chicago Un Stat 5s '44	101	101
Chicago & W Indiana 4s '53	63	63
Chicago & W Indiana 5½s '62	67¾	67½
Childs Co 5s '43	35	34½
Cin Gas & Elec 4s '58 A	97¾	97¾
Cin Ind StL & Chic RR 4s	94½	94½
Clev CC&StLL gen 4s '93	75	75
Clev CC&StLL rfg 5s D '63	50	50
Clev Short Line 4½s '61	78	76
Clev Un Term 4½s '77	88	88
Clev Un Term 5s '73	81	67½
Clev Un Term 5½s '72	69	69
Colonial Oil 6s '38	45	40
Colo & SSo 1st rfg 4½s '35	75¼	75¼
Colo & So 4½s '80 A	49	49
Columbia Gas&E Co 5s deb '61	83	83
Columbia Gas & E 5s '52 Apr	83½	83½
Columbia Gas & E 5s '52 May	83½	83½
Columbus Ry Pr L 4½s '57	94½	94½
Columbus Ry Pr L 5½s '42	104½	104½
Com Credit Co 5½s '35	96¾	96¾
Com Credit Co 6s '34	100	100
Com Inv Trust 5½s '49	100	100
Con Gas 5s '57	103½	103¾
Con Gas 4½s '51	100	100
Container Corp 5s ct '43	15¼	15
Crown Will Papers 6s '51	64	64
Cuba Cane Sug Prod 6s '50	1¼	1¼
Cuba Nor Ry 5½s '42	16	15¼
Cuba RR 1st 5s '52	24	24
Cuban Dom 7½s '44 ww	1¾	1¾
Cumberland T&T 5s '37	105¾	105¾
Del & Hudson rfg 4s '43	79½	78½
Del Pow & Lt 4½s '71	100	100
Del Pow & Lt 4½s	95	95
Den & Rio G Wn 5s '55	11½	10¾
Den & Rio G Wn rfg 5s '78	17¾	17¾
Dentroit Ed 4½s D '61	97½	97
Detroit Ed 5s '52	101¾	101
Detroit Ed 5s '69	101¾	101¾
Detroit Ed 5s '62	102	101½
Dodge Bros sf 6s '40	88¾	88½
Dul & I Range 5s '37	101	101
Duquesne P & L 4½s '67	104½	104½
East Tenn Va&Ga RR 5s '56	83	93
Erie RR ref 5s '67	22½	21¾
Erie RR gen 5s '75	22	22
Fla East Coast 5s '74	3	2½
Gen Bak Co 5½s '40	98½	98
Gen Cable Corp 5½s '47	54	54
Gen Mot Acc Corp 6s '37	103½	103½
Gen Theater Equip 6s '40 ct	1½	1½
Gen Theater Equip 6s '40	1¾	1¾
Goodrich 1st 6½s '47	78	78
Goodyear Tire 5s '57	79½	79
Grand Tk Rv Can 6s '36	98¾	98½
Grand Tk Ry Can 6s '36	98¾	98½
Grand Tk Ry Can 7s '40	100¾	100½
Great Northern 4½s '76 D	40½	40
Great Northern gen 5½s B '52	47½	47½
Great Northern 7s '36 A	60	59
Gulf Mobile of Mo 5s	30	29
Houston Oil 5½s '40	48	48
Hudson Coal 5s '62	32	31
Hudson & Man adj in 5s '57	53½	52
Hudson & Man rfg 5s '57	83	82¾
Ill Bell Tel rfg 5s '56	107	107
Ill Central rfg 4s '55	53½	53½
Ill Central 4¾s '66	34½	31½
Ill Central CSL&NO 5s A '63	41½	40
Ill Steel deb 4½s '40	102	102
Ill Central 6½s '36	65	65
Ind Natural Gas & Oil 5s	92	92
Inter Hydro El 6s '44	40	38½
Interlake Iron Corp 5s '51	43	42
Inter Rap Tran rfg 5s '66	43¾	43¾
Inter Rap Trans 6s '32	16½	16½
Inter Rap Trans 7s '32	56	55
Int Cement Corp 5s '48	55	55
In t& G Nor 5s B '56	16½	16½
Int & G Nor 5s C '56	15½	15½
Int & G Nor 6s '52	16½	15½
Int & G Nor adj 6s '52	3½	3
Int Mer Mar col 6s '41	40	40
Int Paper rfg 5s A '47	38½	37¼
Int Paper 6s '55	14	14
Int Tel & Tel 4½s '52	23½	22¾
Int Tel & Tel 4½s cv '39	30½	27
Int Tel & Tel 5s '55	26½	24½
Inv Equity Corp 5s A '47	81¼	81
Inv Equity Corp 5s B xw '48	81½	81½
Kan City Ft&Mem 4s '36	48¾	48½
Kendall Co 5½s ww '46	51¾	51¾
Kan City P & L 4½s '61	103⅜	103¼
Kan City So rfg 5s '50	44	43½
Kan City Term 1st 4s '60	90	89½
Kan Gas & Elec 4½s '80	91¾	91¾
Kings Co Le 5s '54	105¾	105¾
Kresge Foundation 6s '36	60¼	60¼
L'Autaro 6s '54	2½	2½
Lehigh Val Coal 5s '33	72	72
Loew's Inc 6s '41	81	81
Long Island deb 5s '37	89	89
Louis Gas & Elec rfg 5s '52	104¾	104¾
L&N uni 4s '40	82	81¾
L&N rfg 4½s C 2003	85	85
L&N 1st 5s '37	98½	97½
Manati Sug 1st 7½s '42	5	5
Manhat Ry con 4s '90	27¾	26
Manhat Ry 2d 4s 2013	18	17
Market St Ry gold 7s '40	71	71
McCrory Stores 5½s '41	61	61
Meade 4s '49 ww	48½	48½
Metro Edison 4½s '53	84½	84½
Metro Water 5½s '50	69¾	69¾
Mil El Ry & Lt 1st 5s '61	77½	77½
Mil El Ry & Lt 5s '71	77½	78½
Min & StL con 5s '34	2½	2½
Min StP & SSM 4s '38	38½	36½
Min StL & SSM 5s ltd	38½	38½
Min StP & SSM 5½s '78	51	49¾
Mo Ill 5s '50	28¾	28¾
Mo K & T 1st 4s '90	73	73
Mo K & T adj 5s A '67	30	30
Mo K & T 2d 5s A '88	63½	62¾
Mo Pacific gen 4s '75	8¼	7¾
Mo Pacific rfg 5s A '65	18	18
Mo Pacific 5s F '77	18½	17½
Mo Pacific 5s G '78	20	17½
Mo Pacific 5s H '80	19	17½
Mo Pac 5s I '81	19½	17½
Mo K & T 5½s '49	8½	7
Mobile & Ohio 4½s '77	34½	34½
Mobile & O mont 5s '38	4½	4½
Montana Power rfg 5s '43	81	81
Mobile & O 4s '38	63½	62
Nassau Elec con 4s '51	50½	50½
Nat Dairy Prod 5½s '48	64¾	64
Nat Steel 5s '56	97	97
New Eng T&T 4½s B '61	104¾	104¾
New Eng T&T 5s '52	109½	109
N J Pow & Lt 4½s '60	83	83
N O Pub Ser 5s '55 B	58¾	58¾
N O T & M 5½s '54	19¾	18
NY Biltm & Manh 5s	93¾	93¾
NY&HRR gen 3½s '97	74½	74½
NYC&HR con 4s A '98	58¾	58
NYC&HR deb 4s '34	66½	66½
NYC&HR 4½s N 2013	36¼	34½
NYC&HR rfg & im 4½s 2013	36¼	36½
NYC&HR rfg & im 5s 2013	40	39
NYC&HR cv 6s '35	46	46
NY Chi & StL 4½s '78	74	73¾
NY Chi & StL 5½s '74	14¾	14½
NY Chi & StL 6s A '28	16¾	15½
NY Chi & StL 6s ref '60	41	40½
NY Edison 5s '44 B	106¾	106¾
NY G&LH&P pur m 4s '49	101¾	101¾
NY N&HR 3½ deb 4s '47	38	35
NY N&HR 4½s '57	37	37
NY N&HR 4½s '67	39	38½
NY Ont & W gen 4s '40	40¾	40
NY Ont & W rfg 4s '92	48¾	48¼
NY Chic Ry 6½s B '42	1¾	1¾
NY Steam Corp 3s '51	103	103
NY Steam Corp 5s '54	102¾	101¾
NY Steam Corp 5s '58	104¾	104¾
NY W'chester & B 4½s '46	43½	43½
Niag Lock & O P 5s '55	103¾	103¾
Niag Share 5½s '50	30½	30
Norf & W con 4s '96	97¼	97¼
Norf & W div 4s '44	96	97¼
Nor Am Cement 6½s '49	21	21
North Am Co 5s '61	24¼	24
Nor Am Ed 5½s '53	21	21
Nor Pacific gen 3s 2047	55½	55½
Nor Pacific pr in 4s '97	53½	53¾
Nor Pacific 6s B 2047	66¾	66
Nor States Pow 5s A '41	103	101¾
Nor States Pow 6s B '41	105¼	105¼
Ohio Pub Ser 7s B '47	99	94½
Ore Short Line gtd 5s '46	103½	102½
Ore Wash RR & N 4s '61	81¾	81¾
Otis Steel 6s '41	18¾	18¾
Pac of Mo 1st 4s '38	83	83
Pac Tel & Tel rfg 5s '52	107	107
Pan-Am Pet & T 6s '40 ct	39	39
Paramount Pub Inc 6s '47	15	14¾
Paramount Pub Lsc 6s '47	15	14¾
Penn Dixie Cement 6s '41	46	46
Penn O & D RR 4½s A '77	83¾	83½
Penn Railroad 4½s D '70	80½	80¾
Penn Railroad 4½s '63	79	78½
Penn Railroad 5s '64	79½	79
Penn Railroad gen 5s '68	86¼	86¼
Penn Railroad gold 4½s '36	99¾	99¾
Peoria & East Inc 4s '90	3	3
Pere Marquette 5s '56	29	28¾
Pere Marquette 5s '56	33	31½
Phillips Pet 6½s '39	71	71
Philadelphia Co 5s '57	84¼	84
Philadelphia Elec Co 4s '71	86¾	86¾
Pitts CCa&StL 4½s B	99¾	99¾
Portland Gen Elec 5½s '60	89	89
Postal Tel & Cable 5s '53	30	30
Pressed Steel Car 5s '33	55	55
Pub Svc E&G 4s	98¾	98½
Pub Svc E&G 4½s '67	104	104
Pub Svc E&G 4½s '1970	103¾	103¾
Pure Oil 5½s '37	78¼	78
Purity Baking 5s '48	86¾	86½
Read rfg 4½s A '97	83½	83½
Read rfg 4½s B '97	83¾	83¾
Remington Rand 5½s '47 ww	48	48
Richfield Oil Co of Cal 6s '44	34¼	34¼
Rio G & W 1st 4s '39	60	59
Rock I Ar&Lou 4½s '34	30	29¾
St Louis IM&S 4s R&G div '33	40	39¾
St Louis & SF 4s A '50	8¼	8¼
St Louis & SF 4½s '78	7	6½
St Louis & SF 6½s ct sta	8½	8½
St Louis & SF 6s '62	9¾	9¾
Seabd AL rfg 4s '59	1¼	1¼
Seabd AL B ct	1¼	1¼
Seabd AL 6s	3½	3
Seabd A L 6s ct	2¾	2¾
Sierra & San F Pow 5s '49	99¼	99¼
Silesian Am Corp 7s '41	35¼	35
Sinclair Cn O col 5½s '38	95½	95½
Sinclair Cn O col 7s '37	98½	98¼
Skelly Oil Co 5½s '39	84	84
Solvay Amer Inv 5s '42	88	88
Southern Bell Tel & Tel 5s '41	106	106
Southern Colo Pow 6s '47	75	75
Southern Pacific col 4s '49	52	52
Southern Pacific 4½s '68	44	44
Southern Pacific 4½s '69 ww	43¾	43½
Southern Pacific 4½s '81	43¾	43½
Southern Pacific Ore A 4½s '77	60	59¾
Southern Ry gen 4s '56	15½	15
Southern Ry con 5s '94	60¾	60
Southern Ry 5s '56	18	18
Southern Ry gen 6½s '56	21½	20½
Stand Oil NJ 5s '46	104¾	104½
Stand Oil NY 4½s' 51	97	96¾
Stevens Hotel 6s' 45	15½	15½
Studebaker 6s '45	43¾	43¾
Tenn Cen Ry 6s 47	95¾	95
Texas Corp 5s '44	90¾	90½
Tex & Pac 5s C '79	42½	42½
Third Ave rfg 4s '60	40¼	40¼
Third Ave adj 5s' 60	22¾	22¾
Union El L & P 1st 5s' 37	103¾	103¾
Union El L & P 5½s '54	108	106
Union Pacific 1st 4s '47	98¾	98¼
Union Pacific rfg 4s 2008	87¾	87¼
Union Pacific 4½s '67	88¼	87½
US Rubber Co 5s '47	44½	44¼
Utah Pow & Lt 5s '44	67½	67½
Util Pow & Lt 5s '58 ww	25¾	25
Util Pow & Lt 5½s '47	2	2
Vanadium 5s '41	46¼	46¼
Vertientes Sugar 7s '42	1⅞	1½
Virginia Ry 5s '62	91	91
Wabash RR 5s B '76	4¾	4
Wabash RR 5½s '75	8½	8½
Wabash RR 5s D '80	4¼	4¼
Walworth 5½s '53	24½	24
Warner Co 6s '44 ww	30½	30¼
Warner Quinlan 6s '39	19½	17¾
Western Electric 5s '44	99½	99½
Western Maryland 4s '52	55	55
Western Maryland 5½s '77	57½	56¾
Western NY & Pa 5s '37	101	101
Western Pacific 5s A '46	24½	24
Western Union R E 4½s '50	58¾	58¾
Western Union 6½s '36	71¾	71¾
Western Union 5s '60	55	55
Wheeling Steel 4½s B '53	53¼	53
Wis Cen gen 1st 4s '49	13	12
Youngstown Sheet 5s A '78	53¼	53
Youngstown Sheet 5s B '70	53¼	53¼

LIBERTY BONDS

	High	Low	Last	Dec22	Dec21
3½s '47	102.26	102.10	102.24	102.11	
1st 4¼s '47	102.4	102.2	102.3	102.4	
4th 4¼s '38	103.28	103.23	103.23	103.25	
US 3s '55	97.8	97.8	97.8	97.8	
US 3¼s '49	99.1	99.1	99.1	99.1	
US 3⅜s '43 Mar	101.26	101.26	101.26	101.22	
US 3⅜s '43 June	101.30	101.30	101.30	101.27	
US 3¾s '47	101.25	101.20	101.25	101.16	
US 3¾s '56	104.	103.30	104.	103.28	
US 4s '54	105.26	105.23	105.26	105.24	
US 4¼s '52	109.14	109.12	109.12	109.10	

FOREIGN BONDS

Abitibi P&P 5s '53	13	13
Alpine Mon Stl 7s '55	49½	49½
Argentine Gov 5½s '62	37	37
Argentine Gov 6s June '59	40¾	40¾
Argentine Gov 6s Oct '59	40½	40
Argentine Gov 6s May '60	40¼	40½
Argentine Gov 6s Sept '60	40	40
Argentine Gov 6s Oct '60	40	40
Argentine Gov 6s Feb '61	40¼	39½
Argentine Gov 6s May '61	40¼	40¼
Argentine Gov 6s '57 A	40½	40½
Argentine Gov 6s '58 B	41	41
Australia 4½s '56	69½	69½
Australia 5s '55	76½	74
Australia 5s '57	75	75
Austria (Gov) 7s '43	91	91
Austria Hydro 6½s	43½	43½
Austria (Lower) 7½s '50	49¾	49¾
Batvian Pet 4½s '42	94	93½
Belgium (King) 6s' 55	93¼	93¼
Belgium (King) 6½s '49	90	90
Belgium (King) 7s '55	103¼	103¼
Belgium (King) 7s '56	101½	101¾
Berlin (City) 6s '58	44	43½
Berlin (City) 6½s '50	47½	47½
Berlin Elec 4½s '51	63½	62
Berlin Elec 6½s' 59	58	58¼
Berlin Elec (City) 6½s '51	82½	82
Bogota (City) 8s '45	14¾	14¾
Bolivia (Rep) 7s '58	3½	3½
Bolivia (Rep) 8s '47	4	4
Bordeaux (City) 6s '34	104¾	104¾
Brasil 6½s '26-'57	16	16
Brasil 6½s '27-'57	15½	15½
Brasil (US) 8s '41	17½	17½
Breda (Ernesto) 7s '54 ww	62	62
Brisbane 6s '50	73	72
Brisbane 5s '57	64¾	64¾
Budapest (City) 6s '62	23½	23½
Buenos Aires 6s '61 (Prov)	18½	17
Buenos Aires (Prov) 6½s '61	17	17
Buenos Aires 6½s '58	38¼	32
Bulgaria 7s '67	18½	18½
Bulgaria 7½s '68	22½	22½
Caldas (Rep) 7½s '46	11¾	11½
Canada (Dom) 4s '60	85¾	85½
Canada (Dom) 5s '52	99½	98¾
Chile (Bank) 6s '61	8¾	8¾
Chile (Bank) 6½s '57	9½	9½
Chile (Bank) 6½s '61	13	12
Chile (Bank) 6½s	8¾	8¾
Chile (Rep) 6s '60	5	5
Chile (Rep) 6s Jan '61	5	5
Chile (Rep) 6s '61 Sept	5¼	5¼
Chile (Rep) 6s '63	5	5
Chilean Loan 7s '60	3¾	3¾
Cologne (City) 6½s '50	46¾	46¾
Colombia Gr Bk 6s '47	28	28
Colombia (Rep) 6s '61 Jan	29¼	29¼
Colombia (Rep) 6s '61 Oct	29½	29¼
Cordoba (City) 7s '57	24¾	24¾
Cordoba (Prov) 7s '63	22	22½
Costa Rica (Rep) 7s '51	17	17
Cundi (Rep) 6½s '48	10¾	10½
Czechoslovakia (Rep) 8s '51	83½	83½
Denmark (King) 4½s '62	72	72
Denmark (King) 6s '42	90¾	90¾
Deutsche Bk 6s otfs '32 sta	83¾	83¼
Duke Price Power 8s '66	44½	44½
Dutch El 4s 6s '63	90¾	90½
Fiat 7s '46 war	93¼	93½
Finland (Rep) 6s '45	68½	68½
Finland (Rep) 7s '56	41¾	41¾
Frankfest 6½s '53	119	119
French (Rep) 7s '49	138¾	136¾
French (Rep) 7½s '41	77½	77
German 7s '49	60¼	60¼
Germ Con Ag Bk 6s '50	61	61
Germ Con Ag Bk 6s Jnly '50	61½	61¼
Germ Con Ag Bk 6s Oct '50	83¼	81¾
Germ Con Ag Bk 7s '50	80½	80
Germ Con Agr 6½s '52 reis	40½	40¾
Germ Hi Pow 6½s '50	57	57
Germ Gen Elec 6s '48	43½	43
Germ Gen Elec 6½s '40	48½	47½
Germ Gov Int 6½s '45	86½	85¾
Good Hope L&Pw 7s '46	57¼	57
Greek 6s '68	16¾	16½
Hamburg 6s' 46	48¾	48¾
Harpen 6s '49 ww	65¼	64½
Helsingfors 6½s '60	49	49
Iseder Steel 6s '48	48¾	48
Italian Pub Util 7s '52	90	89
Italy (King) 7s '51	89	89
Jap (Con Pwr 6½s '50	33¾

CONNECTICUT

NEW HAVEN (Continued)

BULLARD'S
ELM ST. COR. ORANGE

Gifts of Furniture

Buy on our Christmas Club Plan

Mr. Donald W. Hall, one of our representatives, will be glad to help you at any time.

Ann Allen Gowns
26 Whitney Avenue
(New Haven, Conn.

NEW LONDON

The BOOKSHOP Inc.
MERIDIAN AND CHURCH ST.
CHRISTMAS CARDS *and* WRAPPINGS
Telephone 8802

NORWALK

MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

If the service you wish is not advertised in this issue of The Christian Science Monitor call 615-J where a bureau of local and national advertisers is maintained from 10 to 1 daily.

NORWALK SAVINGS SOCIETY
NORWALK, CONNECTICUT
A Mutual Savings Bank

FRANK LAUDER
Jeweler
98 Washington St. South Norwalk, Conn
Tel. 3201

Let us show you how we can save you money on AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE
Norwalk Agency, Inc.
74 WALL ST., NORWALK, CONNECTICUT

Quiet May Oil Burners
For Discriminating Buyers
THE MAY AUTOMATIC BURNER CO.
93 Wall St., Norwalk Phone 3030-W

What would Christmas be without Candy
HAROLD A. MEAD
DRUG STORE
FROST BUILDING, WEST AVENUE

ROGERS & STEVENS
Clothiers—Two Stores
Norwalk and South Norwalk

JOSEPH DAVIS
47-49 North Main St., South Norwalk
A STORE of QUALITY for MEN
PRICES MODERATE

STAMFORD

Monitor Advertising Information Bureau

If the service you wish is not advertised in this issue of The Christian Science Monitor call 3-7535 where a bureau of local and national advertisers is maintained from 10 to 3.
100 PROSPECT STREET

Only TWO More Days
to do that Necessary Christmas Shopping—
MILLER'S is Stamford's Store of Thousands of Good and Certain-to-Please Gifts!
THE C. O. MILLER CO.
BANK STREET STAMFORD, CONN.

If it is a gift for Dad or Son, Brother or Sweetheart *we have it*
FRANK MARTIN & SONS.

Everyone Appreciates FLOWERS
Especially at Christmas Time
LATHAM'S Inc.
163 BEDFORD ST., STAMFORD
We telegraph flowers the world over.
Member F. T. D.
Phone 4-2877

Phone 3-3245
THE
Marguerite Beauty Salon
Specializing in All Branches of Beauty Culture. Your Patronage Appreciated.
197 MAIN STREET STAMFORD, CONN
Under Management of M. C. Zeltner

DANIELS HOSIERY
Makes a Welcome Gift, Especially Our 64c and $1.00 Numbers.
PERRY SHOE SHOP
95 BEDFORD STREET

Better Baked Products
de BRUYCKER
BAKE SHOPS, Inc.
168 BEDFORD ST. 271 MAIN ST.

WATERBURY

Shop at This Store
For Gifts
Gifts Here for All Members of the Family
Useful Gifts—Practical Gifts
Ornamental Gifts
All priced to stretch your Christmas money to the utmost.
Grieve, Bisset & Holland
Incorporated
WATERBURY, CONN.

The Christmas Gift Ideal
CAPE COD SHIRTS
Made full and wide, fast colors, collar attached style.
$1.49
The MILLER & PECK CO.

MARYLAND

BALTIMORE

Phones: Belmont 8461; Chesapeake 9274
Kraft's Quality Market
Table Luxuries
3908-11 OLD YORK ROAD at 39th Street

CUMBERLAND

DREYER MARINELLO BEAUTY SHOP
All Branches of Beauty Culture Specializing in Permanent Waving
Phone 360 20 SOUTH LIBERTY ST.

NEW YORK

ALBANY

JOHN G. MYERS CO.
ALBANY, N. Y.
After-Christmas Clearance
Starts Tuesday Morning, Dec. 27
Women's Coats, Dresses
Millinery, Shoes and Accessories
At Special Clearance Prices
JOHN G. MYERS CO.
ALBANY, N. Y.

W. M. Whitney & Co.
ALBANY, N. Y.
Wish to Extend Season's Greetings to You—One and All
W. M. Whitney & Co.

Albany Hardware & Iron Co.
39-43 STATE STREET
Albany's Practical Gift Store
Hundreds of useful gifts may be chosen from our line of Electrical Appliances.
Mixmaster at $18.75
Toastmaster at $11.50
These gifts always find a welcome

BOYCE & MILWAIN
CHRISTMAS GIFTS

Pajamas	$1.50 up	*Neckwear*
Lounging Robes	5.00 up	*Slippers*
Lounge Suits	10.00 up	*Handkerchiefs*
Leather Jackets	5.95 up	*Gloves*
Sweaters	1.95 up	*Socks*
Shirts	1.45 up	*Garters*
Mufflers	1.00 up	*Suspenders*

66 and 68 STATE STREET

To Our Patrons The Season's Greetings
LEW ROSE
CLEANERS and DYERS
281 NEW SCOTLAND AVE.

The Van Heusen Charles Company
470 BROADWAY
"A Gift from Van Heusen's Means More"

Cantilever Shoe *for Men and Women*
65 COLUMBIA STREET

JOHN B. HAUF, Inc.
Furniture—Rugs
Wall Paper—Draperies
175-179 Central Ave., Albany, N. Y.

VAN DYK FOOD STORES
Food Specialists Since 1760
Beverages, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Extracts, Spices, Smoked Meats
87 No. Pearl St. 140 So. Pearl St.
167 Central Avenue

HARVEY'S GARAGE
251-259 HUDSON AVENUE
DE SOTO SALES—SERVICE
Storage—Washing—Lubrication
General Repairing

BINGHAMTON

CHRISTMAS GIFTS FOR EVERYBODY
This store is a veritable treasure house of practical, unique and useful gifts. Early buying will save later disappointments.
at McLEAN'S

O. W. Sears & Son, Inc.
19 CLINTON ST.
PITTSTON COAL
Phone 2-3487—2-3488

CHARLES V. SMITH
OFFICE *and* SOCIETY STATIONER
181 COURT STREET
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

I. MILLER
Beautiful Shoes and Hose
STETSON, BOSTONIAN, FLORSHEIM
PARLOR CITY SHOE CO.
40 COURT STREET

BRONXVILLE

WILLIAM
Hair Stylist
Kathleen Mary Quinlan's Facials and Cosmetics
71 PONDFIELD ROAD
Tel. Bronxville 2260-2261

BRONXVILLE (Continued)

Buy your Christmas Candy from our Drug Store, also Toilet and Household Necessities.

EDGAR S. BELLIS
Phone 1073 116 PONDFIELD ROAD

HENRY W. PLATE
ALL KINDS

349 East 149th St. New York City
Tel. Mott Haven 8145-1865
also Tel. Yonkers 4883

Fine China
Glassware
Gifts
Open Stock Dinnerware
The Lorham Shop
209 ORAMATAN AVE. MT. VERNON

WESTCHESTER FUEL COMPANY
Wood *Quality Coal* Coke
TUCKAHOE, N. Y. Tel. 1472-3

BUY YOUR
Westinghouse Appliances
from
CHAS. H. RYAN COMPANY
Plumbing, Heating and Electric Work
5 PARK PLACE Bronxville 3810

Genungs Little Shoppe
100 PONDFIELD ROAD
Blankets, Negligees, Slippers
Hats, Dresses, etc.

HOME MADE BAKING *at saving*

Come in and sample our products, gratis
Pondfield Bakery
77 PONDFIELD ROAD

D. STRUSS, Inc.
FANCY GROCERIES
DELICATESSEN
Fruit and Vegetables
Phones 5650-5651 56 Pondfield Road

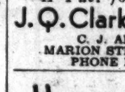
The NOSEGAY Inc.
Beautiful Flowers
Personal Attention
Reasonable Prices
65 PONDFIELD ROAD

BUFFALO

Anthracite
Bituminous
Fireplace Logs
Coke

A Fuel for Every Purpose
J. Q. Clarke Coal Co., Inc.
C. J. ARMITAGE, Mgr.
MARION STREET AT ELMWOOD
PHONE DELAWARE 3300

Herman Schmidt
Linens and Children's Wear
up to size 14
Quality to Unequaled Prices
501 MAIN STREET



Cone Cleaned
READING
Anthracite
Doner Hanna Semet-Solvay Coke
D. J. STICKNEY COAL CO.
161 PEARL STREET Cl. 6790

Tupper 1077 H. M. O'DONNELL, Prop.
Let's Start Over Again
1339 MAIN STREET
We handle high grade late model Used Cars exclusively

The Children's Shop
1537 HERTEL AVE. at Wellington Rd.
Children's Apparel for Holiday Gifts
Interesting Small Toys—
Christmas Cards

Central DRY CLEANING CO.
Grant 3365
159-167 WEST UTICA STREET
Modern Cold Storage Vaults
Telephones: Washington 7137 and 7138

NuBONE
CUSTOM MADE CORSETS!
The last word in slenderizing foundation garments. Exclusive Corsetiere home service. Call—
CRES. 7588-J

WIESE, *Florist*
Flowers for Everybody
F. T. D. MEMBER
206 Washington Market, Buffalo, N. Y.

Pressed-O-Cleaners
Pressing and Repairing
We Call and Deliver
VAL. FLAHERTY 283 W. FERRY STREET
Tel. Li-4570

VAN DYK FOOD STORES
Food Specialists Since 1760
Beverages, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Extracts, Spices, Smoked Meats
14 EAST CHIPPEWA STREET

SOUND AMPLIFIERS
Rented for All Occasions
Krome Radio Service
1678 MAIN LINCOLN 6827

MORRIS TURCHIN
144 EAST FERRY STREET
Complete Line of
DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE
RCA-VICTOR RADIO
Open Evenings Garfield 6003
Old gold in trade, or cash for it.

NEW YORK

CORTLAND

CHRISTMAS GIFTS *for* ALL *at*
Peck's Furniture House

CORTLAND 201
IF YOU WANT QUALITY ICE CREAM
MARIAN MARGARET'S
FAMOUS OLD FASHIONED ICE CREAMS
14 Flavors
3 HUNTINGTON ST., Cortland, N. Y.

Schrafft's Christmas Boxes
Boxes 49c to $5.00
GIFT BOXES OF FRUITS AND VEGETABLES
H. B. HUBBARD CO.

CORTLAND—HOMER

A TON OF COAL
Makes an Excellent
Christmas Gift
Phone Homer 143
MAXSON & STARIN

ELMIRA

Pay Cash—It Pays
TRY IT
WERDENBERG'S
Clothiers and Furnishers for Men and Boys
200 WEST WATER ST.

Mark Twain Candies
HOME MADE
MARK TWAIN HOTEL
RUTH KLINE BETTY BATES

ITHACA

For CHRISTMAS
Our freshly roasted nut meats in attractive boxes
LenRay Bakery and Delicatessen
218 W. STATE STREET Phone 9395

JAMESTOWN

FORMAL WEAR
Should Be Ready for Holidays!
You needn't hesitate to entrust us with your finest Evening Gown, Evening Wraps, Men's Tuxedos and Dress Coat. We give them a real craftsman's care, the kind of dry cleaning service you most appreciate.
PHONE 7976
LANDY BROTHERS
KNOW YOUR DRY CLEANER

"Greetings"
for a
Happy Christmas
MACOMBER & STUART, Inc.
MAIN AT SECOND Phone 4129

"Jamestown's Treasure House of Christmas Gifts"—Gifts that bring cheer for everyone in the home.
NELSON'S STORE
of SPECIALTY SHOPS
108-110 EAST 2ND ST. Phone 7157

CHRISTMAS GIFTS

will be greatly appreciated this year
Buy More Gifts
ABRAHAMSON-BIGELOW CO.
West Third Phone 4191

Watch, Clock and Jewelry Repairing
BASSETT, 302 Main St.
Phone 33-135 Jamestown, N. Y.

We Are Now Quoting Very Special Prices on Attractive
CHRISTMAS GIFTS
C. E. BRADLEY, Inc.
NEXT DOOR TO SHEA'S THEATRE

KENMORE

Patronize *Your* Community
Enjoy Good Milk and Better Service by Phoning Your Order to
JOHNSON'S INDEPENDENT DAIRY
208 MAYVILLE AVENUE Del. 7827

Kenmore Coal and Ice Co.
MOVING
16 Lincoln Blvd Ri. 1320

MONARCH *Food Products*
DELICATESSEN
WERNER'S MARKET
3145 DELAWARE AVENUE Riverside 2564

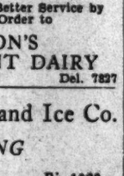
THE WIGGERY
EXPERT MANICURING
Edmond Process Permanent Waving
Hair Cutting *Marcelling*
Gladys Chandler 2852 Delaware Ave.
Ri. 2111

LARCHMONT

Use a Potted Christmas Tree
MIRIAM GRANT, *Florist*
Christmas Wreaths at 25c up
Also beautiful cut trees and greens
Poinsettias Ferns Begonias
96 WEAVER ST. Tel. Larchmont 81
Successor to George Grant

Long Island

BALDWIN

TEL. FREEPORT 4743
The Baldwin GIFT SHOP

100 MERRICK ROAD

ELMHURST

It's Good When It Comes From
EDINA BAKERY
BREADS—CAKES—PIES
9018 Corona Ave. Nev. 8-3513

FAR ROCKAWAY

SOS
Gas and Service Station
Cor. MOTT and CORNAGE AVENUE
Near Christian Science church
CAR WASHING BATTERY SERVICE
CARS OVERHAULED
Tel. Far Rockaway 7-8179

FAR ROCKAWAY Cedarhurst

FLOWERS and PLANTS
are the most universally welcome gift
DALSIMER
FAR ROCKAWAY CEDARHURST
English Holly
Christmas Trees and Wreaths
Mistletoe and Roping

FLUSHING

THE CHAMPION LAUNDRY
Family Laundry Services Exclusively
A Laundry of Distinction
Serving since 1885
Long Island phone..... Stillwell 4-8764
New York phone..... Columbus 5-8164

Christmas Gifts and Novelties
Infants' and Junior Wear
STERN'S
81 MAIN STREET

Distinctive Gifts
Drake's
Art in Flowers
40-09 150TH STREET
PHONE FLUSHING 9-1881
We Telegraph flowers.

GIFTS GALORE
Do Your Christmas Shopping at
THE boulevard shop
143-05 Northern Blvd., Flushing, N. Y.
Open Evenings Opp. Y. M. C. A.

Christmas Greetings From
JAY'S
Groceries, Vegetables, Dairy Products
12 MADISON AVENUE
Telephone for Free Delivery
Flushing 9-4843 or Flushing 9-4863

FOREST HILLS

MERLI:
Specializing in the proper fitting of Children's Good Shoes
72-17 AUSTIN STREET

FREEPORT

IRVING'S MEN'S SHOP
CLOTHIERS—HATTERS
HABERDASHERS
Tuxedos to Hire
Complete Line of Holiday Gifts
20 S. MAIN STREET Tel. Freeport 3371

TOYS
MILTON DANZIGER
Sporting Goods Shop
Tel. Freeport 4480 70 S. MAIN ST.

GREAT NECK

The Nassau Bootery
now presents a line of the beautiful *Matrix Shoes*
66 Middle Neck Rd.
Great Neck 2172
Matrix Shoes

HEMPSTEAD

Buy Her Accessories
and Be Practical Minded .....
In the business of "last minute" shopping, you'll find accessories the smart thing to buy and the smartest thing to give.

Handbags	$1.95
Pigskin Gloves	1.95
Sheer Hosiery, 3 pairs	2.25
Sterling Silver Jewelry	1.00
Evening Bags	2.95

Franklin Shops, Inc.
HEMPSTEAD, LONG ISLAND

for Men and Women
Red Cross Shoes
LARGE JUVENILE DEPT.
The New Shoe Store
Established 1916
33 MAIN STREET 90 SO. MAIN STREET
HEMPSTEAD FREEPORT
Exclusive but not expensive

MARTHE-ROBET SHOPS
Incorporated
SPORTSWEAR—FROCKS
DAYTIME DRESSES
EVENING GOWNS AND WRAPS
Complete Line of
HOSTESS AND LOUNGING PAJAMAS
for the Holidays
MARTHE-ROBET SHOPS
Incorporated
5 Main Street

TOYS *and* GIFTS
All standard make toys such as Buddy L, Keystone, Lionel, etc., in a wide variety. Waffle Irons, Toasters, Stainless Cutlery and Tools.
BLUMBERG'S
Housewares—Wall Paper—Linoleum
278 FRONT STREET HEMPSTEAD

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING
C. W. LOCKWOOD
JEWELER
DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY
SILVERWARE, CLOCKS
A small deposit will hold any article until called for.
33 MAIN ST. Ph. Hempstead 2996

HEMPSTEAD (Continued)

ARNELL'S
MEN'S SHOP, Inc.
STETSON HATS
STEIN-BLOCH CLOTHES
262 FULTON AVE. HEMPSTEAD, N. Y.

JACKSON HEIGHTS

THE CHAMPION LAUNDRY
Family Laundry Services Exclusively
A Laundry of Distinction
Serving since 1885
Long Island phone..... Stillwell 4-8764
New York phone..... Columbus 5-8164

Keffas Bros. Flowers
SAY MERRY CHRISTMAS WITH FLOWERS
40-15 82ND STREET HAV. 4-0422

Are Your Furs Ready for THE HOLIDAYS?
Bring in your fur coat and let us re-condition it. Fur and cloth coats made to your individual order by expert furrier and tailors. Quality and workmanship guaranteed.
FOX FUR SHOP
37-46 82d St., bet. Polk and Roosevelt Ave.

FRED G. KELLEY INC
MOVING, STORAGE WAREHOUSE
CRATING 37-60 81st St.
SHIPPING Hav. 9-5000
PACKING Sun. Hav. 9-4438

OXFORD MARKET
CHOICE MEATS
8018 Polk Avenue
Pom. 6-5069

Unique Gifts
For the Home
Lily J. Kroboth
Interior Decorator
37-50 82ND ST.

QUEEN'S TAVERN
DELICIOUS HOMECOOKED FOOD
Luncheon 50c Special Blue Plate Dinner 65c
Breads, Cakes, Pies Fresh Daily in our Bakery Department.
7911 ROOSEVELT AVE. Hav. 9-1036

NEW. 9-5804 40-12 82ND STREET
Near Subway Station
Stocker's
Chocolates and Candy Novelties for the Holidays
Ice Cream in Fancy Moulds to Order
Luncheons and Dinners for Busy Shoppers

A Gift Only You Can Give
Your PHOTOGRAPH
Pearl Art Studio
37-14 82ND STREET Pom. 6-0980

Phone NEWton 9-6975 Delivery Anywhere
PERFECTION
CLEANERS and DYERS
TAILORS and FURRIERS
40-20 82ND ST. *Near Subway Station*

IVORY SOAP
HABERMAN'S DAIRY and Groceries
82-12 Roosevelt Av
Hav. 4-8220

JAMAICA

VALENCIA BEAUTY SHOPPE
INC.
Corner 168th St. and Jamaica Avenue
Wish All Their Patrons Most Joyous Holiday Greetings

JOE. STEINMAN, Inc.
"A GOOD PLACE TO MEAT"
MEATS—PROVISIONS—POULTRY
Wholesale and Retail
170-09 Jamaica Ave. Tel.: Republic 9-5267
Republic 9-0219

JOHN BROS.
EXCLUSIVE FURRIERS
89-67 164 STREET, Jamaica, L. I.
Repairing and Remodeling. Coats Made to Order.

The Dinner Bell
89-15 163 ST., JAMAICA, N. Y. Rep. 9-3804
SPECIAL LUNCHEONS 35c and 50c
DINNERS DAILY 55c and 75c
SUNDAY AND HOLIDAY DINNERS 85c
Excellent facilities for Bridge Parties and Luncheons, at reasonable rates.

The Madison Dress Shoppe
DRESSES and COATS
of Dependable Quality
169-23 JAMAICA AVE. Tel. REpublic 9-7856

LYNBROOK

WHEN WINTER COMES!
Let Us Service Your Car
COMMUNITY FILLING STATION
WALTER G. KOSCH, *Prop.*
BROADWAY AND STAUDERMAN AVE.
LYNBROOK, N. Y.
Cars, Flats and Batteries Called For
Phone Lynbrook 3793

The Poplars
EXCELLENT HOME COOKING
TRY OUR SPECIAL 60c BLUE PLATE
FULL COURSE DINNER 85c
SPECIAL CHRISTMAS DINNER $1.00
Catering to Parties
CORNER B'WAY and UNION PLACE
Tel. Lynbrook 5011

QUEENS VILLAGE

Shoes for
Men, Women and Children
SOL ROSEMAN
315-19 JAMAICA AVENUE

Nathan's Delicatessen
Dairy and Groceries
OTTO STAHL PROVISIONS
219-25 Jamaica Ave., near Springfield Blvd.

Specialist in Corsetry
Queens Corset Shoppe

Queens Plaza Barber Shop and Beauty Parlor
Experts in all branches of Beauty Culture.
96-15 SPRINGFIELD BLVD.
MISSOURI 7-2171

NEW YORK

Long Island

QUEENS VILLAGE (Continued)

DIAMONDS, WATCHES and JEWELRY
Expert Repair Work
Tishman's
217-02 Jamaica Avenue
Queens Village, L. I.

RICHMOND HILL

Try Our Weekly Flower Delivery
Koopmanns
8140 LEFFERTS BOULEVARD
Opposite the Bank, Kew Gardens, L. I.
Telephone Virginia 7-5909

JEWELRY
E. D. RUMMEL
JEWELER—WATCHMAKER
116-19 Jamaica Ave., near 117th Street
Richmond Hill, N. Y.
Phone Richmond Hill 2-2283

Telephone Richmond Hill 2-0275
A. H. STROHSAHL
DELICATESSEN
Staple and Fancy Groceries
Fruits and Vegetables in Season
109-13 JAMAICA AVE. Near 109th St.

JOSEPHSON BROS.
TOYS—SPORTING GOODS
109-02 Jamaica Ave.
Phone Richmond Hill 2-4348

KNOX *Sparkling* GELATINE
Perron's Delicatessen
106-09 JAMAICA AVE. Phone Richmond Hill 2-4001

Plumbing and Heating
W. A. STILLWAGON
"The 20 Minute Plumber"
123-08 Jamaica Ave., Richmond Hill, N. Y.
Telephone Virginia 7-0862

SKLOW'S Pharmacy
CHRISTMAS GIFTS
119-05 Jamaica Ave.
Phone Richmond Hill 2-8079

FRANK GUTJAHR, Inc.
Quality Meats
115-19 Jamaica Ave., near 116th St.
Ph. Rich. Hill 2-4330, 4331 and 4332

RICHMOND HILL Cypress Hill

EMIL W. FABER
Dealer in
HIGH GRADE PRIME BEEF MEAT PRODUCTS
POULTRY and GAME
Orders called for and delivered
3409 FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN, N. Y.
Tel Applegate 3778

RICHMOND HILL—WOODHAVEN

Exclusive But Not Expensive
GELLER'S
Curtains—Linens—Spreads
Phone Virginia 7-10114
91-17 JAMAICA AVENUE
Tel. Virginia 7-8239

Manhattan Luggage Shop
Ladies' Hand Bags and Pocketbooks
Trunks, Suit Cases and Umbrellas
Brief Cases and Wallets
91-13 JAMAICA AVE.

ROCKVILLE CENTRE

MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU
If the service you wish is not advertised in this issue, call The Christian Science Monitor Advertising Information Bureau where a record of local and national advertisers is maintained.
Tel. Rockville Centre 1815 31 Yale Place
8 a. m. to 1 p. m. daily

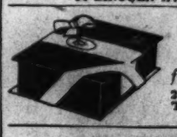
Herman Brown
MEN'S WEAR
a complete selection of useful
CHRISTMAS GIFTS
9 NO. PARK AVE. Tel. R. V. C. 2540

HOOVER Suction Sweeper
TWO MODELS
$59.50 $79.50
Authorized Service

HOBBY & BROWN, Inc.
55 FRONT STREET R. V. C. 2486

I. JASPIN
TOYS
LUGGAGE
203 Merrick Rd.
Tel. R. V. C. 30

TELEPHONE 3248 R. V. C.
KETCHAM LODGE
DINING ROOM
MRS. H. HOLMSTROM, Prop.
FROM A BITE TO A BANQUET
54 LINCOLN AVENUE



ECKHOFF'S
Candy for Christmas
38 N. PARK AVE.
Tel. R. V. C. 7727

TYDOL
GEORGE'S SERVICE STATION
SPECIALIZED LUBRICATION
STARTERS, GENERATORS and IGNITION
EXIDE BATTERY SERVICE
N. PARK AND GRAND AVE. Tel. 7949

Park Avenue Market
CHRISTMAS POULTRY
QUALITY MEATS
FANCY GROCERIES
7 S. Park Avenue
R. V. C. 7014

Georges
PASTRY SHOP
Home-Made Pumpkin Pies, Mince Pies, French Petit Fours, French Ice Cream.
ORDER EARLY
29 N. PARK AVENUE Tel. 3299

NEW YORK

Long Island

ROSLYN

OLD ORCHARD INN
ROSLYN, L. I. Telephone 663
Dinners Daily, Sundays, Holidays
75c, 85c and $1
Guest Rooms—Tourists

MAMARONECK

TELEPHONE MAMARONECK 2040
Member of the American Institute of Laundering
Mamaroneck Individual Laundry, Inc.
W. ROY HALSEY, *Manager*
MAMARONECK AVE. and NEW ST.
MAMARONECK, N. Y.

Corner of Palmer and Mamaroneck Aves.
SHEFFER'S
DRY GOODS
Telephone Mamaroneck 2070

75 FIRST STREET HARRISON, N. Y.
AUGUST STURM
Upholstering and Draperies
Work called for and delivered.
TELEPHONE PARK 3022-W

MOUNT VERNON

Complete Line of New Furniture at Warehouse Prices
Moving Packing Storage
27-33 S. 6th Ave.
Phone OAK 8802
CHELSEA
FIREPROOF STORAGE WAREHOUSES, Inc.

JONES DAIRY FARM SAUSAGE

Beautiful Fruit Baskets
Made Up to Order
From $3.50 up
TESORO BROS.
112 PROSPECT AVE. Oakwood 6261-80

Commercial and Social Stationer
Attractive prices on personal correspondence paper and envelopes
FRED C. ROSCHER
19 SOUTH FOURTH AVENUE

Mme. BLAND
Cloaks, Suits and Gowns
29 SOUTH FOURTH AVE.
Phone Oakwood 6573

Tels Oakwood 8631-8183, Fairbanks 6-8388
Bon Ton Dairy, Inc.
WHOLESALE and RETAIL
BUTTER : EGGS : CHEESE
Hotels and Restaurants Supplied
155 S. FOURTH AVENUE

The Edson Lewis Co.
Clothiers—Haberdashers for Men and Boys
21 FOURTH AVE., MT. VERNON, N. Y.

For Appointment Tel Oak 7154
45 PROSPECT AVE. MT. VERNON, N. Y.
Van Praag
"Specializing in Corset Fitting"
Fownes Gloves Gotham Gold Strips

NEWBURGH

HIGHLAND QUASSAICK NATIONAL BANK *and* TRUST COMPANY *of* NEWBURGH
20-22 WATER STREET
Total Resources over $13,000,000
"THE BANK OF SERVICE"
We invite your account

FOUNDED 1850
STERN'S
NEWBURGH, NEW YORK
For over seventy-five years an institution catering exclusively to the needs of women and children.
TRUSTWORTHY GOODS—JUSTLY PRICED
STERN'S

DUBOIS & FULLERTON
Auto Service Station
123-325 LIBERTY ST. Newburgh, N. Y.
Phone 760

HOSIERY LINGERIE GLOVES By VAN RAALTE
BAGS SWEATERS UMBRELLAS
MILLER HOSIERY
A SPECIALIZED SHOP
10 COLDEN STREET, NEWBURGH, N. Y.

The C. F. S. MILK Co., Inc.
HIGH GRADE MILK and CREAM
DAIRY PRODUCTS
77 West Street Tels. 1655-3042-1042-R

NEW ROCHELLE

B. CASPARIAN
Importers of Oriental Rugs
Expert Cleaning, repairing and Storing
Orientals and Domestics
671 NORTH AVENUE, NEW ROCHELLE
Tel. New Rochelle 5965—5966

For CHRISTMAS GIFTS
Perfumes Candy Cosmetics
MILLER-COUTANT'S Drug Store
540 MAIN STREET Tel. N. R. 7860
WE DELIVER

FOR
QUALITY JEWELRY
SHOP AT
I. KRIZITZIN
579 MAIN STREET

SEE NEXT PAGE

NEW YORK

NEW ROCHELLE (Continued)

Let the NEPTUNE STORAGE Help you
MOVING PACKING STORAGE
DAILY TRIPS TO—NEW YORK CITY
New Furniture at Warehouse Prices
Phone. New Rochelle 1300

Marie Stone
Gowns and Sport Wear
106 Center Ave. Tel. 6017

Ferguson's is a Christmas Store
New Rochelle 8400

HENRY
European Trained Hairdresser
463 Main St. Tel. N. R. 3552

"The Best of Everything to Build Your Home and Keep It Warm"
NEW ROCHELLE COAL & LUMBER CO.
"Founded on Integrity"
Phone New Rochelle 1000

I. B. COHEN
Features
HICKEY-FREEMAN CLOTHES
STETSON HATS
BOSTONIAN SHOES
507 Main Street

NEW YORK CITY

Borough of Manhattan and Bronx

IF IT'S RADIO
We Will Fix It
Jandorf Radio Service Co.
2525 BROADWAY
RIVERSIDE 9-4400 Near 95th St.
PROMPT AND EFFECTIVE SERVICE

STYLE PLUS QUALITY
Be well dressed at small cost
Our Dresses from $8.75 to $22.75
are real values
No Charge for Alterations
The Thrifty Woman Inc.
OLIVER CROMWELL HOTEL
12 WEST 72ND STREET Apt. 6-I
Endicott 2-3000

Panama CARBONS RIBBONS
THE CHOICE OF THOSE OF REFINED TASTES
Mutual Ribbon & Carbon Co.
140 CEDAR STREET

Floray Sweets
HOME MADE CANDIES
Shipped to all parts of the world
MISS WAGNER
1235 LEXINGTON AVE. Rhinelander 4-9094

Harlow 703 MADISON AVE.
Josephine Lowenbein, Manager
Smartly different. Conservative Prices.
GOWNS and MILLINERY

Boulevard Hand Laundry
We desire to serve you
Do good work—Please the critical
Prompt Call and Delivery
200 W. 69 St. Tel. Trafalgar 3470

ANNUITIES, LIFE
GENERAL
INSURANCE
ARTHUR H. COHEN
10 EAST 43RD ST. VAN. 5460

The Hegeman Transfer and Lighterage Terminal, Inc.
Daily Freight Service between New York City, Bridgeport, New Haven and Waterbury, Connecticut

Borough of Brooklyn

RIDGE CLOTHES
Stylish Clothes for Men
15.50—19.50—22.50
ALSO
COMPLETE LINE OF ODD TROUSERS
7102 FIFTH AVENUE
Cor. Ovington Ave. Ati. 5-7656

Give Him a Hat Order for
A MALLORY HAT
or Our Own Make
We also carry a complete line of GLOVES, MUFFLERS, TIES
MACK'S HATS
7906 FIFTH AVE. SHORE ROAD 8-9610
Under New Management

CHRISTMAS CARDS
WITH THE RIGHT SENTIMENT
Also Book Markers for Bible Lessons
ARCADE BOOK SHOP
1164 A FLATBUSH AVENUE
Near Dorchester Rd. Buckminster 3-0683
MAIL ORDERS FILLED

CHOICE MEATS
Poultry—Sea Food
Telephone orders carefully attended to.
BROOKLYN HEIGHTS MARKET
84 Montague St., near Hicks St. Main 4-0903

Watch for Our Weekly Specials
RIDGETOWN DAIRY
HIGH GRADE
DAIRY and GROCERY PRODUCTS
Telephone Orders Welcome
All Orders Promptly Delivered
409 86TH STREET Cloverdale 6-0027

Permanent Waving and Hair Goods by
Carlson & Carlson, Inc.
"A fine beauty shop"
284 Livingston St., nr. Bond St. Triangle 5-9700

Personal
CHRISTMAS CARDS
DARLING & GRIMLER
Booksellers and Stationers
769 FLATBUSH AVE., near Woodruff Ave.
Buckminster 3-4294

NEW YORK

Borough of Brooklyn (Continued)

HANDY FOR SHOPPERS
Dollys LUNCH DINNER AFTERNOON TEA
440 ALBEE SQUARE
Opposite the Front Entrance of Loesser's

Borough of Richmond

TOMPKINSVILLE
Lockwood Beauty Shoppe
Under management Pearl Leibig
$15 Permanent Wave $10
Special Monday to Thursday
Marcel or Finger Wave with Shampoo and Trim, $1.00
PHONE ST. GEORGE 7-4007
Tompkinsville, Staten Island, New York

PELHAM
ALL PROFESSIONAL MUSICIANS
Phone New Rochelle 1488
CARLTON CLUB ORCHESTRA
HENRY J. STAEHLE, Leader
334 PELHAM RD., NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.

PORT CHESTER
For His Christmas
ENGLISH WOOL TIES : MARK CROSS GLOVES : MANHATTAN SHIRTS : DANIEL GREEN SLIPPERS : RIDING HABITS
HICKOK BELTS AND SUSPENDERS
Store Open Every Evening Till Christmas
I. GOLDBERG, SON
29-31 MAIN ST PORT CHESTER, N.Y.

Wiener's Pure Food Market
HOLIDAY SEASON
TURKEYS, POULTRY, MEAT
HOLIDAY PRICES
Fresh Caught Sea Food
33 NORTH MAIN STREET

SQUARE STORE
We have now for your approval a most complete line of Ready-to-Wear for Men, Women, Children and Infants. See for yourself.
8 SOUTH MAIN STREET

POUGHKEEPSIE
Luckey, Platt & Co.
Wishes You a
Merry Christmas
and a
Happy New Year
As the year draws to a close, we look back over the past twelve months with a great deal of pleasure.
For your patronage we are deeply grateful, and we are pleased that we have had the opportunity to serve you.
As the new year approaches we look forward to a year of even greater cooperation, friendship, and service.
It is with deep sincerity that we wish you the greetings of the season.
Luckey, Platt & Co.

Your Holiday Cheer Will Be Increased
if your table needs are supplied by the
B & M PURE FOOD MARKET
14-16 CATHERINE STREET
PHONE 2569 FREE DELIVERY

The Artcraft Press
Book and Job Printing
PAUL R. HANKINSON, Manager
32 Barclay Street Phone 3876-J

Arthur C. Hankinson
ATLAS TIRES
COLONIAL GASOLINE
ESSO and ESSOLUBE
NORTH and TAYLOR AVES. Phone 6085

VANITIE BEAUTY SHOPPE
39 CANNON STREET Tel. 4913
Permanents from $5 to $10
Shampoo and Wave, $1.25 and $1.50
Regular Bob 50c
Free Parking to our customers in rear of our building.

MAJOR & KAY LAUNDRY
for Good Work
Phone 4501
14 Liberty St.

VAN DYK FOOD STORES
Food Specialists Since 1760
Beverages, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Extracts, Spices, Smoked Meats.
386 MAIN STREET

GEORGE B. WOOD Jr.
We Write All Lines of
INSURANCE
No. 2 CLINTON SQ. Phone 920

ROCHESTER
Monitor Advertising Information Bureau
If the advertisement for which you are looking is not in this issue, call The Christian Science Monitor Advertising Information Bureau, where a complete record of local and national advertisers is kept.
Telephone Monroe 823
56 CAMBRIDGE STREET
8-11 a. m. daily except Saturdays

We write all forms of monthly Income Contracts, Single Premium Annuities or deferred payment annuities and all forms of Life, Fire, Automobile and General Insurance.
Call Stone 78
George Dietrich Co., Inc.
418-422 GRANITE BUILDING

SPECIAL
FRIDAY and SATURDAY
Fresh Dressed TURKEYS
23c a lb.
ELDER'S
321 MONROE AVE. MONROE 1050

NEW YORK

ROCHESTER (Continued)

Walk-Over
SHOES for MEN and WOMEN
STYLE, FIT and SERVICE GUARANTEED
ONLY ONE STORE IN ROCHESTER
324 Main Street, East

Fire • Auto • Compensation
INSURANCE
in reliable non-assessment companies.
WELLINGTON POTTER, Inc.
insures anything insurable
526-528 GRANITE BUILDING
Stone 3951—7384

E. H. CLARK COAL CO.
INCORPORATED
"blue coal"
Try it today, you'll order it tomorrow
WE ASK YOUR PATRONAGE
MAIN 18

INSURE
WITH US and SAVE MONEY
E. S. Bohachek, Inc.
ROCHESTER THEATRE BUILDING

Geo. P. Hoffman Co.
Quality Coal and Coke
Service—Moving Vans
136 BROOKS AVE. Genesee 3367

FRANK K. YOUNG
342 Monroe Ave.—
COAL ~ COKE
Monroe 461

PROJANSKY CO.
Tailors-Furriers to Gentlewomen
39 EAST AVE. Stone 6223

HOUSE FOR RENT
58 Oakdale Drive (Bel-Air Tract); practically new house, vestibule entrance, large living room with fireplace, sun room, breakfast room, dining room and kitchen; 3 good-sized bedrooms; large lot, 2-car garage; $65 per month; open for inspection daily.
J. E. GOUTREMONT — REAL ESTATE

Stone 5505
Temple Barber Shop
405 Temple Building
Cor. Franklin and North Streets
FRED FRANK JACOB SCHULZ

MANICURING
RUTH I. FOX
1445 Lincoln Alliance Bank Bldg.
Sttone 4829

"Over a Century of Service"
LEARY'S
CLEANERS and DYERS
MAIN 2822

CHRISTMAS CANDIES
TOYS AND GIFTS
at attractive prices
Edith Ellis
38 EAST AVENUE

The Cornucopia, Inc.
Broad Street, Corner Fitzhugh
LUNCHEON and DINNER
Dinner 75c and $1.00

J. E. Thompson
Women's Wear of Smart Individuality
78 CLINTON AVENUE SOUTH
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

RYE
Fuel Oil
COAL CEMENT
Rye Coal & Supply Co.
Phone 1231 99 PURCHASE STREET

Theodore Fremd
RYE, N. Y.
MEAT and POULTRY
ALWAYS THE BEST
61 PURCHASE ST. Tel. 153-152

SCARSDALE
Blossom Knoll Nurseries
Cut Rate Greens
Christmas Trees—Wreaths
Centerpieces
Landscape Engineers and Contractors
CENTRAL AVENUE AND ARDSLEY ROAD
Phone: Scarsdale 2096

For INSURANCE
CONSULT
FRANZ SIGEL
Vice President and General Manager
Scarsdale Agency, Inc.
HARWOOD BUILDING Phone 2100

SCARSDALE CAKE SHOP
Fruit Cakes—Plum Puddings
Christmas Cookies
Home Made Breads
All baking done on premises.
Also home-made jams and jellies
90 Garth Rd., Scarsdale, N. Y. Phone: 4825

SCARSDALE—Hartsdale
F. H. ASSENBECK
Staple and Fancy Groceries
Choice Fresh Fruits and Vegetables.
MUELLER'S MACARONI PRODUCTS
Hartsdale, N. Y.
Phone: Scars. 2170-1-2

E. ROBISON, Inc.
Hardware—Fuel Oil
Garage
Hartsdale Road, Hartsdale, N. Y.
Telephone White Plains 8866

NEW YORK

SCARSDALE—Hartsdale (Continued)

Hartsdale Coal Company
COAL
OIL—WOOD
Phone Scarsdale 329

SCHENECTADY
FURNITURE
Rugs and Floor Coverings
Schenectady's Largest Linoleum Contractors. Estimates Readily Furnished
H. S. BARNEY CO.
"Schenectady's Greatest Store"

THE WALLACE STORE
Is filled with Newness and the most unusual Values we have ever known.
Come and SEE for Yourself!
THE WALLACE CO.
"ALWAYS RELIABLE"

PERSONAL CHRISTMAS CARDS
Sample Books Now On Display First Floor
UNION BOOK CO., Inc.
287 STATE STREET

Walk-Over Shoes
420 State Street

RINDFLEISCH
Cleaner and Dyer
116 JAY STREET Phone 4-3161

VAN DYK FOOD STORES
Food Specialists Since 1760
Beverages, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Extracts, Spices, Smoked Meats.
173 JAY STREET

SYRACUSE
'blue coal'
Niagara Hudson Coke
Vincett Coal Co.
115 E. GENESEE ST. Tel. 2-0163

THOMAS W. DIXSON
Attorney and Counsellor at Law
724 CHIMES BUILDING
SYRACUSE, N. Y.
GENERAL PRACTICE
Corporation Surrogate's Court and Real Estate Practice

Home Dairy Company
Home of Good Things to Eat
CAFETERIA BAKERY
118 South Salina Street

Carolyn M. Bicknell
BEAUTY SALON
Established 1910
22 years of service is your guarantee of superior work.
Special $5 Permanent
316 S. Warren St., Hotel Syracuse

GERE & STOHRER
Incorporated
GENERAL INSURANCE
320-322 Chimes Bldg. Tel. 2-1497

Downyflake Doughnuts
Famous From Coast to Coast
403 South Warren Stret

TROY
Dolls . . Toys . . Games
Juvenile Furniture
PLAYTIME SHOP
HARRY SIMMONDS, Inc.
TROY BRANCH, 219 RIVER STREET
OPPOSITE WOOLWORTH'S

Optical Goods for Christmas Presents
LIMERICK
286 RIVER STREET

UTICA
BREMER'S
FOR 51 YEARS
A Reliable Food Store
Delicious Baked Goods
Meats, Poultry, Fish
Groceries, Fruits and Vegetables
SENECA STREET Tel. 4-5137

"Known for Great Value-Giving"
Dresses, Coats and Millinery
Famous
Bleecker Street, Corner Charlotte

Buy
The Perfect Time Keeper
A GRUEN WATCH
AT
ROEDEL'S, Jewelers, Utica, N. Y.

Automobile Insurance
HUGH R. JONES COMPANY
JONES BUILDING Phone 4-5161

NEW YORK

UTICA (Continued)

Cedar Chests 20% Off
Genuine walnut veneer. The regular prices range from $10.95 to $37.50... but owing to a delay in their arrival for holiday selling, we have reduced all of them 20%. Surely an ideal gift for a woman or miss.
Cedar Chests—Third Floor
J. B. Wells & Son Co.
Utica, New York

The Fashion Center of Utica
D. PRICE & CO.
MODERN FASHIONS for MODERN WOMEN
Genesee at Devereaux

GENERAL ELECTRIC
RADIOS—REFRIGERATORS
WASHERS—APPLIANCES
One Stop and Your Shopping's Done
Your Friends Trade at
SCHWENDER'S
327 COLUMBIA ST. Tel. 30419

Practical Gifts
for Men and Women
Drastic reductions in every department, for cash only.
Henry Martin Company
UTICA, N.Y.

MEN'S CLOTHING
of Style, Fit and Quality
at the Greatest dollar-for-dollar values in Utica
KOENIG'S CLOTHES SHOP
Just Back of Grace Church, UTICA, N. Y.

BAKER
the Florist
Seasonable Flowers
Established 45 years
309 CORNELIA ST. Phones 4-3175

ACME COAL CO.
STANLEY THEATER BUILDING
Retailers of
ACME ANTHRACITE (Sand Flotation Cleaned Hard Coal)
NIAGARA HUDSON COKE
Tel. 2-2168 Modern Downtown Office

WATERTOWN
Gift Sale!
Kayser and Gotham
Silk Hose 75c pr.
The Gotham hose are the famous Gold Stripes, the Kayser stockings are all first quality, beautifully sheer and clear. All silk chiffon, service weight with lisle hem and foot.
NORTHERN NEW YORK'S LEADING STORE
EMPSALL'S

TRUE STEP
Shoes for Women
MacRAE & GRAPOTTE
In the Arcade

G. W. White & Son
Incorporated
"The Home of Good Lumber and Mill Work"
231 N. RUTLAND STREET

WHITE PLAINS
CORSETS FITTED
All necessary alterations made without extra charge. For your Holiday Shopping see our
BAGS - GLOVES - HOSIERY - LINGERIE
JEWELRY
ANN CORSET SHOPPE, Inc.
163 MAMARONECK AVE. Ph. W. P. 9575

L. A. Schulman Inc.
122 MAMARONECK AVENUE
GOWNS, DRESSES, COATS, WRAPS, MILLINERY; and a New Department featuring NEGLIGEES and LINGERIE priced $1.95 up.

CHOICE FLOWERS
Telegraphed to all parts of the world
WESTCHESTER FLORISTS INC.
154 Main St., White Plains, N. Y. Ph. 2222
Branches—New Rochelle, N. Y.
Mount Vernon, N. Y., Rye, N. Y.

YONKERS
HUDSON FUEL COMPANY
QUALITY and SERVICE
Since 1899 Phone Nep. 4900

Do your Christmas Shopping now
R. C. RICE
Hats and Men's Furnishings
Popular Price Merchandise
498 SO. BROADWAY Tel. Yonkers 6381

Bruning's Delicatessen
A Complete Line of IMPORTED MARZIPAN CANDY and LEBKUCHEN and other HOLIDAY SPECIALITIES
493 SO. BROADWAY Tel. Yonkers 423

VAN DYK FOOD STORES
Food Specialists Since 1760
Beverages, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Extracts, Spices, Smoked Meats.
5 PALISADE AVENUE

FLORSHEIM SHOES
with the new improved arch support
For Men and Women
PROPR-BILT Shoes for Children
EDWARD C. PAARFUS
2 MANOR HOUSE SQUARE
Open Friday, Saturday Evenings
Formerly with L. A. Guinaturo

DAILY FEATURES

All Nature

Purple Martin

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

THE purple martin is a swallow and is native to all of North America. Early in September, the martins migrate southward, the greater part of them spending the winter in or near Brazil. They are accidental in the British Isles.

The purple martin originally dwelt in hollow trees or in rock crevasses. In the early days of colonization in America, the Indians taught the settlers to place hollow gourds on poles to attract colonies of these birds. Since then civilization has brought about many changes, and martin quarters, like people's homes, differ widely. Some martins build nests of dry leaves, straw, string, grass stems, rags, etc., in grocery boxes, while others have luxurious apartment houses capable of holding 30 or 40 families, depending largely upon the means of their benefactors. Many southern families seem just as content in calabashes and gourds, hollowed out and placed near humble Negro cabins.

Until recent years, large numbers of martins found convenient protection in the eaves and sheltered parts of various public buildings, places which pigeons, sparrows, and starlings have appropriated. Martins are sociable birds and delight in colonial life.

From 3 to 6 creamy white eggs form the martin's clutch. These are never spotted.

Billions of mosquitoes and other biting insects are devoured by these birds each year. In orchard and garden the martins are invaluable in fighting pests, especially the curculio, one of the fruit grower's particular enemies. They protect the poultry in the barnyard from all invaders—let any hawk appear and the martin colony unites to drive it off.

The adult males have glossy dark blue bodies; the wings and tail are a sooty black. Females are duller with brownish throat and breast mottled with white. Friendly ways and cheerful notes make martins loved by all.

A Word a Day

Notes and Queries

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

Premises (C. H. R.)—*Prem'-is-ez* (each *e* short as in get, *i* short as in *it*).

Evil (Mrs. H. E. L., who says she has been hearing *e'-vil*)—The authority accepted by this newspaper indicates that the short *i* sound is elided, *e'-v'l*.

Issue (Mrs. H. E. L.)—*Ish'-u* (*i* short, *u* as in unite). Not *iss'-u* or *ih'-shoo*.

Lending library (Miss A. R.)—Yes, preferable to "loan library"—that is, unless the books deal with the subject of loans.

Aye (Miss A. R., who urges this department to repeat the pronunciation of this word in the familiar line, "Aye, darkling sense, arise, go hence!")—The publishers of Webster's support us in regarding this as an adverbial particle meaning "yes" or "yea." It is pronounced as long *i* to rime with *by*.

Adorable (Miss A. R., who asks if this word may be used when reverence is not implied)—No; avoid flippant uses of it in the sense of "chic," "charming," "fascinating," "captivating," "delightful," "very pleasant," etc.

Note: First choice in Webster's New International Dictionary is accepted as authority for pronunciation.—Ed.

The Christian Science Monitor's Quotation for Today

HE WHO sees without loving is only straining his eyes in the darkness.
—MAETERLINCK

In Lighter Vein

"Things That Money Cannot Buy"

From Mrs. B. D. (Horsham, Sussex, Eng.) comes word that she is still looking for:

A pick for the teeth of a saw.
A sharpener for the edge of an appetite.

G. H. A. (Los Angeles):
Rudders for pastorships.

W. C. F. (Greenville, N. H.):
A seat for the standing army.

L. . T. (Philadelphia):
Solace for a caned chair.

Mrs. T. N. K. and Mrs. M. M. P. (Hutchinson, Kan.):
Bleach for the blues.
Tacks for a carpet of grass.

J. G. A. (Cambridge, Mass.):
A pencil to draw conclusions.

E. F. H. (Minneapolis):
A plow for the background.
A stamp for the letter of the law.

M. J. P. (Boston):
A pump for an inkwell.

H. M. (St. Louis):
Stockings for the legs of a triangle.

J. W. (Marcy, N. Y.):
Drains for the Slough of Despond.
Card for the report of a rifle.

Miss E. B. (Wheeling, W. Va.):
Music for the popcorn ball.

Smith's Weekly, Sydney
The rumble seat fan goes horse riding.

Wonderful Pants

"These are wonderful trousers I am wearing."

"They look very ordinary."

"But the wool came from Australia, English merchants sold it to a Scotch factory, it was woven in Saxony, made into a suit in Berlin—"

"Nothing wonderful about that."

"No; the wonder is that so many people can get a living out of them when I have not yet paid for them."
—*Die Woche im Bild* (Olten, Switz.).

Bathers' Haven

Bather (to old Negro sitting on bank): "Sam, there are no sharks here, are there?"

Sam: "No, suh."

Bather: "Are you sure?"

Sam: "Yas, suh. De alligators done chased dem all away."—*American Boy.*

Did You Know That—

(Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor)

To stock the upper waters of the Nile, thousands of fish have been carried across the Sahara Desert in cooled railway tanks?

Because of mounting costs in living the French are becoming interested in the American chain-store method of distributing merchandise?

The rings of Saturn are composed of small solid bodies?

"I Record only the Sunny Hours"

Faith Mission

Alma Whitaker in the Los Angeles Times

Los Angeles

EVERYTHING about the Christ Faith Mission is a little incredible—but it works.

In a modern world obsessed with efficiency it has operated successfully for seven years on the sketchiest bookkeeping and no statistics.

Its very location, at 215 South Spring Street, reeks of incongruous drama. For that is the old Hoffman Café, scene of gay parties in pre-war days.

Today the front part of the building is devoted to missionary services, the walls covered with texts from the Scriptures. Balconies, alcoves and private dining rooms are filled with beds for destitute women and babies.

Mrs. Arglee Green, formerly a smart and successful dressmaker and milliner in New York, has dedicated herself to the rescue of the unfortunates of her sex. She founded the mission seven years ago. It has no endowments, no regular income, no contributions from Chest or county.

"But the Lord always provides if we have faith in Him," beams Mrs. Green.

Her faith obviously is justified, for she houses and feeds, comforts and encourages 75 women who otherwise would be shelterless.

Another curious anomaly is that, while organized charity disapproves her methods, because of her insistence that no registration is necessary, no questions be asked and no records be kept, relief agencies galore pass women along to her care for whom they can make no provision themselves.

"We never turn anyone away. Sometimes we all have to share our beds with sorrowing strangers, but we are glad to do it," says Mrs. Green.

"But it takes money to run a place like this. Where do you get it?" I asked.

Whereupon Mrs. Green recounted tales of answers to prayer through the years. She likewise told proudly how a Sundial story about her work in The Christian Science Monitor brought her donations from all over the country, and even as far afield as China and South America.

Many of her contributions come from former inmates now restored to self-supporting status. While I was interviewing her a young girl entered, kissed her, proclaimed that she now had a job, and donated $1 from her first week's pay.

There are almost no rules. No woman has to divulge anything about herself that she doesn't wish to. But one rule is sternly held to—all who can must attend the prayer services before breakfast, and they must make up their beds.

They are, however, free to go job hunting for the rest of the day.

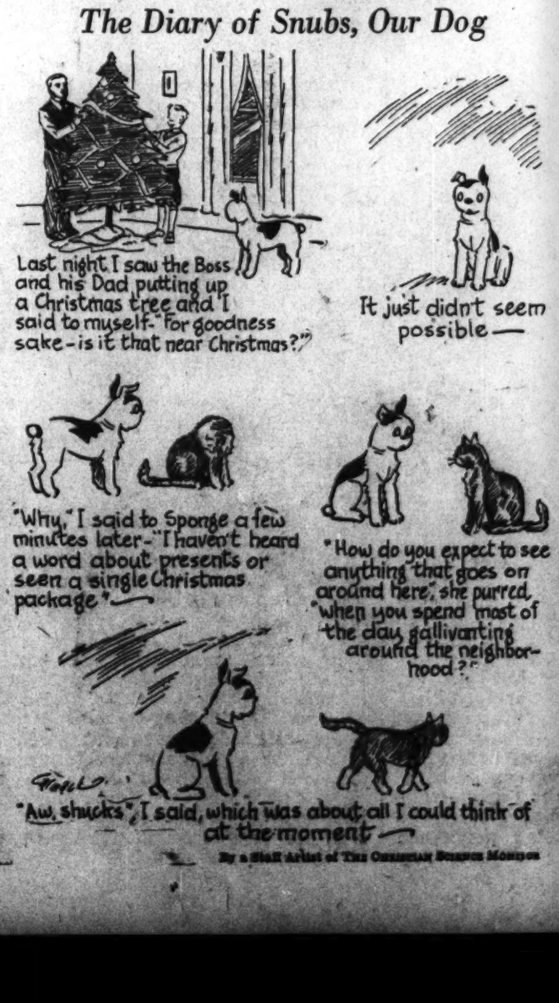
Sundial Notes

Good news from Brooklyn! Seven months ago a firm found it necessary to reduce salaries. The Sundial learns that this Christmas the employees are receiving checks for the total amount of the salary cuts.

Over in York, Penna., a prominent landlord is giving each unemployed family head occupying his properties a receipt in full for all back rent.

Down in Claremore, Okla., "wash day" is now "picnic day"—all because a neighbor bought an electric washing machine and suggested to a needy little woman that their laundry work might just as well be done together.

The Diary of Snubs, Our Dog


Last night I saw the Boss and his Dad putting up a Christmas tree and I said to myself- "for goodness sake-is it that near Christmas?"
It just didn't seem possible—
"Why," I said to Sponge a few minutes later- "I haven't heard a word about presents or seen a single Christmas package"—
"How do you expect to see anything that goes on around here," she purred, "when you spend most of the day gallivanting around the neighborhood?"
"Aw, shucks", I said, which was about all I could think of at the moment—

By a Staff Artist of The Christian Science Monitor

The Editor's Puzzle

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

36

It may as well as not be stated hear that the habit of some teachers to denounce the split infinitive, as well as the examples of some grammerians, are productive of ambigious and artificial writing. Whatever may be said for or against it, pro or con, it only takes common sense to handle it.

Edit this paragraph as you would like to see it in The Christian Science Monitor. Compare your efforts with a corrected copy which appears on another page (among the advertisements).

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BOSTON, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1932 — *"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear"* — PUBLISHED BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

Editorial Board of The Christian Science Monitor

The Editorial Board as constituted by The Christian Science Board of Directors for The Christian Science Monitor is composed of Mr. Willis J. Abbot, Contributing Editor; Mr. Albert Gilmore, member of the Board of Trustees of the Christian Science Publishing Society; Mr. Leland R Harrison, Manager of The Christian Science Publishing Society, and Mr Frank L. Perrin, Executive Editor. It is the duty of the Editorial Board to consider and determine all questions within the Editorial Department of The Christian Science Monitor, and also to carry out the stated policy of The Christian Science Board of Directors relative to the entire news and editorial content of the paper. Each member of said Editorial Board shall have equal responsibility.

All communications regarding the conduct of this newspaper, articles and illustrations for publication should be addressed to the Editorial Board of The Christian Science Monitor.

EDITORIALS

America Will Help

TOO much should not be made of the failure of President Hoover and President-Elect Roosevelt to agree on a technique for early reconsideration of the war debts. They are agreed that immediate review is needed. And they are supported by a basic desire among the people of the United States to lend a helpful hand in the three major enterprises by which the nations are seeking world rehabilitation: the disarmament conference, the approaching world economic conference, and negotiations for readjustment of intergovernmental debts.

President Hoover, in his latest message to Congress, proposed a commission to deal with all three questions in combination. Governor Roosevelt would prefer to handle each separately and through the regular channels of diplomacy.

Two quickly apparent advantages may be seen in the Hoover method:

1. A commission, particularly if established by Congress or containing members of Congress, would have certain advantages in obtaining legislative approval of any settlements made with the debtors.
2. Combined consideration of the problems might facilitate American use of debt concessions in exchange for trade concessions or more drastic disarmament.

Yet the plan has serious if less obvious disadvantages. A congressional commission or one which included members of Congress would mean partial surrender by the Executive of the direction of foreign affairs constitutionally reposed in the President. The very setting up of such an agency would entail just such explosive and hampering congressional discussion of debts as has recently afflicted the situation.

As for combined consideration of debts, disarmament and economic restoration, it must be recognized that the three questions are definitely linked. But to the layman a conglomerate of them appears too large an order for any commission or conference. Separate though possibly simultaneous treatment seems simpler.

There is the danger also under more formal procedure of starting negotiations—which in their first stages should be fact-finding and conciliatory—in a blinding glare of publicity. Conference after conference has proved the difficulty of agreement under such conditions.

Recent discussions of the debts have reaffirmed and crystallized divergent nationalistic viewpoints. They have focused attention on differences. What is needed now is real negotiation in which compromises can be devised. If the diplomats can quietly arrange agreements embodying mutual concessions, then attention can be focused on agreements rather than on differences.

Nor does it appear that the United States need be handicapped by separate consideration of debts, disarmament and economic recovery. Negotiations could be correlated. Bargaining could be maintained, although hopes of useful results from bargaining are not bright under any form of procedure. In any event, bargains need to be made diplomatically instead of through the newspapers.

Informality also has the advantage of facilitating coöperation between the outgoing and incoming administrations. Representatives of debtor countries could come to Washington and lay their cases fully before Secretaries Mills and Stimson. Any necessary expert advice could be called upon, as could the help of Democratic leaders in Congress. Such an arrangement would promote American appreciation of the debtors' position and of the need for coöperative effort to restore the prosperity and increase the security of every nation.

President Hoover's emphasis upon that urgency in his message to Congress could hardly have been stronger. Americans are beginning to recognize that, as he said, united effort is imperative if "we are to conquer the forces which today threaten the very foundations of civilization." And we may be sure America will find a way to help.

Martial Law in Buenos Aires

A LONG-EXPECTED revolution in Argentina has proved a "dud." Two former Presidents, Hipolito Irigoyen and Marcelo T. de Alvear, have been sent into exile, hundreds of radicals have been arrested, destructive devices and inflammatory literature are being gathered up by the police, and President Justo has proclaimed a state of siege or martial law in Buenos Aires.

Of all the revolutions which occurred in Latin America in 1930, that of Argentina developed the queerest twists. That is, it achieved its immediate objective, which appeared to be the elimination of President Irigoyen, but none of the other aims for which it was presumably fought. The victorious Conservative general, José Uriburi, interpreted the success of the revolution as a party victory despite the fact that the first general election in Buenos Aires soon after the revolution returned a large majority of Radicals, proving not only that the election was fair but that the Conservatives were not justified in seeking a partisan reward for ousting Señor Irigoyen. But as provisional President, General Uriburu chose a candidate from his own party for the Presidency and backed him with all his personal influence and what official aid he could muster. The result was the election of General Uriburu's choice, Gen. Agustin P. Justo.

The present plot appears to have had some support from Radicals and to be a belated effort to carry out the revolutionary plans which failed to materialize when President Justo was inaugurated. It is important, however, to understand fully what is meant by Radical in Argentina. The Radical party is neither red nor "radical" in the Marxian sense. Its "radicalism" is relative; it is extremely liberal, and "radical" only as compared with the reactionary, conservative parties and programs of the landed aristocrats of Argentina.

Economic ferment set the stage for the latest plot. While a group of farmers was preparing to move on the capital, seeking lower rents and taxes and cheaper credit, the Government was preparing to lighten its debt burdens by adjustments with foreign creditors which would not impair the nation's credit abroad. Argentina has faithfully met its debt obligations to date, but the strain is beginning to tell. Patriotic loans have been floated and heavily subscribed to, but none of the measures adopted by the Government thus far has satisfactorily met the situation. It is reported that Sir Otto Niemeyer is being called in for consultation on the fiscal and financial problems of the nation.

It is to be hoped that somehow peace and political stability can be maintained while the economic situation is being ironed out. It is difficult to understand the approval given to the plot by former Presidents Alvear and Irigoyen unless it be that the political situation is as bad as the economic. In either event, the backing given to the Government by business and other forces indicates that the terrorists' plans did not receive popular approval.

December Is a Merry Month

DECEMBER. The very heart of the word is a hiss, as of a cold wind. Poets have a name for the tendency of some words to imitate in sound the things they describe. Onomatopœia, they call it. But, of course, the word December was not meant to send shivers down one's back. As the first two syllables make clear, this was once the tenth month, and was named with no more thought of New England's white countryside than of the burgeoning gardens on the other side of the equator.

For that matter, see how a Californian responds when you talk about "bleak December." Or think how the thousands of English-speaking people scattered far and wide over the face of the Southern Hemisphere must adjust their own experiences to those which make up most of the December literature of their mother tongue.

Put yourself—in thought—under a shady tree. In the circle of shadow it is only 90 degrees Fahrenheit; in the sunshine beyond, the thermometer would run up to 100 or more. Now, with the book on your lap, a fan in one hand and a glass of ice-cold lemonade in the other, read on, and live the lines as you go:

> In a drear-nighted December,
> Too happy, happy brook,
> Thy bubblings ne'er remember
> Apollo's summer look;

or try Whittier's "Snowbound"—imagining all the while that the action takes place in July!

So, it becomes plain, the difficulties of December are not all rooted in the clinkered grates of country-house furnaces, nor in bursting water pipes, nor under the shingles when the snow begins to thaw. Ah, but neither are December's joys confined to tropic arbors. What other month brings such merry shouts as those heard at the first snowfall? What month ushers in such music as the jingling of sleigh bells? What other month makes home feel quite so snug or the road back so well worth the taking?

November may be drear in some parts of the world. Perhaps it is the same with May. But December is a merry month the world around.

The House Stein Song

THE House of Representatives has rested a foot on the brass rail and put in its order, "Beer!" But it will be some time even yet before the steins are filled. The maltsters and bartenders are willing enough—that was made quite clear in the hearings before the Ways and Means Committee—but there is the Senate yet to be heard from, and it will take the pounding of more fists on the bar than were counted Wednesday to drown out a presidential veto, to say nothing of an adverse ruling from the Supreme Court.

It is of little use to speculate on the Senate action, save to say that the division of opinion there is to a considerable extent uncertain. Of greater consequence than press statements of senators on the beer issue itself is the lack of interest, if not disapproval, that has greeted proposals of linking this measure in the same bill with the sales tax so as to make it more difficult for President Hoover to reject it. Such a move by modificationists would be both discreditable and an admission of having a weak case.

There is no question that President Hoover can take strong ground in refusing to sign a bill that undertakes to restore, legalize and tax the beer trade in advance of repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment. Notwithstanding the perfervid arguments which resounded in the House debate, it remains clear that any beverage which contains enough alcohol to be intoxicating would be in violation of that amendment and fairly clear that any liquor which does not violate the amendment will fail to satisfy the anticipations of brewers, drinkers and politicians.

For with all due respect to the erudite Representative who insisted that the food content of beer "is almost identical with that of milk," it is difficult to imagine so much impassioned oratory and political effort being evoked to lift a ban on even such tasty foodstuffs as creamed carrots or cottage cheese or chocolate pudding—particularly when the House allows this subject to take precedence over an examination of remedies for an economic situation that is all but prohibiting bread and butter to hundreds of thousands of worthy citizens.

Pursuing the milk simile, the Representative from New York declared, "The only thing you don't have in beer is fat." But in this he was too conservative, for he failed to claim for beer "that extra something" which no well-behaved glass of milk has yet disclosed—namely, the 3.2 per cent of alcohol by weight which the bill would permit. This is equivalent to 4 per cent or more by volume, the measurement hitherto used, and corresponds to the average alcoholic content of the beer that caused much of the trouble before national prohibition.

Discussion of the beer bill has done the service of bringing into the spotlight certain considerations which are important in relation to the repeal resolution pending before the Senate. One of these is the avidity of the brewers to get back into the manufacture and promotion of their product.

Taking advantage of the legal fiction by which the stuff would be called "non-intoxicating," they insisted that there be no restrictions on where or how it should be sold. Thus every soda fountain and grocery store could become a beer garden, and any enforcement officer knows how easily beer may be used to cover the sale of harder drinks. If there is any point to the beer bill, it is a warning to the American people to think twice before they repeal the Eighteenth Amendment.

The Pound Looks Up

FINANCIAL sharpshooters who speculated on the possibility that the pound would go down whether Britain paid its war debt installment or not have been discomfited. Their very action, of course, brought about the result they anticipated. It helped to depress sterling to its record low level of $3.14⅜, reached on November 28. But the knowledge that Britain would pay, and that, moreover, it would pay in gold, brought about a rise, which on Saturday had mounted to $3.31½.

It may seem peculiar to look upon sterling exchange in its present condition as a register of confidence in Britain. Sterling is off gold. It was demoted by the lack of confidence in it of foreign holders of British currency. They translated their pounds into other currencies. This caused such a drain of gold out of England that the British authorities on Sept. 21, 1931, refused to part with any more. Thus sterling, deprived of the support of gold, has ever since been priced in foreign currencies according to the supply and demand for it.

By December, however, the September deserters were buying back pounds. The reason was that Britain was behaving as if nothing was amiss. Whether the pound had a gold backing or not, it was British currency. That, with all the pride that the statement signified, appeared to be the prevailing attitude. Faith is far more precious than gold, and there was a demonstration of faith in those early "off-gold" days that was the occasion of many encomiums abroad. Foreign financiers were testifying to their admiration when they bought back pounds.

It would have been quite in accordance with theory if the British had individually started to hoard all the gold they could lay their hands on. And those who held gold should theoretically have hung on to it until they could see more clearly what was going to happen to sterling. What, in fact, did happen? In response to an official appeal, Britishers began to exchange their gold trinkets and coins for pounds, the metal being added to the Bank of England's depleted stock. According to the last report of the Royal Mint, nearly $70,000,000 has been realized in this way, the director saying, "The number of gold sovereigns still to be extracted from their hiding places is almost negligible."

So sterling, under the impetus of a foreign return investment in pounds, rose to the neighborhood of $3.60. Curiously enough, Britain resented this revival of foreign confidence in Britain. It made the pound go up. But what the British wanted was a stable pound. At least they did not want their currency to be the football of international speculation. An offsetting measure was therefore taken last April in the establishment of the Exchange Equalization Account. This was not intended rigidly to peg the exchange, but to iron out artificial influences. For about six months stability was achieved.

Then came the decline beginning in August. This was the result of one of those natural fluctuations which were to be allowed to operate without let or hindrance. It was evident that the strain on the pound was due to heavy seasonal purchases of American cotton, coupled with the abnormal demand for dollars for other purposes, such as for buying bonds and for paying off foreign holders of British domestic loans who did not assent to the recent conversion scheme. The speculators reserved their foray for the next abrupt movement beginning on November 10, the date of the first war debt note.

This flurry is now over. The extra supply of gold that Britain has been laboriously acquiring for the last twelve months has been wiped out. But British credit has received a compensating accession, and, judged from the statements in the House of Commons by Mr. Neville Chamberlain, this is all that mattered.

Editorial Notes

When King Alexander of Yugoslavia recently took a day off to observe his forty-fourth birthday, it was revealed that customarily he works in his office from 7:30 a. m. until 12:30, and again from 4 p. m. to 7 or 8 o'clock. When duties press, there seems to be no royal road to the early closed desk, not even for kings.

Making a solar system out of a black cotton umbrella and a few bits of chalk, as was done recently for the fifth annual Children's Science Fair in New York City, would seem to be a very appropriate diversion for a rainy day.

In compiling the annual set of New Year's resolutions, it is well to take an inventory for the purpose of ascertaining whether there are any unused ones left over from past years.

Jobless men in Chicago build and repair toys for needy children. Surely their kindness deserves at least as much publicity as the misdeeds of a few cheap gangsters.

A Workin' Christmas

THE owner of the Red and White Filling Station on Bayberry Road brought home, on Christmas Eve, the cheerful news that he was to spend the following day with his family—at home. "I've found a man who'll take my place at the station tomorrow," he said.

This, in one sense, was no surprise. It was easy to find men this year. So he explained, "I wanted to be sure I had the right one. He showed up this afternoon. A stranger; his name is Chris."

"How did you know he was the right one?" his wife asked.

"He said he'd work for nothing—not that I intend to let him. But his story runs like this. He's an experienced mechanic. His references are all right. He happens to be here alone looking for work, had to send his wife and children back to her family temporarily. He says this is the first Christmas he's spent away from them. He was invited to the home of a friend, but he refused. Has a notion that it will only add to his lonesomeness to pass the day in another man's home, with another man's children. 'Nothin' worse than sitting around in someone's parlor, doing nothin' on a holiday.' That was what he said. He wants a workin' Christmas."

"And you're giving it to him." His wife turned an approving smile. "That was good-hearted of you."

* * *

On holidays, Bayberry Road is more than ever a family thoroughfare. For then New Bainsville visits Old Bainsville and Old Bainsville visits New Bainsville. Parents are reunited to their grown-up sons and daughters; grandparents meet the third generation in periodical surprise. The trip is fraught with congenial expectations, and Bayberry Road is the necessary link in this affectionate turn of events.

The Red and White Filling Station, too, plays a part. For years it has served these jolly household processions, coming and going, and is known as a place where a car in any sort of trouble will receive a helping hand.

The first customer on Christmas Day was not a local commuter, as it happened. The car had come all the way from Minnesota, where the temperature was far below freezing.

The recently hired Chris, in a tightly buttoned leather jacket, examined the car tentatively.

"Come a long way just to spend Christmas with my folks," confided the customer. He seemed glad to talk to someone.

The mechanic, who had a slender face and blue eyes that seemed to light rather than rest on the one to whom he was speaking, listened and nodded courteously as he worked.

When he had gone, Chris went back into the station and turned on the radio. He rather missed the stranger.

* * *

The telephone rang. A woman's voice spoke. She spoke from her house, a short distance away. Her car wouldn't start. Would he come down? She was sorry to call him on a holiday.

Chris left in the Ford. He spent over an hour in the small garage, slowly thawing out the radiator and water pump, then coaxing a sputter from the motor. She had never imagined it would turn so cold over night. She needed the car to meet a friend at the station. Meantime she brought Chris hot cocoa as he worked.

"Are you a stranger here?" Suddenly a cataclysmic suspicion dawned in her eyes. "Where are you going to eat dinner? It's not much fun to eat Christmas dinner alone."

"No, it isn't." The mechanic's attention was drawn forcibly to her pronouncement. She seemed overwrought. "But I don't mind. Honestly."

"But," she was checked by his rapt absorption in his work. She watched him. "If you change your mind, just call me up, will you? An extra plate is no worry."

There were four children in the next car that stopped at the Red and White Filling Station. What they wanted was chiefly the privilege of coming inside for a moment to warm themselves.

"The car isn't heating so well today," said the woman who was with them. "And if you'd just let us stay long enough to warm our fingers and toes, we'd be thankful, I'm sure."

* * *

They sat in the small room around the stove. The woman had two small sons, a daughter—and Danny.

"Danny's a friend," she explained, after they'd all told their names. "His parents are away. So he's going with us to Grandfather's."

"Daddy's there, already," remarked one of the boys. "He's setting up the tree."

The mechanic's lips moved into a smile at the sound of the child's voice.

"I expect you're anxious to see it."

"*Are* we! There are going to be presents. Lots of 'em."

The little girl was trying to return the mechanic's smile. She was having a rare tilt with her own bashfulness. Finally her blue eyes were dashed with a sudden courage and she wriggled formidably into the conversation. "Have you got a Daddy?"

She spoke as to a contemporary. Chris looked almost young enough, now that his cap was off and his hair, youthfully brown and wavy, showed a shiny brow above slow, trusting eyes. "I *am* a Daddy," he said. "What do you think of that?"

"Where's your little girl?"

"She's out West. I'm going to see her in the spring."

"Have you got a boy, too?"

"Yes." The man turned smilingly to one of the brothers.

"Is he here?"

"No."

"Then—" the boy turned breathlessly to his mother—"he's an extra Daddy. Don't you know what I said! I said—"

"Yes, I remember." The woman turned to Chris. "He's trying to tell about his plan to have someone pretend to be Danny's father when the presents are given out. These children and all their little cousins receive the presents from their fathers, and they wanted to borrow someone just for the day, so Danny's Christmas would be like the others. They get notions," she added apologetically, "and think they're the most important things in the world. Well, Danny, are you warm enough now?"

Danny nodded, got up from his chair, stood before Chris. "Will you?" he demanded.

The man's face was a mobile blend of emotions. They came and went in serious playfulness, as if he had been one of the four watching children waiting for some question of his own to be answered. He took out his watch. Then he looked closely at Danny. "I'll be through here at seven. Will that do?"

"Whoopee!" A shrill voice applauded. Danny grinned. He nodded. Chris shook hands with him, and the woman wrote out an address. "Okay, sonny," said Chris. The boy was still looking at him.

The children and the woman departed and Chris put some fresh coal on the fire. The glow warmed his face, beat into his eyes with a steely quiver. "I wasn't going to," he said, "but the expression on that kid's face—"

Outside, a horn commanded. "Coming," he called, as he swung out of the door with a smile that was no effort. What a Christmas! Something doing every minute. It was all he had asked for. M. K.

Notes From Paris

Art Bows To Traffic

THE Seine and the City of Paris are soon to disappear, and Plenty and Industry with them. Unless something is done about it, they will be relegated shortly to the official storehouse for marble statuary, there to lie covered with dust, cobwebs and oblivion. The Seine and City of Paris in question sit in majestic decoration at one end of the Pont du Carrousel. Plenty and Industry rest as calmly pedestaled at the other, careless of the fact that they are really to blame for the whole trouble. A superabundance of automobiles proved too much for the bridge, built just 100 years ago when motorcars were still undreamed of, and the Municipal Council has ruled that it must come down to make way for a larger and stronger structure. From their elevated positions the figures look down on the Palais Mazarin, domicile of the Académie Française, France's forty "Immortals," on the Quai Voltaire, home and haunt of many of the leading literary figures of the last century, lined now as then with irresistibly picturesque bookstalls, and on the Ecole des Beaux Arts and the center of the artistic activity in the Latin Quarter. But the Parisian's sense of beauty is stronger than his sentimental memories, and there is little doubt that the four Dames du Pont du Carrousel are doomed to disappear.

* * *

Seeing Paris For One Cent

While the dwellers along the banks of the Seine regret the probable passing of one Paris landmark, the inhabitants of the loftier quarter of Montmartre are rejoicing at the preservation of another. The funicular railway, which for many decades has carried Parisians and tourists up the steep slope of the Butte Montmartre, was recently condemned and demolition of it had actually begun, when a sudden decision of the city authorities intervened to save it. Neither æsthetic considerations nor sentiment, but simple economy, was responsible for the reversal. The Municipal Council found it was cheaper to renovate the funicular than to replace it by an elevator or a rolling stairway. Accordingly, Paris's lone link with mountaineering will continue to function, but it will now be driven by electricity and no longer by the rather antiquated system of water counterweights. The increased cost of the new system will be met by a sharp increase in the fare—to 30 centimes, or a little over a cent! Probably nowhere in the world can so much be obtained at so small a price, for the view of Paris from Montmartre is magnificent.

* * *

Faery Façade à l'américaine

Credit is due the United States Government for completing a Paris picture which is not less strikingly beautiful than the view of the city from above. The façade of the new American Embassy at the corner of the Place de la Concorde has just been completed. This façade preserves unchanged the architectural unity of the buildings that line the Place. The effect, in the twilight of a winter evening when the absence of foliage reveals the perfect proportions of the whole vast square and when the soft rays of cleverly placed floodlights bring out the beauty of the Louis XV structures, is breath-taking. From across the Seine, one looks through a gray gauze of bare twigs and branches upon a scene of glowing loveliness. Gleaming silver-soft against the pale lavender mistiness of evening, two fountains of liquid light stir gracefully. Between them rises a tall straight shaft of granite luminousness. It is the Obelisk's seventy-five feet of solid height, hard enough and heavy enough to resist millenniums unmoved, but dissolved under the faery power of light into a faintly roseate beam of almost ethereal softness. Farther away, a long colonnade of molten silver with shadows of gently glowing gold, are the buildings of the Ministry of Marine and the Hôtel Crillon, while on the left of these the gray stone façade of the American Embassy building gleams quietly but effectively in the background.

Mirror of World Opinion

The opinions expressed in the quotations hereunder do not carry necessarily the indorsement of the Monitor.

Where Will the Insurgents Be?

REPUBLICAN insurgents in the United States Senate, that voluble and critical quartet composed of Norris, Johnson, Cutting and La Follette, may find time hanging heavy on their hands when the new Congress is assembled for business during the year ahead. . . .

These men held the balance of power for the past two years. . . . Democrats were willing to be entirely chummy with the insurgents because the party of the donkey needed their votes. It will be different when the new Congress assembles. . . . The Democrats have an easy majority, that is, if the leaders can hold all members in line. The votes of the insurgents will not be required and the quartet will not hold the balance of power.

Political observers at Washington incline to the view that some of the insurgents may find it easy to slide gracefully back into the Republican fold, although that is not easy to assume when all four are considered. Probably much will depend on the quality of leadership the Republicans supply when the defeated party rallies its forces and reforms its lines.—*Ohio State Journal* (Columbus, Ohio).

Inquiring Why Beer Hasn't Solved Others' Problems

WHY is Germany in trouble?
She has beer.
Why has England got in double?
She has beer.
Why is Belgium in distress?
Italy in such a mess?
Why grow pesos less and less,
Where there's beer!

I'd espouse that panacea,
Foamy beer,
I'd believe that there would be a heaven here,
Were there beer,—
But the grieving is the deepest
Where the stuff has been the cheapest!
Road to solvency seems steepest
Where there's beer!

—A. E., in a letter to the Columbus (Ohio) Citizen.